CALIFORNIA PRISONERS 1961 1962 1963

CALIFORNIA PRISONERS 1961, 1962 AND 1963

SUMMARY STATISTICS OF FELON PRISONERS AND PAROLEES

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS RESEARCH DIVISION ADMINISTRATIVE STATISTICS SECTION

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

Erratum: Page 125, Table 39B, Number of women, 1959, should read 689.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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as of December 31, 1963

CALIFORNIA PRISONERS

The publication of California Prisoners, presenting statistical data of felons under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections, has been issued since 1945. Most issues have compared a current year with the immediate past year or years. The first published report contained five-year data. This issue has data for each of three years due to the fact that increasing workload and shortage of professional staff have precluded an earlier completion of analyzing each year's data to provide for a yearly publication. The Research Division intends to resume publication on an annual basis commencing with the 1964 report.

The total population in the institutions of the Department of Corrections, including felons, Youth Authority wards, narcotic addicts received as civil commitments under Penal Code Chapter 11, and persons transferred from other agencies, is presented in the first chapter, but only the felony population and movement are analyzed in the remaining chapters.

This report has been approved by

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FOREWORD

About one out of every four persons convicted of felony crimes in California is sent for confinement and correction to an institution operated by the State Department of Corrections.

The men and women in State correctional institutions would popu-

late a city the size of Escondido, San Luis Obispo, or Lodi.

They are sent to prison from nearly every community and city in the State. Most of them have lived in California for at least a decade.

Some spend long terms in maximum custody. Others go to minimumsecurity facilities or to mountain conservation camps for comparatively brief periods of confinement. Sooner or later, nearly all return to their home communities.

Most of them, about 90 percent, leave prison as parolees returning to the community to complete their sentences under the supervision of parole agents.

As parolees, some make a quick and positive readjustment. Some face what is for them a trying period of reorientation to society. Some break parole rules or commit new crimes and soon return to prison.

All felons received by the Department of Corrections have at least one thing in common. They have been convicted of an offense against society. The Department also receives narcotic addicts for treatment under civil commitment procedures.

It is the job of the Department of Corrections to try to help these men and women change their attitudes and behavior patterns so they will not offend or use narcotics again. The Department also must provide firm control over inmates while they are in institutions, plus close parole supervision.

To meet this responsibility, there are now 12 major State correctional institutions, plus a special facility for the treatment of civilly committed narcotic addicts. Parole agents are located throughout the State to supervise and assist parolees and former addicts.

The program at each institution is geared to the needs of a particular type of offender — the repeater, the first termer, the young, the elderly, the violent, the mentally ill or the narcotic addict.

Because each institution fulfills a specialized mission, program emphasis varies from one facility to another. However, the basic correctional services are the same — industrial program to break idleness and teach work habits, vocational training to prepare men for gainful employment, individual and group counseling to stimulate

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self-understanding and control, academic instruction ranging from literacy classes to college correspondence courses, and diverse occupational therapy, physical fitness, religious, and recreation programs for all age groups.

The Department also is moving ahead with relatively new and promising community-based correctional services to help prevent crime and assist parolees and former addicts in the transition from prison to normal society.

These include community correctional centers, State and privately supported half-way houses, job placement services, parolee counseling, intensive parole agent casework.

One very encouraging development has been the formation in several California communities of parole advisory committees composed of local citizens who give assistance and encouragement to parolees.

Expansion of this type of citizen participation is vitally needed if California is to continue to make progress in the challenging effort to help offenders rebuild their lives.

This edition of California Prisoners presents a comprehensive statistical picture of the State's correctional and parole programs for the years 1961, 1962 and 1963.

Such reports have been published since 1945. The statistical tables and text cover a variety of administrative measurements. They are the product of a still improving system of statistical record keeping and reporting.

We must continue to refine and expand this system in order to better measure the results of our work and to develop more effective methods for the control and rehabilitation of offenders.

> WALTER DUNBAR Director of Corrections

March 31, 1965

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CALIFORNIA PRISONERS 1961, 1962 AND 1963

SUMMARY

INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT

The California Department of Corrections institution population increased 4,473 from 1960 to 1963. The institution population on December 31, 1963, was 26,133, an increase of 85 percent since 1953. By the end of 1963 there were 150.5 institution inmates for every 100,000 persons in the California population.

FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

Male felons were newly received from court at the rate of 28.5 men per 100,000 State population in 1962 and 1963. This was a decrease from the rate of 35.5 in 1961. The rates for women were 2.3 per 100,000 State population in 1961, 1.7 in 1962, and 1.5 in 1963.

Offense

Burglary had the highest commitment rate of male felons received in prison in 1961, 1962 and 1963. More women were committed to prison for forgery and check offenses than for any other offenses, yet this commitment rate was less than 1 (0.9) per 100,000 State population.

County or Area of Commitment

More men were received from Southern California, especially from Los Angeles County, than from any other region. However, other counties or areas had a higher rate of commitment per county or area population.

Age at Admission

Younger male felons were received during 1961, 1962 and 1963, than during the previous three years. The median age of men received decreased each successive year. The median age of women admitted to the Department of Corrections increased each year, 29.9 years in 1961, 31.3 years in 1962, and 31.9 years in 1963.

Prior Commitment Record

Fifty-three percent of the male felons newly received from court had served one or more jail or juvenile sentence prior to admission to prison in 1963. Of the women admitted in 1963, 40.9 percent had no prior commitment record, and 47.2 percent had served a prior jail or juvenile sentence.

Prior California Prison Record

Of the male felons newly received from court in 1963, 14.1 percent had served a previous California prison sentence. Only 4.6 percent of the women felons admitted in 1963 had prior California prison experience.

Time in State Before Offense

Approximately two-thirds of all male felons and approximately three-quarters of all women felons received in prison during the past three years had resided in California ten years or longer.

Educational Achievement

In 1961 through 1963 median grade achievement was at the 8th grade level for men. This has been consistent since 1958. Median grade achievement level was at the 7th grade level for the prior 8 years, 1950 through 1957.

Narcotic Addict Record

Onc-fourth of the male felons received in 1961, 1962 and 1963 were narcotic addicts or marijuana or dangerous drug users. The percentage of women felons received from court who were narcotic addicts decreased from 25.5 percent in 1961 to 15.0 percent in 1963.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION IN PRISON

The adult felon prison population was 22,936 on December 31, 1963. Characteristics of inmates in prison differ from the characteristics of persons at time of admission. Persons committed for the more serious felony offenses serve longer sentences in prison than those committed for a less serious felony. This differential amount of time in prison alters the percentage distribution of the characteristics of the men and women felons in prison from those at time of admission.

Offense

Robbery accounted for the highest percentage of male felons in prison. Burglary ranked second, and narcotic offenders ranked third on December 31, 1963. The highest percentage of women felons in prison belonged to the forgery and check offenders group.

Age

The median age of men in prison decreased slightly from 32.1 years in 1953, to 31.9 years in 1958 through 1961, increased by one year in 1962, and decreased nearly one-half year in 1963. The median age of women in prison increased three years during the past ten years.

Prior Commitment Record

Slightly less than one-half of the male felons in prison served one or more prison terms prior to the present incarceration. Thirty-one percent of the women in prison on December 31, 1963, served prison sentences prior to that commitment.

Status With Reference to Parole

The percent of male and women felons in prison who had never been paroled since commitment decreased during the years 1961 through 1963, from 72.0 to 66.2 percent for male felons, and 74.3 percent to 60.7 percent for women felons.

FELON INMATES RELEASED

Over 98 percent of all felons committed to the Department of Corrections were eventually returned to free society. Over 88 percent of the male felons released in 1963 were released to parole supervision. Only 10 percent were discharged at expiration of sentence. Ninety-seven percent of the women released during the combined five years 1959–1963, were paroled.

Parole

More felons were paroled in 1962 than ever before in the history of California. This was true for both the men and women felons. The median time served by male felons before first parole has varied from a high of 30 months to a low of 24 months over the past 14 years, and was 30 months in 1963. Women felons served a median time of 15 months in 1963, less time in prison before parole than ever before in the history of this State since time served data have been compiled.

Discharge From Prison at Expiration of Sentence

The number of adult male felons discharged from prison at expiration of sentence decreased from 750 in 1960, to 655 in 1963. Men who served their entire sentence in prison without being paroled spent a median of 21 months in prison before discharge in 1963. Male felons discharged after return from parole with a new commitment served a median time of 31 months in prison before discharge in 1963. This was the least median time served by this class of felons in the history of the State. Those discharged after return from parole without a new commitment served 14 months median time before discharge in 1963.

FELON PAROLE POPULATION AND MOVEMENT

Active parole population from California prisons numbered 11,502 felons on December 31, 1963. Of these, 10,332 were men and 1,170 were women. Comparing 1963 with 1960, fewer male felons were placed on parole, more men were discharged from parole, and more deaths occurred. At the same time, more men were suspended from active parole and more men were reinstated to active parole. The number of women under parole supervision increased by 47 percent, from 798 women at the beginning of 1961, to 1,170 women at the end of 1963.

CHARACTERISTICS OF FELONS ON PAROLE

The California male parole population increased 53 percent, from 6,765 men on parole in 1958 to 10,332 men on December 31, 1963.

During the same period, the number of women on active parole increased 81 percent, from 645 women in 1958 to 1,170 women on December 31, 1963.

Offense

Male felons convicted of narcotic offenses accounted for the largest percentage of men on parole on December 31, 1963. This offense group moved from fourth largest in 1958, while robbery which had ranked first percentage-wise in 1958, 1960 and 1961, dropped to third place in 1963. Slightly under 40 percent of the women felon parole population on December 31, 1963, were forgery and check offenders, and this group has ranked first in the percentage distribution of offenses since 1952.

Number of Times on Parole

Most of the men (77.9 percent) on active parole in 1963 were serving their first parole under their present convictions. This reflects a decreasing trend since 1958. Approximately three-fourths of the women felon parole population were first parolees on December 31, 1963.

FELONS DISCHARGED FROM PAROLE

A total of 2,390 persons, 2,213 male felons and 177 women felons, were discharged from parole in 1963. The 1,883 male felons discharged from first parole in 1963 served a median time of 24 months on parole before discharge. This median has been the same since 1957, except for 1962. The women discharged from first parole in 1963 served a median time of 35 months before discharge.

Offense

Persons serving life sentences can never be discharged unless the sentence is commuted by the Governor. Of those eligible for discharge male felons convicted of murder second degree served the greatest length of time in prison before parole and on parole before discharge of any of the offense groups under the indeterminate sentence law. Those convicted of lewd acts with child ranked second. Manslaughter and robbery ranked third highest in time served.

Time Served in Prison and on Parole

Men discharged in 1963 from first parole, served a median time of 24 months in prison before parole and a median of 24 months on parole before discharge. The median time served by women felons discharged from first parole decreased during the period 1950 through 1963 with respect to the time required in prison before parole, but increased in the time required on parole before discharge.

INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT

The California Legislature established the California Rehabilitation Center in the Department of Corrections in 1961. This Rehabilitation Center is for the compulsory in-patient treatment of persons addicted to narcotics or who are in imminent danger of becoming addicted. These addicts are civilly committed to the Department of Corrections under Penal Code Chapter 11.

Statistical data on these civilly committed narcotic addicts are included in this chapter on Institution Population and Movement, but are excluded from the remainder of this book. Changes in the population in the California Department of Corrections from 1930 through 1963 are compared in Table 1. The trends and changes in the felony population as explained in the remaining chapters of this book can be

compared with data in previous issues of California Prisoners.

Institution population in the California Department of Corrections increased 4,473 inmates, or 20.7 percent, from 1960 through 1963. Institution population was 26,133 inmates on the last day of 1963. This was an increase of 2,101 inmates, or 8.7 percent, during 1963. Institution population by December 31, 1963, had increased 85 percent since 1953. The institution population includes felons, Youth Authority wards, narcotic addicts received as civil commitments under Penal Code Chapter 11, and persons transferred from other agencies.

For every 100,000 persons in California on December 31, 1963, there were 150.5 inmates in the Department of Corrections facilities. This rate, based on State population, was greater than any other December 31 rate listed in Table 1. The growth in the State population and in the Department of Corrections institution population from 1930 through 1963 and the expected future populations through 1970 are portraved in Chart I.

The inmates in the Department of Corrections facilities are classified into four categories. These are, first, male and women felons; second, men and women civilly committed to the Department under Penal Code Chapter 11, as narcotic addicts; third, Youth Authority wards; and fourth, other men and women.

The total institution population was distributed among eleven major institutions on December 31, 1963, Table 2. The activation of three new institutions and a satellite facility in the past years eased, but did not eliminate the overcrowded conditions existing in the Department of Corrections facilities. The East Facility in the California Mens Colony opened on April 3, 1961, and added another 1,200 bed installation to the Department of Corrections institutions. The California Rehabilitation Center at Corona was opened for felon workcrews on April 16, 1962, and for narcotic addicts civilly committed

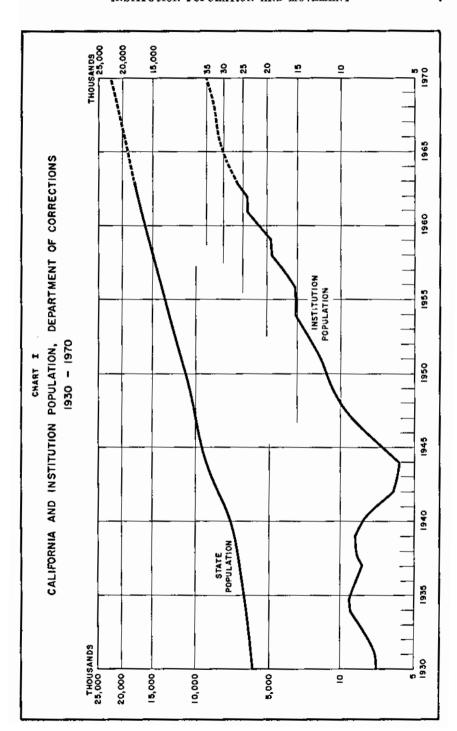
TABLE 1
INSTITUTION POPULATION, RATE PER CALIFORNIA POPULATION
AND ANNUAL CHANGE IN INSTITUTION POPULATION
December 31, 1930, through 1963

December 31	Institution population	Rate of institution population per 100,000	Annual in institution	
		state population*	Number	Percent
1930	7,071	122.6		
931	7.118	121.5	47	0.7
932	7.515	126.8	397	5.6
933	8,333	138.6	818	10.9
934	9,042	147.8	709	8.5
935	9,156	146.3	114	1.3
936	8,586	133.4	- 570	-6.2
937	8,108	123.0	-478	-5.6
938	8,611	128.1	503	6.2
1939	8,715	126.9	104	1,2
1940	8,180	115.3	535	-6.1
941	7,203	96.2	- 977	-11.9
942	6.049	74.5	1,154	-16.0
1943	5,729	65.7	-320	-5.3
944	5,710	62.4	-19	-0.3
945	6,628	70.1	918	16.1
946	7,839	80.8	1,211	18.3
947	9,036	90.8	1,197	15.3
948	10,084	98.9	1,049	11.6
949	10,889	103.8	815	8.1
950	11,598	106.5	699	6.4
951	11,939	104.9	341	2.9
952	13,169	110.9	1,230	10.3
953	14,149	114.9	980	7.4
954	15,376	120.5	1,227	8.7
955	15,230	114.6	-146	-0.9
956	15,532	111.9	302	2.0
957	16,918	117.0	1,386	8.9
958	19,202	127.9	2,284	13.5
959	19,299	123.9	97	0.5
960	21,660	134.1	2,361	12.2
961	23,927	142.6	2,267	10.5
962	24,032	138.2	105	0.4
963	26,133	145.4	2,101	8.7

Estimates of state population from State Department of Finance, Financial and Population Research Section publication, "California's Population in 1963."

on January 7, 1963. The California Conservation Center opened at Susanville February 5, 1963 and the Southern Conservation Center opened July 1, 1963 at Chino.

A total of 2,315 male felons were engaged in camp work in thirtytwo locations on December 31, 1963. The Department of Corrections operates the conservation program in conjunction with the California Department of Conservation and the California Department of Public Works. The male felons working in forestry camps and road camps, located in the remote areas of this State, were under the jurisdiction



of five prisons: California Conservation Center, California Mens Colony, Correctional Training Facility, San Quentin Prison, and Southern Conservation Center. These institutions are responsible for the custody and training of inmates employed in conservation work. Of the male felon population, 10.4 percent were engaged in conservation occupations. The camp population is included in the institution counts shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2
POPULATION OF CALIFORNIA INSTITUTIONS
December 31, 1961, 1962 and 1963

	19	61	19	62	19	6 3
Institution	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	23,927	100.0	24,032	100.0	26,133	100.0
California Conservation Center*	l - <i>.</i>		i	l	1,515	5.8
California Institution for Ment	2,703	11.3	2,705	11.3	2,762	10.6
California Medical Facility	2,218	9.3	2,060	8.6	2,150	8.2
California Mens Colony	2,929	12.2	3,709	15.4	3,801	14.5
California Rehabilitation Center†‡	688	2.9	1,572	6.5	1,356	5.2
Correctional Training Facility	3,894	16.3	3,713	15.4	3,682	14.1
Deuel Vocational Institution.	1,727	7.2	1,610	6.7	1,745	6.7
Folsom Prison	3,418	14.8	3,233	13.5	2,525	9.7
San Quentin Prison	5.481	22.9	4,534	18.9	4,953	18.9
Southern Conservation Center†					937	3.6
California Institution for Women !	869	3.6	896	3.7	707	2.7

California Conservation Center opened 2-5-63 and camps transferred from Folsom to this center 7-1-63.
 Southern Conservation Center opened 7-1-63. Camps were transferred from California Institution for Men on that date. The institution at Tehachapi was transferred from jurisdiction of California Institution for Men to California Rehabilitation Center on 9-15-61 and returned to California Institution for Men on 7-1-63.

Culifornia Rehabilitation Center established in 1961 by legislative action. Civilly committed women narcotic addicts transferred from California Institution for Women to California Rehabilitation Center, Corona, 9-23-66.

Male felons and women felons committed by California Superior Courts constitute the principal category of persons under the Department of Corrections jurisdiction. There were 22,204 male felons and 666 women felons in prison on December 31, 1963, excluding 66 parolees housed in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Units.

The Department had 1,149 men and 156 women in the California Rehabilitation Program on December 31, 1963.

The male Youth Authority wards who have been committed to the Youth Authority and placed by that Authority with the Department of Corrections are generally housed at the Deuel Vocational Institution, the Correctional Training Facility, or the California Medical Facility. The women wards are in the California Institution for Women.

On December 31, 1961, there were 1,640 Youth Authority men and 17 Youth Authority women under the care of the Department of Corrections. This count had decreased to 1,526 Youth Authority men and increased to 19 Youth Authority women on December 31, 1963.

Several smaller categories of persons under the care of the Department of Corrections on December 31, 1963, included: 204 mentally disordered sex offender men, 65 men and 2 women county cases for diagnostic study, 19 men and 2 women recalcitrant tuberculars, 9 male felons from other states, 4 women federal prisoners and 1 man from Department of Mental Hygiene.

The population in institutions at any one time is dependent upon the movement of men and women into and out of the Department of Corrections. Table 3, Institution Population and Movement, consists of three parts, one for each year included in this report. The institution population was greater as of December 31, 1963 than in any previous year. The two principal kinds of intake are inmates newly received from court and persons returned from parole or outpatient status. The two principal methods of release are by direct discharge from the institutions at expiration of sentence, and by parole or outpatient status. For complete detailed movements of all types of populations, see Appendix I.

The total institution population increased by 2,267 inmates from December 31, 1960 to December 31, 1961, 105 inmates during 1962, and 2,101 inmates during 1963. This increase from December 31, 1960 to December 31, 1963, consisted of 3,083 adult male felons, 1,305 men and women narcotic addicts in the California Rehabilitation Center, and 244 in other population categories. Associated with this increase was a decrease of 155 adult women felons and 4 Youth Authority wards.

The 6,533 persons newly received from court in 1963 represented the greatest number ever received during one calendar year in the history of this State. The 6,533 persons consisted of 5,289 felons and 1,244 narcotic addicts civilly committed under Penal Code Chapter 11. Considering felons only, 6,377 were placed on parole, 661 were discharged from prison at expiration of sentence, and one man was executed during 1963.

Statistical information on persons committed to the California Rehabilitation Center Program are excluded from the remaining chapters of this report. This book deals principally with felons committed to prison.

TABLE 3—1961 INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT 1961

				UML		.,.,.		,	0112									
	:	Othert		12	89	43	1 :	11	ł	12 4 R	81	ı	1	ŧΙ	1	1	11	ì
			NTCO*	64	7	;	٠ ;	- 1	;	111	1 4	-	1	¦ 4	ľ	*	: 1	;
	Жошев	Adult folons	Insti- tutions	815	599	372	212	131	29	2::	612	10	4.4	558	385	176	:	;
			Total	817	909	372	51	138	87	S : :	616	10	-# હ	292	382	28g	;	;
	 	Total		628	674	414	158	138	23	57.4 4.8	634	10	41 6	562	382	18G 78	:	
		Other		1,652	3,282	188	; ;	;;	65	2,667	2,914	;	1	: :	!	; ro	ŧ	;
			NTCU	7	108	13	<u> </u>	104	ī	: : : : :	20	-	;-	15	;;	i :	:	;
1201	Males	Adult felons	Insti- tutions	19,172	9,704	5,842	886	1,389	1,326	1 : :2	7,883	661	354	5,628	4,435	8	9	134
			Total	19,179	9,812	5,842	666	1,493	1,327	1 1 12	7,958	662	308	5,689	4,435	3	3 00	134
		Total		20,831	13,094	6,030	966	1,493	1,392	2,667 179 196	10,867	662	354	5,689	4,435	38	DCI (134
		Total popula- tion		21,660	13,768	6,444	1,050	1,631	1,421	2,684 183 201	11,501	672	358	6,251	4,817	78	œ ;	134
		Type of movement		Population, January 1	Total received	New commitments from court.	With new commitment	Without new commitment	Returned from court	From Youth Authority From parole to NTCU*	Total released	Discharged at expiration of sentence.	First release (never paroled)Re-release	Paroled	First parole	Died	Executed	Eacaped.

To state hospitals To Youth Authority. To parole from NTCU*	1,433 16 2,671 195 134	1,403 5 2,563 189 130	1,336	1,335	-	67 2,562 189 91	30 9 4	11 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	11 1130	11111	ု ုတ္ထားက
Population, December 31	23,927	23,058	21,038	20,993	45	2,020	803	807	803	¥G.	62
Population change	2,267	2,227	1,859	1,821	38	368	3	-10	-13	e	20
* Narcotic Treatment-Control Units.	d under P.C.	d under P.C. Chapter 11, felon pa	relon parole	es not suspen	ded in Narc	ed under P.C. Chapter 11, felon paroles not suspended in Narcotte Treatment-Control Units, Youth Authority wards and others, others include	Treatment-Control Uni	uts, Youth A job interview	uthority ward and others, 6	s and others. thers include re	recolcitrant

‡ Includes those discharged by court order, transferred between institution and Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit, released for preparale job interview and others. Others include receiving the personal Hygiene cases, Reiteral Figure cases, Reiteral prisoners and safekeepers.

TABLE 3—1962 INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT 1962

				Males					Жошеп		
Type of movement	Total popula- tion	Totai		Adult felons		Other	Total		Adult felons		Othert
		•	Total	Insti- tutions	NTCU*			Total	Insti- tutions	NTCU*	
opulation, January 1	23,927	23,068	21,038	20,993	45	2,020	698	807	208	70	89
otal received	14,000	13,199	9,170	9,015	155	4,029	108	888	299	11	238
New commitments from court	6,343	5,863	2,879	4,879	1.83	984	480	285	285	::	196
With new commitment	1,205	1,152	1,152	1,152	19	· ! "	22.5	28	83	: ::	; °
Without new commitment	154	150	149	1,341	\$ 1	0	001 4	4	4.	=	۰;
Returned from court	1,468	1,451	1,281	1,280	-	170	47	88	33	;	14
Returned from state hospitals.	12	-	-	-	;	1	=	11	11	;	;;
From Youth Authority	2,545	2,532 185	:	:	:	2,532	52 sc	;	:	1 1	5 ra
All othert	175	170	19	:ន	9	151	ı.s	~	69		· eo
Otal released	13,895	13,121	9,824	9,670	154	8,297	774	899	999	æ	106
Discharged at expiration of sentence.	790	780	780	780	;	:	10	10	10	t	;
First release (never paroled)	428	426	426	426	;	:	ć4 (69 6	010	;	;
Ke-release	362	405	304	7 3 1 7	191	: 82	683	ě	607	; ax	: 25
First parole	5,936	5.468	5.415	5.415	; ;	23.53	468	410	410	· :	829
Reparole	2,237	2,042	2,042	1,902	140	:	195	195	187	ø	:
Died	74	22	67	67	;	90		٠.	٦,	;	:
Erecuted	=======================================	01	2	21	;	1	-	- -	-	;	;

Racaped	173	167	161	161	1	œ	ဗ	•	•	1	;
To court.	1,567	1,511	1,301	1,300	-	210	26	£8 ·	8	:	23
To state hospitals	œ	-	-	-	;	1	10 ş	×	xo	ŀ	::
To Youth Authority	2,716	2,698	:	;	;	2,698	18	:	;	;	2
To parole from NTCU*		891	;	:	:	168	24	!	:	:	N
All other		203	47	34	13	156	a	₹	7	;	ιĢ
Population, December 31	24,082	23,186	20,384	20,338	46	2,752	988	702	694	œ	194
Population change	105	78	-654	- 655	1	132	27	- 105	- 108	60	132

Narcotic Freatment-Control Units.
Includes parcels addicts ettilly committed under P.C. Chapter 11, felon parolees not suspended in Narcotic Freatment-Control Units, Youth Authority wards and others, Units received by court order, transferred between institution and Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit, released for preparole job interview and others, Others include received the institution and Narcotic Freatment Control Unit, released for preparole job interview and others, Others include received the interview and sufference and safetypers.

The control of t

TABLE 3—1963 INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT

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n n			,	0	AMIA FAIR	UNERS		
	Other		194	316	181 57 57 57	3 1	323	11.183.183.1111
		NTCU*	80	10	18 18 1	11111	10	1 19 19 1 1
Women	Adult felons	Insti- tutions	694	586	259 275 50 225	\$ 1 ; c	614	546 310 236 236 1 2
		Total	702	596	285 285 235 235 235	\$ # G	624	25.56 2.43 2.43 2.43 1. 2.43 1. 2.43
	Total		968	912	440 342 50 292 2	21 21 4 21	947	737 737 269 269
	Othert		2,762	4,771	1,063 155 7 148	395 2,609 193 353	4,518	6118
		NTCU*	46	159	156	≈ ¦∺	147	111313111
Males	Adult felons	Insti- tutions	20,338	109'6	5,030 3,300 1,166 2,134 154	1,091	7,785	655 276 379 379 4.058 1,622 09 1
		Total	20,384	9,760	5,030 3,456 1,166 2,290 154	1,093	7,882	655 276 379 5,821 4,058 1,763 69 1
	Total		23,136	14,531	6,093 3,611 1,173 2,438 157	1,488 2 2,609 193 378	12,395	655 276 379 6,439 4,669 1,770 1,770
	Total popula- tion		24,032	15,443	6,533 3,953 1,223 2,730 159	1,564 17 2,630 197 890	13,342	661 277 384 7,176 5,137 2,039 177
	Type of movement		Population, January 1	Total reseived	New commitments from court. Parolees returned. With new commitment. Without new commitment. Each pees returned.	Returned from court Returned from state hospitals From Youth Authority From parels to NTCUs. All other:	Total released	Discharged at expiration of centence First release (never paroled). Re-release. Paroled First parole First parole Died Executed Executed

20 20 10 20 110 110 110 110 110 110 110	4 77	8 666	-28
50 I I	4	674	1 28
88250	81	861	38.
417 2,511 220	727	3,010	258
M	4	28	12
1,089	69	22,204	1,866
1,091	89	22,262	1,878
1,508 4 2,511 220	790	25,272	2,136
1,594 26 2,521 223	871	26,133	2,101
To court. To state hospitals. To Youth Authority. To parole from NTCU*	All othert	Population, December 31	Population change

Narcotte Treatment-Control Units.
 Authority wards and others.
 Includes bace district with committed under P.C. Chapter 11, felon paroles not suspended in Narcotte Treatment-Control Unit. released for preparole job interview and others, Others include recalching tuberculars, properties those districtions of Narcotte Treatment-Control Unit. released for preparole job interview and others. Others include recalching tuberculars, mentally disordered sex offenders, psychopathic delinquents, other states' felons, county diagnostic cases, Mental Hygiene cases, federal prisoners and safekeepers.

FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

Male felons were newly received from court at the rate of 28.5 men per 100,000 State population in 1962 and 1963. This was a decrease from the rate of 35.5 in 1961. The rates for the women were 2.3 per 100,000 State population in 1961, 1.7 in 1962, and 1.5 in 1963. Felons newly received from court are persons received by the Department of Corrections with a felony commitment who were not under a felony commitment to the Department from a criminal court at the time of this commitment.

During 1961, 5,842 man and 372 women felons were received in prisons from the California Superior Courts, Table 4. This was the greatest number of felons ever received in the Department of Corrections during any one calendar year. The rate of felons newly received from court per 100,000 State population has gradually increased since World War II. In 1960, the rate of 38.0 per 100,000

TABLE 4

COMMITMENT RATE PER 100,000 CALIFORNIA POPULATION
FELON PRISONERS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT
1945 through 1963

Tota		otal	N	Aen	Women		
Year	Number	Rate per 100,000 state population*	Number	Rate per 100,000 state population*	Number	Rate per 100,000 state population*	
1945	2.026	21.7	1,939	20.8	87	0.9	
1946	2.312	24.2	2,215	23.2	97	1.0	
1947	2,834	28.8	2,727	27.7	107	1.1	
1948	2.984	29.6	2.851	28.3	133	1.3	
1949	2,881	27.9	2,780	26.B	101	1.0	
1950	3,122	29.3	2,983	28.0	139	1.3	
1951	3,252	29.3	3,097	27.9	155	1,4	
1952	3,610	81.1	3,426	29.5	184	1.6	
1953	4,071	33.7	3,892	32.2	179	1.5	
1954	4,232	33.8	4,003	32.0	229	1.8	
1955	3,638	28.0	3,461	26.6	177	1.4	
1956	4,432	32.7	4,179	80.8	253	1.9	
1957	4,803	33.9	4,570	32.3	233	1.6	
1958	5,411	36.7	5,146	34.9	265	1.8	
1959	5,718	37.4	5,426	35.5	292	1.9	
1960	6,028	38.0	5,701	35.9	327	2.1	
1961	6,214	37.8	5,842	35.5	372	2.8	
1962	5,164	30.2	4,879	28.5	285	1.7	
1963	5,289	30.0	5,030	28.5	259	1.5	

^{*} Estimates of state population from State Department of Finance, Financial and Population Research Section publication, "California's Population." Rates computed to two decimal places.

State population was higher than any previous year, shown in Table 4, having increased from 21.7 in 1945. Since 1960, the felon commitment rate per 100,000 California population has decreased, being 37.8 in 1961, 30.2 in 1962, and 30.0 in 1963. Commitment rates for male felons and women felons do not follow the same pattern. The women felon commitment rate reached a peak in 1961 when it was 2.3 per 100,000 California population. It has decreased each year since that time. This change in rate per 100,000 State population for men and women felons newly received from court, 1945 through 1963, is graphically shown in Chart II.

A person may be sentenced to the Director of Corrections after being found guilty of a felony by a superior court. A man sentenced under an indeterminate or life sentence is received by the Department of Corrections in the Northern Reception-Guidance Center at California Medical Facility, or at the Southern Reception-Guidance Center at the California Institution for Men. A man with a death sentence is received at San Quentin Prison. A parolee returned to prison is reprocessed through either the Northern Reception-Guidance Center at California Medical Facility or through the processing unit at San Quentin.

The reception-guidance center staff studies each person's medical, criminal, psychological, sociological and work background and prepares a case history which is continuously up dated while the inmate is in the institution or on parole. The case history is a guide for Correctional personnel in meeting the individual inmate's treatment and training needs, and is a record of adjustment and progress of the inmate while in the institution or while under parole supervision. Women felons are received at the California Institution for Women at Frontera where a similar history is prepared. Case histories are one of the statistical source documents used in the preparation of data for this report.

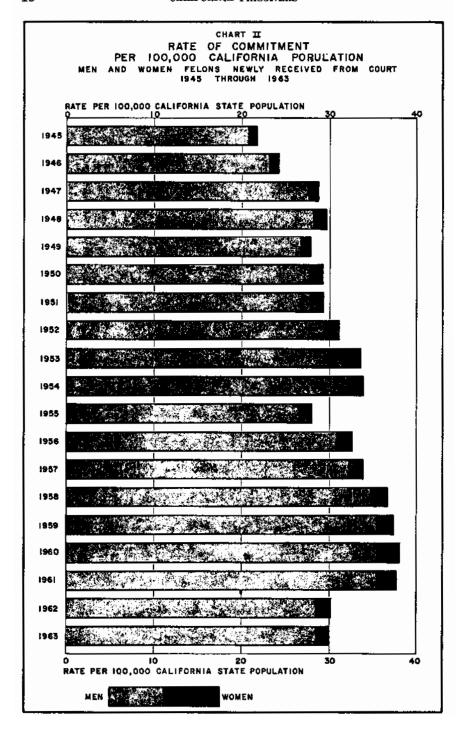
The statistical presentation of data in this chapter has been developed in three approaches: (1) The number of persons received from court is compared with the number of persons in California. (2) The percentage distribution of the characteristics of persons received in 1961, 1962, and 1963 have been compared. (3) The relationship of offense groups to other selected demographic characteristics.

OFFENSE

Burglary had the highest commitment rate of male felons received in prison in 1961, 1962 and 1963.

More women were committed to prison for forgery and check offenses than for any other offenses, yet this commitment rate was less than 1 (0.9) per 100,000 State population.

The offense is one of the most important factors available for differentiating between the various types of felons. For statistical purposes, each person committed to the Department is classified by only



one offense. If a person is committed for more than one type of offense, only the most serious, as indicated by the maximum punishment prescribed in the California Penal Code, is used in this statistical report.

Rate Per 100,000 State Population

The number of felons newly received in the Department of Corrections, the rate of commitment per 100,000 State population for each of the major offense groups, and the percentage change in rates for each year are given in Table 5A for the male felons and Table 5B for the women felons.

In 1963, while the actual total number of male felons received from court increased by 151, as compared with 1962, the actual rate of commitment decreased by 0.3 percent. The rate of commitment in 1963 over 1962 decreased by 8.3 percent for narcotic offenses, 8.2 percent for forgery and check offenses, and 1.4 percent for burglary. The offense groups showing the highest percent increase in 1963 over 1962 were sex offenses and theft except auto. The increase in rate of commitment for sex offenses in 1963 over 1962 contrasts significantly with the very decided decrease of almost 50 percent in the rate for 1962 over 1961.

In 1962, the actual total number of male felons received from court decreased by 963 as compared with 1961, and the actual rate of commitment decreased by 19.7 percent. The rate of commitment in 1962 over 1961 decreased for all categories of offenses except those listed under the heading of "Other Offenses", which had no perceptible change in rate.

Chart III graphically shows the rate of commitment for each offense group for the male felons newly received from court during 1961, 1962 and 1963. The offense groups were arranged from the highest to the lowest rate.

The rate of commitment for women felons is markedly lower than for men. Approximately two women for every 100,000 population in California were committed to the Department of Corrections in each of the past three years. The percent change in rate of commitment of 1962 over 1961 decreased 26.1 percent, and in 1963 over 1962 decreased 12.6 percent. The rate of commitment for women with narcotic offenses reflected the greatest decrease in rate of any of the principal offense groups for which women were committed.

The rate of commitment of narcotic offenders to prison has been influenced by the establishment of the California Rehabilitation Center in 1961.

Percentage Distribution

Two clusters of offense groups result when the offenses of male felons are expressed as a percentage of the total number of new commitments. Those committed for burglary, robbery, forgery and check

TABLE 5A

OFFENSE GROUPS AND COMMITMENT RATE PER 100,000 CALIFORNIA POPULATION

MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

							<u> </u>	
	1	961	1	962	1	963	Perc	ent in rate
Offense	Num- ber	Rate per 100,000 popu- lation*	Num- ber	Rate per 100,000 popu- lation*	Num- ber	Rate per 100,000 popu- lation*	196 2 over 1961	1963 over 1962
Total	5,842	35.5	4,879	28.5	5,030	28.5	19.7	-0.8
Homicide Murder 1st Murder 2nd	249 91 77	1.5	245 67 91	I.4	278 70 88	1.5	-5.3	7.7
Manelaughter	71 10		71 16		94 21			
Robbery 1st	934 608	5.7	852 552 264	5.0 	899 590 266	5.1	-12.3	2.2
Robbery 2ndOther	277 49		36		43			
Assault	209 182 27	1.3	213 172 41	1.2	219 178 41	1.2	-1.6	-0.8
Burglary 1st	1,154 145 985 24	7.0 	999 88 880 31	5.8 	1,018 117 868 33	5.8	16.8 	-1.4
Theft except auto	349 198	2,1	337 289	2.0	404 247	2.3	-7.1	16.2
Petty theft with prior Receiving stolen property Other	83 65 3		44 49 5	 	68 61 28	 		
Auto theft	248	1.5	194	1.1	206	1.2	-24.5	2.6
Forgery and checks	998	6.1	851	5.0	808	4.6	18.0	-8.2
Sex offenses Rape Lewd acts with child	474 119 242	2.9	260 109 95	1.5	853 101 143	2.0	-47.2 	30.9
Other	113 888	5.4	56 576	3.4	546	3.1	 -37.6	 -8.3
Opiate derivative	554 334		263 306 7		224 314 8			
Other offenses Deadly weapon Driving under the influence of	339 23	2.0	352 35	2.1 	304 29	1.7	0.0	-16.5
alcohol or drugs. Failure to render aid. Abortion	40 7 13		18 8 7		29 7 9			
Arson	24 157 27		16 166 37		17 99 44			
Habitual criminal	1 47		63		4 66			

^{*} Estimates of state population from State Department of Finance, Financial and Population Research Section publication: "California's Population." 1961, 1962 and 1963.

Bate computed to two decimal places.

Note: Dangerous drug offenses included in "Other" offenses prior to December 31, 1961. Recording of special identification of this offense began January 1, 1962, due to public interest.

offenses, and narcotic offenses are in the first cluster. Each offense group contained from 10 to 20 percent of the men received from court, Table 6A. Each offense in the second cluster was under 8 percent of the male felons received. The first cluster represents two-thirds of the men newly received from court. In 1950 the narcotic offense group moved from the second cluster to the first, showing a greater percentage, but this offense group has not shown much of an increase in percent since 1954, Chart IV-A.

The four largest offense groups for women felons newly received from court were forgery and check offenses, homicide, theft, and narcotics, Table 6B. These offense groups comprised 81.4 percent of the women received in 1961, 75.4 percent of those in 1962, and 73.7 percent of those received in 1963. Forgery and check offenses alone account for over 35 percent of the women committed. The offense groups for women expressed in percentages are shown in Chart IV-B for each year since 1953. Unlike the percentage distribution for the men, the proportions are not stable from year to year.

TABLE 5B OFFENSE GROUPS AND COMMITMENT RATE PER 100,000 CALIFORNIA POPULATION WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

Rates shown for 25 or more cases

	1961		1962		1963		Percent change in rate	
Offense	Num- ber	Rate per 100,000 popu- lation*	Num- ber	population* ber population* 1.7 259 1.5 0.2 37 0.2 2 6 29	1962 over 1961	1963 over 1962		
Total	372	2.3	285	1.7	259	1.5	-26.1	-12.6
Homicide Murder let Murder 2nd Manelaughter	37 5 8 24	0.2 	32 13 19		2 6		-17.4 	10.5
Robbery	12 17 17	 	13 14 14	 	22 10 20		 	
Theft Forgery and checks Sex offenses		0.3 0.9	36 118 2	0.2	32 92 2	0.2 0.5		-14.3 -24.6
Narcotics Opiate derivative Marijuana		0.5	29 16 13	0.2	30 20 10	0.2	-65.3 	0.0
Other offenses	23		27	0.2	14			

Estimates of state population from State Department of Finance, Financial and Population Research Section publication: "California's Population," 1961, 1962 and 1963.
 Rate computed to two decimal places.

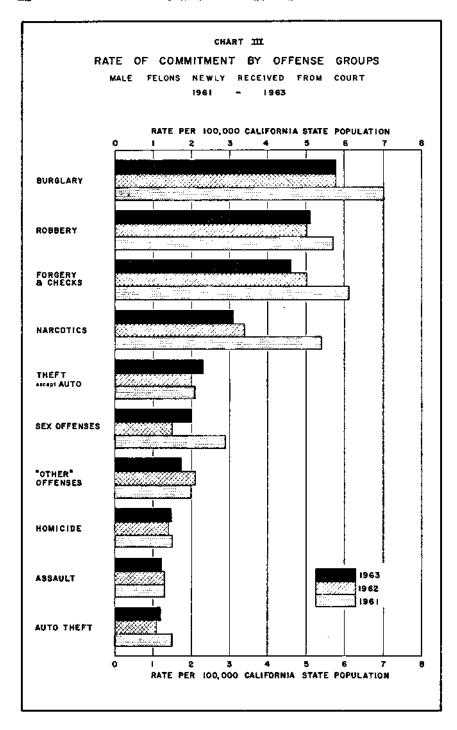


TABLE 6A OFFENSE GROUPS EXPRESSED IN PERCENTAGES MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

Offense	1961	1962	1963
Number of males	5,842	4,879	5,030
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0
Homicide Robbery Assault	4.3 16.0 3.6	5.0 17.5 4.4	5.4 17.9 4.3
Burglary	19.7 6.0 4.2 17.1	20.5 6.9 4.0 17.4	20.2 8.0 4.1 16.1
Rape Other sex Narcotics	$\begin{array}{c} 2.0 \\ 6.1 \\ 15.2 \end{array}$	2.2 3.1 11.8	2.0 5.0 10.9
Escape	2.7 0.0 3.1	3.6 0.0 3.7	2.4 0.1 3.6

TABLE 6B

OFFENSE GROUPS EXPRESSED IN PERCENTAGES

WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

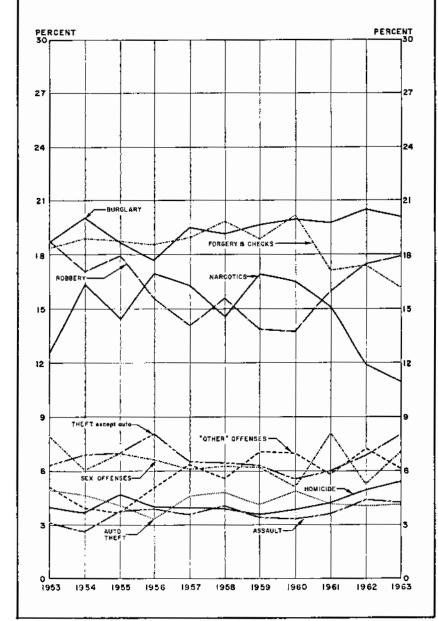
1961, 1962 and 1963

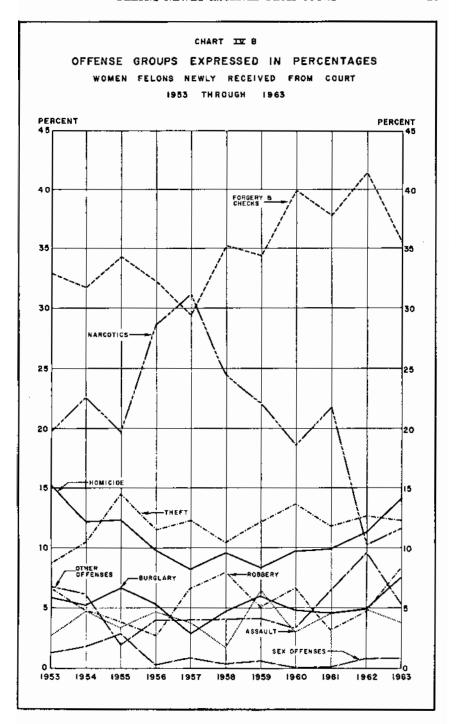
Offense	1961	1962	1963
Number of women	372	285	259
Total percent.	100.0	100.0	190.0
Homicide	9.9	11.2	14.2
Robbery	3.2	4.6	8.5
Assault	4.6	4.9	3.9
Burglary	4.6	4.9	7.7
Theft	11.8	12.6	12.4
Forgery and checks	37.9	41.4	35.5
Sex offenses		0.7	0.8
Narcotica	21.8	10.2	11.6
Other offenses	6.2	9.5	5.4

CHART TY A

OFFENSE GROUPS EXPRESSED IN PERCENTAGES
MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

1953 THROUGH 1963





COUNTY OR AREA OF COMMITMENT

More male felons were received in prison from Southern California, especially from Los Angeles County, than from any other region. However, other counties or areas had a higher rate of commitment per county or area population.

The region comprised of the seven San Joaquin Valley counties had the highest commitment rate for male felons in 1961, 1962 and 1963, 52.5 felons per 100,000 population in 1961, and 42.1 felons per 100,000 population in 1963. The San Francisco Bay Area counties, excluding Alameda and San Francisco, had the lowest rate of commitment, 13.9 per 100,000 population, Table 7A.

For the purpose of studying the location from which felons were committed to prison, California has been divided into geographical sub-areas.

Los Angeles County committed 39.0 percent of all women received in 1963. However, the rate of commitment per 100,000 county population was greater from the ten Sacramento Valley counties, and the seven San Joaquin Valley counties.

The commitment rate and the percentage change in rate for the women received in 1961, 1962 and 1963 are given by area of commitment in Table 7B.

Appendix II shows the number of male felons and women felons newly received from court during 1961, 1962 and 1963, by county of commitment.

TABLE 7A

COMMITMENT RATE BY COUNTY OR AREA

MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

1961, 1962 and 1963

	1961		1962		1963		Percent chang in rate	
County or area of commitment	Num- ber	Rate per 100,000 popula- tion*	Num- ber	Rate per 100,000 popula- tion*	Num- ber	Rate per 100,000 popula- tion*	1962 over 1961	1963 over 1962
Total	5,842	35.5	4,879	28.5	5,030	28.5	-19.7	-0.3
Southern California	3,627	36.8	2,954	28.8	3,204	30.1	-21.9	4.6
Los Angeles County	2,255	36.2	1,789	28.0	2,041	31.0	-22.7	10.7
9 other counties	1,372	38.0	1,165	30.1	1,163	28.7	-20.9	-4.7
San Francisco Bay area	1.008	26.5	781	19.9	762	18,7	-25.0	-5.9
Alameda County	304	32.4	173	18.3	238	24.3	-43.5	88.1
San Francisco County	266	35.8	228	30.6	198	26.4	-14.4	-13.7
7 other counties	438	20.6	380	17.0	326	13.9	-17.7	-18.2
Balance of state	1,207	43.3	1,144	39.6	1,064	36.1	-8.6	-8.7
10 Sacramento Valley counties	345	36.3	311	31.0	306	29.8	-14.5	-3.8
7 San Joaquin Valley counties	608	52.5	593	50.0	509	42.1	-4.8	-15.8
22 other counties	254	37.4	240	34.3	249	35.2	-8.3	2.6

Estimates of state population from State Department of Finance, Financial and Population Research Section publication: "California's Population," 1961, 1962, 1963.
 Bate computed to two decimal places.

TABLE 78 COMMITMENT RATE BY COUNTY OR AREA WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

Der Der		1961		1962		1	963	Percent change in rate	
Southern California 232 2.4 174 1.7 163 1.5 -28.1 Los Angeles County 146 2.3 97 1.5 101 1.5 -35.1 9 other counties 86 2.4 77 2.0 62 1.5 -35.1 San Francisco Bay area 51 1.3 51 1.3 48 1.2 -3.0 Alameda County 7 0.7 15 1.6 15 1.5 113.5 San Francisco County 12 1.6 12 1.6 9 1.2 0.0 7 other counties 32 1.5 24 1.1 24 1.0 -28.7 Balance of state 89 3.2 60 2.0 48 1.6 -35.1 10 Sacramento Valley counties 34 3.6 20 2.0 21 2.1 -44.4			100,000 popula-	Num-	100,000 popula-	Num-	100,000 popula-	1962 over	1963 over 1962
Los Angeles County	Total	372	2.3	285	1.7	259	1.5	-26.1	-12.6
9 other counties	Southern California	232	2.4	174	1.7	163	1.5	-28,1	-9.5
San Francisco Bay area 51 1.3 51 1.3 48 1.2 -3.0 Alameda County 7 0.7 15 1.6 15 1.5 113.5 San Francisco County 12 1.6 12 1.6 9 1.2 0.0 - 7 other counties 32 1.5 24 1.1 24 1.0 -28.7 Balance of state 89 3.2 60 2.0 48 1.6 -35.1 - 10 Sacramento Valley counties 34 3.6 20 2.0 21 2.1 -44.4	Los Angeles County	146	2.3	97	1.5	101	1.5	-35.1	0.7
Alameda County	9 other counties.	86	2.4	77	2.0	62	1.5	-16.4	-23.1
Alameda County	San Francisco Bay area	51	1.3	51	1.3	48	1.2	-3.0	-9.2
San Francisco County 12 1.6 12 1.6 9 1.2 0.0 - 7 other counties 32 1.5 24 1.1 24 1.0 -28.7 Balance of state 89 3.2 60 2.0 48 1.6 -35.1 - 10 Sacramento Valley counties 34 3.6 20 2.0 21 2.1 -44.4			0.7	15	1.6	15	1.5	113.5	-3.2
7 other counties 32 1.5 24 1.1 24 1.0 -28.7 Balance of state 89 3.2 60 2.0 48 1.6 -35.1 -10 Sacramento Valley counties 34 3.6 20 2.0 21 2.1 -44.4		12	1.6	12	1.6	9	1.2	0.0	-25.5
10 Sacramento Valley counties 34 3.6 20 2.0 21 2.1 -44.4		32	1.8	24	1.1	24		-28.7	-4.7
10 Sacramento Valley counties 34 3.6 20 2.0 21 2.1 -44.4	Balance of state	89	3.2	60	2.0	48	1.6	-35.1	-18.9
	10 Sacramento Valley counties	34	3.6	20	2.0	21	2.1	-44.4	3.0
	7 San Josquin Valley counties		3.4	26	2.2	21	1.7	-35.0	-20.2
									-57.5

Estimates of state population from State Department of Finance, Financial and Population Research Section publication: "California's Population," 1961, 1962, 1963.
 Rate computed to two decimal places.

AGE AT ADMISSION

Younger male felons were received during 1961, 1962 and 1963 than during the previous three years. The median age of men received decreased each successive year.

The median represents that point in the distribution of age below which one-half of the cases are younger and above which one-half are older. The median age of men newly received from court during 1961 (29.0 years) was one-third year less than the median for those admitted in 1959, and was one-half of a year older than the median of those received in 1963 (28.5 years).

The percentage of men received under 25 years of age continues to increase. This percentage changed from 33.9 percent of those received in 1961, to 35.5 percent of the 1963 admissions. The percentage of male felons under 21 years of age at the time of admission was 8.8 percent of the 1961 admissions, and increased to 9.1 percent of the 1962 admissions, and decreased to 8.8 percent again in 1963, Table 8A.

The median age of women admitted to the Department of Corrections increased each year, 29.9 years in 1961, 31.3 years in 1962, and 31.9 years in 1963.

The women under 25 years of age at admission comprised one-fourth of those newly received from court. The percent of women admitted to prison between the ages of 30 and 45 changed from 39.8 percent in 1961 to 51.8 percent in 1963, Table 8B.

TABLE 8A AGE AT ADMISSION MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

Age at admission	19	1961		62	1963		
in years	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	5,842	100.0	4,879	100.0	5,030	100.0	
Under 20	268	4.6	208	4.3	205	4.1	
15-17	18		10		13		
18	86		62		51		
19	164		136		141		
20-24	1,710	29.3	1,474	30.2	1,577	31.4	
20	244	·	238		235		
21	388		318		847		
22	375		338		383		
23	374		299		303		
24	329		281		309		
25-29	1.168	20.0	995	20.4	1.056	21.0	
30-34	966	16.5	787	15.1	696	13.8	
35–39	712	12.2	579	11.9	564	11.2	
40-44	412	7.1	370	7.6	383	7.6	
45-49	269	4.6	250	5.1	243	4.8	
50 and over	337	5.7	266	5.4	306	6.1	
Median age in years	29.0		28.8		28.5		
Percent under 21		8.8		9.1		8.8	
Percent under 25		23.9		84.5		35.5	

ETHNIC GROUPS

The white ethnic group comprised 60 percent of the male felons newly received from court in 1961 through 1963. During these same three years the percent classified as Negro changed from 22.1 percent to 25.7 percent. Men of white, Mexican descent, comprised 15.7 percent of the admissions in 1961 and 12.3 percent in 1963, Table 9A.

The proportions of women in the white ethnic group and in the Negro group received in 1961 were unlike prior and subsequent years experience, Table 9B. The proportions of these two groups received in 1962 and 1963 were similar to the experience previous to 1961. In 1963, 65 percent of the women received were of the white ethnic group, 25 percent were Negro, and 7 percent were of white, Mexican descent. This was a slight increase in the women of white, Mexican descent ethnic group.

TABLE 88 AGE AT ADMISSION WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

Age at admission	1961		19	62	1963		
in years	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	372	100.0	285	100.0	259	100.0	
Under 20	11	3.0	13	4.6	9	3.5	
15-17			1 1				
18	3		4		3		
19	8	- -	8		6		
20-24	82	22.0	60	21.1	56	21.6	
20	12		12		10		
21	16		13		7		
22	17		10		12		
23	18		14		11		
24	19		11		16		
25-29	94	25.3	54	18.9	40	15.5	
30-34	57	15.3	61	21.4	65	25.1	
35-39	65	17.5	35	12.3	40	15.5	
40-44	26	7.0	81	10.8	29	11.2	
45-49	19	5.1	15	5.3	12	4.6	
50 and over	18	4.8	16	5.6	8	3.0	
Median age in years	29.9		31.3		31.9		
Percent under 21		6.2		8.8		7.4	
Percent under 25		25.0		25.6		25.1	

TABLE 9A ETHNIC GROUPS MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

	19	61	19	62	1963		
Ethnic groups	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	5,842	100.0	4,879	100.0	5,030	100.0	
White	3,549	60.7	2,914	59.7	3,039	60.4	
White, Mexican descent	916	15.7	674	13.8	617	12.3	
Negro	1,293	22.1	1,214	24.9	1,294	25.7	
Other	84	1.5	77	1.6	80	1.6	
American Indian	48	0.8	49	1.0	41	0.8	
Chinese	10	0.2	8	0.1	8	0.2	
Japanese	5	0.1	3	0.1	8	0.2	
Filipino	10	0.2	13	0.3	12	0.2	
Hawaiian	10	0.2	4	0.1	9	0.2	
Other*	1	0.0	1		2	0.0	

^{*} Includes 1 Korean in 1961, 1 Korean and 1 Malayan to 1963.

TABLE 9B ETHNIC GROUPS WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

	19	61	19	62	19	63
Ethnie groupe	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	372	100.0	285 100.0		259	100.0
White	287	77.2	194	68.2	168	64.9
White, Mexican descent	6	1.6	14 4.9 70 24.5		18	6.9
Negro	73	19.6			65	25.1
Other	6	1.6	7	2.4	8	3.1
American Indian	5	1.3	5	1.8	5	2.0
Filipino	1	0.3			1	0.3
Hawaiian			1	0.8		
Other*			1	0.3	2	0.8
j						

[•] Includes 1 Korean in 1962, 1 Chinese and 1 Japanese in 1963.

PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD

Fifty-three percent of the male felons newly received from court had served one or more jail or juvenile sentence prior to admission to prison in 1963.

Each felon received in this Department is studied with respect to his prior criminal commitment record and classified as to the number and type of sentences which have been served previous to the present incarceration. Information on prior commitments is obtained in reports from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the California Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation, and from the inmate while in the reception-guidance center. A prior commitment history may affect the length of time served in institutions and on parole. In this report the prior commitment histories are grouped into three principal classes: (1) no prior criminal commitment served, (2) time served previously in one or more jail or juvenile institutions, (3) time served previously in prison.

Most men received in prison have served a prior jail or juvenile commitment. The percentage of male felons who had served prison commitments previous to the present admission increased slightly in 1962 and 1963 over 1961. In 1961, 31.8 percent of the male felons newly received from court had served prior prison commitments, while in 1962 this percent increased to 34.4 percent and was 33.9 percent in 1963, Table 10A and Chart V-A.

Of the 259 women newly received from court in 1963, 31 women, or 11.9 percent, had previously served a prison commitment, 40.9 percent had no prior commitment record and 47.2 percent had served a prior jail or juvenile sentence, Table 10B and Chart V-B.

TABLE 10A
PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD
MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT
1961, 1962 and 1963

Type of prior	19	61	19	62	19	63
commitment served	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	5,842	100.0	0 4,879 100.0		5,030	100.0
No prior commitment	969	16.5	626	12.8	684	13.2
Prior jail or juvenile only	3,014	51.6	2,575	52.8	2,66 2	52.9
Prior prison commitment	1,859	31.8	1,678	34.4	1,704	33.9
One prison	982	16.8	865	17.7	879	17.5
Two prison	428	7.3	428	8.8	422	8.4
Three or more prison.	449	7.7	385	7.9	403	8.0

TABLE 10B
PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD
WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT
1961, 1962 and 1963

Type of prior	18	61	19	62	19	63
commitment served	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	372	100.0	285 100.0		259	100.0
No prior commitment	161	43.3	133	46.8	106	40.9
Prior jail or juvenile only	169	45.4	119	41.7	122	47.2
Prior prison commitment One prison Two prison Three or more prison	42 31 6 5	11.3 8.3 1.6 1.4	33 25 7 1	11.5 8.8 2.4 0.3	31 24 4 3	11.9 9.4 1.4 1.1

CHART Y A

PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD

MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

1959 THROUGH 1963

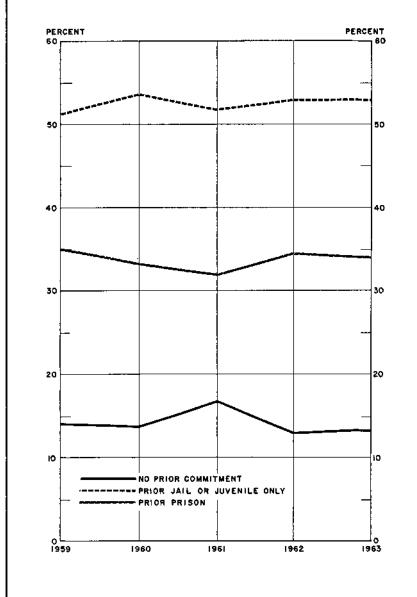
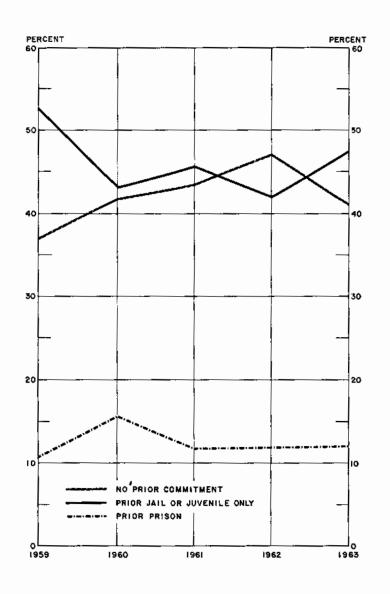


CHART Y B PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1959 THROUGH 1963



PRIOR CALIFORNIA PRISON RECORD

Only 707 men, 14.1 percent, of the 5,030 male felons newly received from court in 1963 had served a previous California prison sentence. In 1961, the percent of men who had served prior California prison sentences before being newly received from court was 14.5, in 1962 the percent was 15.8. These percentages have remained fairly constant over a number of years. Over half of the men received with prior prison experience had obtained this experience in other states or in federal institutions, Table 11A.

Only 12 women, 4.6 percent, of the 259 admitted in 1963 had prior California prison experience, Table 11B.

Some persons received in prison had been committed to the Department of Youth Authority previously.

Of the 5,030 male felons received in 1963, 1,102 men, 21.9 percent, had been in the California Department of Youth Authority institutions previously. Of the male felons received in 1961, 1,176 men, 20.2 percent, and in 1962, 1,037 men, 21.3 percent had been Youth Authority wards previously. Included in the 1961, 1962 and 1963 percentages are approximately 3 percent of the male felons who had been in both the Youth Authority and in the Department of Corrections institutions previously.

TABLE 11A
PRIOR CALIFORNIA PRISON RECORD
MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT
1961, 1962 and 1963

Type of discharge from last	19	61	19	62	19	63
California prison commitment	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	5,842	100.0	4,879	100.0	5,030	100.0
No prior California prison	4,991	85.5	4,109	84.2	4,323	85.9
No prior prison	3,982	68.2	3,201	65.6	3,326	66.1
Prior prison, other state or federal	1,009	17.3	908	18.6	997	19.8
Discharged from parole Discharged from prison Not discharged	628	3.9 10.8 2.6	182 575 151	3.7 11.8 3.1	204 643 150	4.1 12.8 2.9
Prior California prison	851	14.5	770	15.8	707	14.1
Discharged from parole	410	8.4 7.0 1.4	467 878 89	9.6 7.8 1.8	434 354 80	8.7 7.1 1.6
Discharged from prison First release (never paroled) Re-release		6.1 2.9 3.2	303 145 158	6.2 8.0 3.2	273 183 140	5.4 2.7 2.7

When a prior record includes California and other state or federal prison commitments, the prior California commitment is recorded.

TABLE 11B PRIOR CALIFORNIA PRISON RECORD WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

Type of discharge from last	19	61	19	62	19	63
California prison commitment*	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	372	100.0	285	100.0	259	100.0
No prior California prison	355	95.4	268	94.0	247	95.4
No prior prison	330	88.7	252	88.4	228	88.1
Prior prison, other state or federal	25	6.7	16	5.6	19	7.8
Discharged from parole Discharged from prison Not discharged	17	1.6 4.6 0.5	5 8 3	1.7 2.8 1.1	6 8 5	2.2 3.1 2.0
Prior California prison	17	4.6	17	6.0	12	4.6
Discharged from parole First parole Reparole	9	3.3 2.5 0.8	14 11 3	4.9 3.8 1.1	7 6 1	2.5 2.2 0.3
Discharged from prison First release (never paroled) Re-release		1.3 0.5 0.8	3 2 1	1.1 0.7 0.4	5 2 3	2.1 0.8 1.3

When a prior record includes California and other state or federal prison commitments, the prior California commitment is recorded.

TABLE 12A TIME IN STATE BEFORE OFFENSE MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

	1961			1962			1963		
Time in state before offense	Num- ber	Per-	Cumu- lative per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Cumu- lative per cent	Num- ber	Per-	Cumu- lative per- cent
Total	5,842	100.0		4,879	100.0		5,030	100.0	
Less than 1 month	71	1.2	1.2	82	1.7	1.7	86	1.7	1.7
1 to 5 months	309	5.3	6.5	254	5.3	7.0	270	5.4	7.1
6 to II months	169	2.9	9.4	129	2.6	9.6	141	2.8	9.9
1 year but less than 2	233	4.0	13.4	227	4.6	14.2	187	3.7	13.6
2 years but less than 3	189	8.3	16.7	195	4.0	18.2	180	3.6	17.2
3 years but less than 5	335	5.7	22.4	281	5.8	24.0	292	5.8	23.0
5 years but less than 10	644	11.0	33.4	509	10.4	34.4	607	12.1	35.1
10 years or more	3,892	66.6	100.0	3,202	65.6	100.0	3,267	64.9	100.0

TIME IN STATE BEFORE OFFENSE

Approximately two-thirds of all male felons received in prison during the past three years had resided in California ten years or longer.

Less than 10 percent of the male felons received in 1961, 1962 and 1963 had been in this State less than one year. These percentages have been relatively constant for many years, Table 12A.

Over three-fourths of all the women felons received in 1961 and 1962, and over two-thirds received in 1963 had been in California ten years or longer.

Only 15 women, 5.5 percent, of the 259 women felons received in 1963 had been in California less than one year prior to commitment. Table 12B.

TABLE 12B
TIME IN STATE BEFORE OFFENSE
WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT
1961, 1962 and 1963

		1961			1962			1963	
Time in state before offense	Num- ber	Per- cent	Cumu- lative per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Cumu- lative per cent	Num- ber	Per-	Cumu- lative per- cent
Total	372	100.0		285	100.0		259	100.0	
Less than 1 month	3	0.8	0.8	1	0.4	0.4			<u></u> _
1 to 5 months	12	3.2	4.0	4	1.4	1.8	8	2.8	2.8
8 to 11 months.	11	3.0	7.0	5	1.7	3.5	7	2.7	5.5
1 year but less than 2	13	3.5	10.5	10	3.5	7.0	12	4.6	10.1
2 years but less than 3	8	2.2	12.7	6	2.1	9.1	10	3.9	14.0
3 years but less than 5	15	4.0	16.7	9	3.2	12.3	9	8.5	17.5
5 years but less than 10		7.0	23.7	31	10.9	23.2	35	13.6	31.1
10 years or more	284	76.3	100.0	219	76.8	100.0	178	68.9	100.0

EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT

From 1950 through 1957, the median grade achievement score of male felons newly received from court was equivalent to the seventh grade. In 1958 and in subsequent years the median grade achievement score was at the eighth grade level. Although the median achievement score remained the same in 1963 as for the past five years, the percentage of those testing illiterate increased from 2.2 percent in 1960 to 3.4 percent in 1961 and dropped to 2.0 percent in 1963, Table 13.

NARCOTIC ADDICT RECORD

One-fourth of the male felons received in 1961, 1962 and 1963 were narcotic addicts or marijuana or dangerous drug users.

Narcotic addict as used in this statistical report is a person who, in the opinions of the reception-guidance center clinicians, had used an opiate or its derivatives to such a degree that the body builds up its tolerance to the drugs and the central nervous system becomes dependent upon the drugs.

Three-fourths of the male felons newly received from court in 1961 through 1963 had no history of being addicted to heroin or other

TABLE 13 **EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT** MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

	19	61	19	62	19	68
Grade achievement score	Number	Percent	Number Percent		Number	Percent
Total	5,842		4,879		5,030	
Not tested	235		196		201	
Total tested	5,607	100.0	4,683	100.0	4,829	100.0
Illiterate	188	8.4	134 2.9		97	2.0
Grade 3	88	1.6	99 2.1 202 4.3 371 7.9	91	1.9	
Grade 4	225	4.0		204	4.2	
Grade 5	472	8.4		400	8.8	
Grade 6	574	10.2	508	10.8	467	9.7
Grade 7	828	14.8	751 16.0		727	15.1
Grade 8	1,011	18.0	806	17.2	861	17.8
Grade 9	1,050	18.7	794	17.0	881	18.2
Grade 10-11	1,020	18.2	870	18.6	962	19.9
Grade 12 and over	151	2.7	148	3,2	139	2.9
Median grade	Sth		8th		Sth	

TABLE 14A NARCOTIC ADDICTION RECORD MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962 and 1963

	19	61	19	62	19	63
Narcotic use record	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total.	5,842		4,879	-	5,030	-
Total unknown*	ı		1		5	
Total known	5,841	100.0	4,878	4,878 100.0		100.0
Not addict	4,802	82.2	4,238	86.9	4,439	88.3
No narcotica	4,353 449	74.5 7.7	3,581 583 74	73.4 12.0 1.5	3.790 598 51	75.4 11.9 1.0
Narcotie addiet	1,039	17.8	640	13.1	586	11.7
Heroin addictOther narootics	961 78	16.4 1.4	578 62	11.8 1.3	514 72	10.3 1.4

Cases dismissed by court order before information could be obtained.
 Dangerous drug users were counted as "no parcotics" prior to January 1, 1962.

opiates. In 1962 and 1963, 12 percent of the men received had a history of some use of marijuana. The statistical count of dangerous drug users commenced on January 1, 1962. Previously dangerous drug users were reported as no narcotics. Table 14A.

The percentage of male felons received in 1961 who were addicted to narcotics was 17.8. This was a decrease from the 18.6 percent of men received in 1960 who were narcotic addicts. This percentage has continued to decrease, being 11.7 in 1963. Although it has not been specifically studied, it is felt that the establishment of the California Rehabilitation Center in 1961 has had some effect on the percentage of narcotic addicts received in prison.

The percentage of women felons received from court who were narcotic addicts decreased from 25.5 percent in 1961 to 15.0 percent in 1963.

In 1959, 28.8 percent of the women newly received from court were narcotic addicts. This percentage group has continued to decrease each year becoming 18.2 percent in 1962 and 15.0 percent in 1963, Table 14B.

TABLE 14B
NARCOTIC ADDICTION RECORD
WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT
1961, 1962 and 1963

	19	61	19	62	19	68
Narcotic use record	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	372	100.0	285	100.0	259	100.0
Not addict	277	74.5	233	81.8	220	85.0
No narcotice	266	71.5	221	77.5	210	0.18
Marijuana	11		7 1	2.5	7	2.7
Dangerous drugs*			5	1.8	3	1.3
Narcotic addict	95	25.5	52	18.2	39	15.0
Heroin addict	88	23.6	49	17.1	35	13.6
Other narcotice	7	1.9	3	1.1	4	1.4

^{*} Dangerous drug users were counted as "no parcetics" prior to January 1, 1962.

RELATIONSHIP OF OFFENSE TO SELECTED DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS

The following sections in this chapter present offense groups of felons newly received from court classified by eight selected demographic characteristics. The eight characteristics are: county of commitment, age at admission, ethnic group, prior commitment record, prior California prison record, educational achievement, time in State before offense, and narcotic addiction. Better understanding is obtained when two characteristics are studied together regarding the types of felons received in prison.

The relationship between offense and a selected factor is presented for male felons for each year 1961, 1962 and 1963. The number of women received from court during any one year is so small that a discussion of offense in combination with other factors would not be

meaningful for yearly data. Therefore, the women felon data presented herein cover a five year period, 1959 through 1963.

OFFENSE AND COUNTY OR AREA OF COMMITMENT

Approximately 58 percent of the male felon narcotic offenders were committed from Los Angeles County.

In 1963, Los Angeles County committed 41 percent of all of the 5,030 male felons newly received from court. This county committed 58.6 percent of all the narcotic offenders and 47.5 percent of those committed for robbery, Table 15 Λ .

There is a wide variance in the offenses for which persons were committed to prison from the counties or areas in this State. Los Angeles County was higher than its proportion of total commitments in the offense groups of crimes against persons and narcotics. The nine other Southern California counties ranked second in the percent of male felons committed to prison in 1963. This group of counties was much higher than its total proportion of commitments in the offense groups of forgery and check offenses, sex offenses, auto theft and "other" offenses. The seven San Joaquin Valley counties which had the third highest percentage of commitments to prison in 1963 ranked higher than their proportion in total commitments for crimes against property.

While 39.2 percent of the women felons newly received from court during 1959-1963 were from Los Angeles County, 63.9 percent of the narcotic offenders were from that county. The nine other Southern California counties ranked second highest in their commitments to prison, 23.8 percent, and equaled Los Angeles County in the number of burglars committed to prison, comprising one-third of all burglars received and committed very few (only 9 percent) of the narcotic offenders, Table 15B.

OFFENSE AND AGE AT ADMISSION

When considered by offense, the median age of male felons at time of admission in 1963 ranged from a low of 24.5 years for robbery to a high of 37.7 years for lewd acts with child, a span of 13.2 years.

In 1963, the offense groups other than robbery which had low median ages were auto theft, rape, burglary and marijuana. These median ages ranged from 25.6 years for auto theft to 27.1 for marijuana. The second oldest group was those convicted for other sex offenses, a median age of 35.8 years, Table 16Λ and Chart VI-A. The offense groups with the lowest and highest median age were usually constant from year to year, although the median age might have differed.

Women committed for robbery had the lowest median age, 24.3 years, and those committed for theft and assault had a high median of 34.1 years, a range of almost ten years.

Robbery, burglary and narcotics are the offense groups which had a median age of under 30 years for women felons newly received from court in 1959 through 1963, Table 16B and Chart VI-B.

TABLE 154-1961
OFFENSE AND COUNTY OR AREA OF COMMITMENT
MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT
1961

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		Sot	thern	Southern California	<u> </u>		San J	San Francisco Bay Area	o Bay	fres				Balance of State	of State		
Offense	Total	Los Angeles County	ngeles	9 other counties	her	Alameda County	eda, aty	San Francisco County	n sisco aty	7 other counties	her	10 Sacramento Valley counties		7 San Joaquin Valley counties	Aquin Ay ties	22 other counties	her
		Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num. ber	Per- cent
Total	5,842	2,255	38.6	1,372	23.5	304	5.2	266	4.5	438	7.	345	5.9	898	10.4	252	4.4
Homicide. Murder 1st Murder 2nd Manakaughter. Manakaughter.	249 22 22 22 23 24 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	112 41 32 38	45.0 45.0 41.5 53.5	35 13 13 6	14.3 14.3 16.9 8.5	15	8.0 4.4 7.1 1.1	21 6 5	8.4 9.9 7.8	8 8 8 4 4	8.8 6.5 5.6	5 to 4 to 61	क्षा सः क् क्षा संबंधा	42	9.00	54 mm ;	44.04 804.12G
Robbery Robbery 1st. Robbery 2nd Other	934 608 277 49	410 270 120 20	4.44 43.9	166 112 44 10	17.8	245°°	6.8 7.2	12 22 22 22 2	7.7 8.7 6.1	57 38 16 3	56.5	71 45 22	7.6 4.7 8.0	28 33 64	7.2 6.1 10.1	2253	9,0,8
Assault with deadly weapon Other	209 182 27	10 62	34.4	37 6	88.8	13	7.5	22 :	8:3	@ F - 61	41 80 62 80 }	13	7.2	£ 4	8.41	5 2 2	7.7

70 6.2 9 6.2 3 5.9	4.6.8.4.1	12 4.9	27 5.9 7 5.9 7 5.9 7 6.2	4 0.0 2.0 9.0	19 5.6
9.0	11.6	12.5 1	11.0 10.9 12.0 18.9	6.4.0 6.6.0	19.2
25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	28 84 88 :	31 12	10 23 23 21 21 22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	342	35
64.7 7.864.	6.4 6.4 6.1 7	8. 8. 8. 8.	6.0 7.4 6.2	8. 8. 1. 4. 7.	6.9
77 1	F844 ;	6 89	88 85 r	88 6 0	8
7.9	10.0 11.1 9.7 7.7	6.9 9.3	7. 8. 80 81 F. 80	6.50	8 0.0
21 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	22 23 1	17	88 10 10	36 19	
8 8 6 4 5 6 8 5	9.0.8	1.6	8.6.4.6	9.0	1.2
2284	ă 4 ; ;	* #	F to 54	282	*
4.75.4.	2.4	9.8	7.88	4.2.6.	8.5
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26.2	28.9	7 27.0	22.24.4	1 15.9 5 13.7 5 19.4	35.1
7 301 260 3	2.2 2.2 8:1 8:1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	9 67	1 5 29 0 8 8	7 141 2 65	6 119
7 32.7 8 32.4 8 32.1	113 32.4 54 27.3 35 42.2 22 33.8	29 33.0	152 32.1 41 34.5 75 31.0 36 31.8	58.7	70 20.6
4 377 5 47 8 316 4 14				8 521 4 340 4 181	
1,154 145 - 188 - 24	349	248	474 119 242	334 334	339
Burglary Burglary 1st Burglary 2nd Other	Thefr except auto Grand theft. Petty theft with prior Receiving stolen property.	Auto theit. Forgary and cheeks	Bear offenses Rape. Lewd sets with child Other	Narcotics Opiate derivative Marijuna	Other offenses

Note: Dangerous drug offenses included in "Other offenses" prior to December 31, 1981.

TABLE 15A-1962 OFFENSE AND COUNTY OR AREA OF COMMITMENT MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

											; }						
		S.	uthern	Southern California	·ŧ		San	San Francisco Bay Area	to Bay.	Area		i	, sa	Balance of State	of State		
Ойенье	Total	Los Angeles County	ngeles nty	9 other counties	her ıties	Alameda County	neda nty	San Fracciseo County	n nty	7 other counties	her	10 Sacramento Valley counties		San Joaquin Valley counties	aquin ley ties	22 other counties	her
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Nun	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-
Total	4,879	1,789	36.7	1,165	23.9	173	3.5	228	4.7	380	7.8	311	6.4	593	12.1	240	4.9
Homiside. Murder 1st. Murder 2st. Manslaughter. Manslaughter by vehicle.	245 67 91 16	120 33 41 87	49.0 58.1 45.0 62.2	36 712 25 25 25	14.7 10.4 13.2 21.1	22 7 23	70 4 1- 61 1- 75 1- 76 1	8416 :	6.0 121 122 1.24	8. ≎ v r . ;	2.00 to 0.00 t	ដឹកសសស	6.7.2.4 6.7.3.5.1	2 60 80	80 4 9 4 8 2 6 5 1	8 1 1	1.1
Robbery Robbery 1st Robbery 2nd	852 552 264 36	378 248 114 16	4.44.4	152 102 44 6	17.9 18.5 16.7	\$ £ 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	6.0 6.0 6.1	238	4.50	8442	7.0 8.0 5.3	388	6.9	88 14 5 75	9.7 7.4 14.0	21 10 10	21 H 52 75 26 26 1
Assault. Assault with deadly wespon. Other	213 172 41	262	37.1	383	19.2	G 00 H	2,4	5 ~ 8	4.1	13	6.1	80 F	8. 7 8. 1.	882	17.8	15	8.1

Burglary 1st. Burglary 1st. Burglary 2nd Other.	999 88 89 11 31	308 34 266 8	38.6	255 18 228 9	25.5	¥ 8 81 80	4.4.0. ;	2 to 15 to	8.4 6.4 1.0	94 87	4.8.9.	823	7.7	125 7 113 5	12.5 8.0 12.9	1 8 6 1	7.7
Theft except suto. Grand theft Petty theft with prior Receiving stolen property Other.	236 44 49 5	======================================	32.9	96 14 18	30.5	10 8	0 m ! ! !	15 2 2 1	\$ \$ 1 1 1 \$ \$ 1 1 1	34 18 18 7	7.5	841-21	82.9	8 8 4 9 ;	11.6	04 4 6 to 1	3.0
Auto theft	194	92	39.3	53	27.3	ø	3,1	cq.	1.0	15	7.7	10	5.2	22	11.3	93	5.2
Forgery and checks	821	248	23.2	243	28.6	82	6,	83	3.4	8	8.0	84	5.6	143	16.8	43	5.1
Sex offenses Rape Lewd acts with child Other	260 100 95 56	79 27 33 19	30.4 24.8 34.7 33.9	82 82 14 14	25.23.9 25.23.9 25.20.0	= 8 = 63	4.7. 2.2. 2.1. 3.6.	00 ±0 €0 €0	3.1 2.1 1.8	8 9 P	8.8 7.3 10.5 8.9	4 E 8 8	9.2 11.9 8.4 5.3	202	13.5 9.2 15.8	85140	6.9 11.0 3.4 3.6
Narcotica Opiate dervativo. Marijuana Dangerous drugs	576 263 306 7	321 142 174 5	55.8	109 61 48	18.9	13	3.1	\$ 1 8 :	6.6	30 14 15	6.3 6.3 1.0	13 13	संस्यं ।	82181	0.44	# t - 1	23.3
Other offenses	352	89	19.3	118	33.5	rO.	1.4	^	2.0	28	7.1	8	9.7	89	16.5	37	10.5

TABLE 154-1963 OFFENSE AND COUNTY OR AREA OF COMMITMENT MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1963

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

		ß	uthern (Southern California	.4		San F	San Francisco Bay Area	Bay A	LF68			Ř	Balance of State	f State		
Offense	Total	Los Angeles County	ngeles nty	9 other counties	her tice	Alameda County	eda 1ty	Sen Francisco County	isao ity	7 other counties	ier ies	10 Sacramento Valley counties		7 San Joaquin Valley counties	aquin ey iles	22 other counties	ner ies
		Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num. ber	Per- cent	Num-	Per-
Total	5,030	2,041	40.6	1,163	1.83	238	7-	198	8.9	326	10.	88	6.1	802	10.1	2,48	6.0
Homiside. Murder 1st. Murder 2sd. Manishangher. Manslaughter by vehicle.	273 70 88 94 21	36 36 34 34	40.6 51.4 40.9 36.2	82282	23.1 18.6 20.5 21.3	81 2 2 8 1	85.73	4 w & &	1.03.00	<u>2</u> 1 ∞ ∞ 4 − 1	7.7. 11.4. 9.1.	12 4 8 1 K	F. 1. 6. F.	14 0 1	8.1 1.4 6.8 14.9	to 04	1 11 1
Robbery Robbery 1st Robbery 2nd Other	286 286 43 43	281 123 223	47.5 47.6 5.2 1	147 102 39 6	16.3 17.3 14.7	8372	7.7 6.8 10.1	28220	e. 4. 60 e. 86. 66. ↓	22 14 18 31 83	0.00 m	3 4 5 8	5.5.4	82 17 27 28	9.0	4 EL 1	1.6 0.4
Assault with deadly weapon Other	219 178 41	8 23 88	41.0	84 12	20.8	6 1	2.4.	16 23	9.0	2120	5.6	10 4 1	61 61 62 61	125	11.9	∞ ∞ ;	F. 75

Burglary Burglary 1st Burglary 2nd Other	1,018 117 868 33	363 40 811 12	34.2 34.2 35.8	202 252	22.28 23.3 4.18 3.3 1.4 1.8	4 4 65 1	4.624 6.470	33.5	4.4.6. O.6.80 :	5 9 5 9	7.1	63	कुक्त संसंस	131 12 118	12.9 10.2 13.6	1 2 1 2 1	7.1 9.4 7.0
Their except auto. Grand their. Petty their with prior Receiving stolen property Other	404 247 68 61 28	176 113 34 19 10	443.6 45.8 50.0 31.1	8 5 1 8 0	21.3 18.2 20.6 20.6	70461	4470 8 600 8 1	C 0 0 - 0	4.8.6.1	855 e e ;	8.45.6 1.66.64	22.7.6	7.9 8.5 1.5 11.5	10000	83.0	22 17 8 4 1	604.0 9.04.0
Auto theft	206	*6	45.6	22	25.3	9	6.5	က	2.4	11	5.3	œ.	4.4	13	9.5	10	4 .9
Forgary and checks.	808	256	31.7	241	8. 8.	32	4.0	ğ	2. 2.	49	6.1	51	6.3	111	13.7	89	4.2
Sex offenses Rape Lowd acts with abild Other	353 101 143 109	116 28 54 34	32.8 27.6 37.7	32 37 37 85	29.5 31.6 25.9 32.1	# v 21 F-	4 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	24 4 2	3.7 4.0 1.8	40 0 21 to	8. 9. 8. 8. 8. 4. 8.	8411	7.4 4.0 7.7 10.1	33 13 9	12.8 7.7 8.3	85 6 00 80	6.0 6.0 7.3
Naroptios. Opiako derivativo. Marijuana. Dangerous druga	546 224 314 8	320 128 187 5	58.6	91 27 22 22	16.6 12.1 19.7	25 8 16 1	8.8.6	17 11 11 11	3.7	10 19	81.6	2 , 91 ∞ ;	41.2	30	100 00 to	8140 ;	48.0
Other offenses	304	88	28.9	86	82.2	φ	2.0	9	2.0	26	8.5	18	5.3	41	13.5	23	2.8

TABLE 15B

OFFENSE AND COUNTY OR AREA OF COMMITMENT
WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT
1959—1963

1737—1703 Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or

Set of the latter than the settlement of the set										5	3	more c	2020				
		&	uthern	Southern California	ig.		San 3	San Francisco Bay Area	o Bay /	l res			E	Balance of State	of State		
Ойеные	Total		Los Angeles County	inog	9 other counties	Alameda	seds, nty	San Francisco County	n iseo aty	7 other counties	ies	10 Sacramento Valley counties	ey Lies	7 San Josequin Valley counties	aquin ley ties	22 other counties	her ties
		Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num-	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num-	Per.
Total	1,535	601	39.2	365	23.8	\$	4.5	23	4.0	128	8.3	ş	8.8	142	9.2	\$	4.
Homicide	162	35	8.98	31	19.2	∞	4.9	12	4.7	11	8.8	14	8.6	19	11.7	ø.	9.9
Robbery	\$	26	31.0	17	20.3	7	8.3	cr3	3,6	4	8.4	12	14,3	- 6	10.7	9	7.1
Assault	22	ន	32.9	15	21.4	ę:	4. E.	9	8.8	-1	10.0	4	5.7	G	12.8	က	4.3
Burglary	28	88	83.8	38	32.9	61	4.	ค	4.	- r\$	5.9	30	6.9	¢.	10.6	9	7.0
Theft	193	69	35,8	46	25.4	7	3.6	11	7.7	21	10.9	#	5.7	13	6.7	12	6.2
Forgery and checks	583	202	34.7	173	29.7	28	4.5	10	1.7	8	10.3	37	6.3	13	9.4	20	3.4
Вох обецее.	9	81	:	es.	;	:	1	-	1	ł	ì	ł	ł	-	1	:	:
Narootics	266	170	63.9	24	9.0	11	4.2	15	9.9	15	.6 6	13	4.9	13	4.5	9	2.3
Other offensee.	8	23	26.7	26	30.2	70	6.9	84	4.5	10	5.8	•	9.3	15	17.4	61	2.4
									-		-						

TABLE 16A-1961 OFFENSE AND AGE AT ADMISSION MAIE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

•			-										
	T.04e				Age at admission	lmission				Median age in years at admission*	n age tre at sion*	Percent	ent er
O STREET		Under 20	20-34	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50 and over	1960	1961	21 уедта	25 years
Total	5,842	268	1,710	1.168	996	712	412	269	337	29.1	29.0	80.	33.9
Homicide	249	18	53	84	40	33	24	12	38	33.4	31,3	9.6	28.5
Robbery	934	89	415	202	112	8	27	16	13	24.8	24.8	14.6	8.13
Assault	508	83	20	86	শ্ব	83	18	==	16	30.6	28.9	13.9	34.9
Burglary	1,154	64	406	256	181	117	8	88	31	26.8	27.1	12,3	40.7
Theft except auto	849	6	28	33	19	46	42	88	5	33.7	34.3	5.7	19.2
Auto theft	248	14	26	49	36	81	21	33	4	2,92	26.3	13.3	4.7
Forgety and checks	866	213	163	180	102	061	801	29	78	83.2	83.6	2. 80.	17.6 3
Sex offenses Rape Lewis acts with child Other	474 119 242 113	16 8	26.7.4.2 8	\$ & \$ %	78 18 46 41	62 83 83 83 83	82 5 16	40 27 12	73 47 21	35.9 26.9 38.9 39.7	34.4 37.7 38.4	7.0 16.8 4.1 2.7	21,1 46.2 12.8 12.4
Narocice Opate dervative Marijuans	888 554 334	119 9	293 163 130	214 137 77	185 122 63	8348	35 25 10	26 18 8	26 4	28.3 29.1 26.8	28.1 28.8 26.8	4.4.6	35.1 31.3 41.6
Other offenses	339	23	16	63	48	47	24	18	22	30.6	4. 82	10.0	33.6
			İ										

* Medians computed from grouped data. Note: Dangerous drug offenses included in "Other offenses" prior to December 31, 1961.

TABLE 16A-1962 OFFENSE AND AGE AT ADMISSION MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1962

Offense	Total				Age at a	Age at admission			!	Medis in yes	Median age in years at admission*	Per	Percent under
		Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50 and	1961	1962	21 yeara	25 years
Total	4,879	208	1,474	995	737	579	370	250	266	29.0	28.8	9.1	34.5
Homieide Homieide.	245	ន	79	41	83	23	25	30	12	31.3	30.3	14.3	32.7
Robbery	852	26	370	195	105	89	22	83	13	24.8	25.0	14.2	9.03
Assault	213	2	47	38	31	4	19	15	15	28.9	32.3	8.0	25.6
Burgiary.	666	1 5	381	202	148	88	25	41	83	27.1	26.6	11.7	43.5
Theft except auto	337	69	11	8	22	88	35	14	32	34.3	32.2	4.7	23.7
Auto theft.	194	82	99	æ	38	22	15	œ	ø	26.3	27.0	16.0	43.3
Forgery and checks	158	10	150	161	152	149	100	99	89	33.6	33.4	3.3	18.8
Sex offenses	88	133	62	53	£:	27	34	13	27	34.4	30.3	7.8	8.8
Level acts with child	95	×0 6%	74	13 50	19	. ŭ	∞ <u>₹</u>	m da	2 22	87.8	39.0	11.9	00 00 00 00 00 00
Other	20	m	∞	10	r.c.	13	7.2	က	80	38.4	35.8	7.1	19.6
Narcotics	576	2	163	165	108	8	36	R	19	28.1	28.7	3.0	28.6
Opiate derivative	268		22	19	47	32	22	*	11	28.8	29.8	2.3	27.8
Dangerous drugs	2	7 :	3 -	E 6	10	, r	14	40	30	26.8	88	e.	29.7
		!	,	•	:	•	:	•	:	!	;	:	!
Other offenses	352	23	101	17	8	45	30	26	18	29.4	31.1	12.8	34.9

· Medians computed from grouped data.

OFFENSE AND AGE AT ADMISSION MAIE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

36

Обельн	Total			i :	Age at admission	dmission		i		Median age in years at admission*	Median age in years at admission*	Percent under	ent ler
		Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-38	40-44	45-49	50 and over	1962	1963	21 years	25 years
Total	5,030	202	1,577	1,056	694	564	383	243	306	28.8	28.5	80.00	35.5
Homicide	273	23	8	35	33	25	17	18	88	30.3	29.3	15.0	37.7
Robbery	893	7.4	413	200	98	99	30	16	14	25.0	24.5	15.5	54,3
Assault	219	90	29	20	25	78	22	=======================================	18	32.3	28.2	10.0	30.6
Burglary	1,018	33	377	231	139	110	62	32	83	26.6	27.0	80 80	40.9
Their except auto	404	10	82	74	28	51	46	28	40	32.2	33.0	4.0	22.3
Auto theit	506	13	88	32	90	14	17	۲-	-	27.0	25.6	14.1	1.8
Forgery and checks	808	မွ	147	167	143	114	104	\$	67	33.4	32.9	2.6	18.9
Sex offenses Rape. Levd acts with child. Cther	353 101 143	01 60 61 61	79 36 19	61 31 16	23 ° 25 11	23.88.2	2431	\$ 6 G 4	84 48 21	36.3 39.0 35.0	33.2 26.4 37.7 35.8	7,4 16.8 3.5 1.8	16.4 41.6 14.7 23.9
Narcotica	846	12	174	143	88	8	33	17	19	28.7	28.0	5.7	34.1
Opiste derivative	224 314	4 ao	51 118	88	42	88	2 2	10	9 Q	28.1 28.1	29.3 27.1	4. 6 6. 4.	24.6 40.1
Dangerous drugs	90	ŀ	ıcı	C)	1	;	**1	:	1	1	ŀ	;	1
Other offenses	304	15	11	59	47	44	22	15	22	31,1	30.1	8.6	30.3

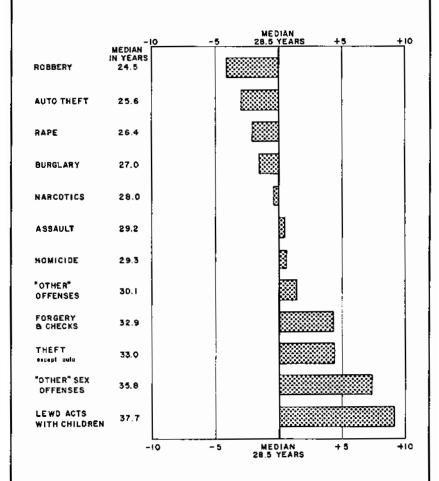
· Medians computed from grouped data,

CHART WE A

OFFENSE AND AGE AT ADMISSION

MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

1963



DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MEDIAN OF EACH OFFENSE AND MEDIAN OF ALL OFFENSES IN YEARS

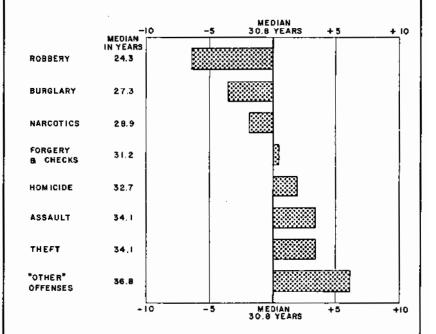
TABLE 16B OFFENSE AND AGE AT ADMISSION WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1959--1963

					Age at admission	dmission				Median age in years at	Percent
Обевье	Total	Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50 and over	sdmission* 1959–63 period	25 years
Total	1,535	74	325	318	309	217	151	99	7.5	80.8	26.0
Homicide.	162	11	8	25	8	19	27	13	90	82.7	24.7
Robbery	8	œ	₽	16	16	64	;	83	;	24.3	57.1
Assault	20	ø	01	10	11	15	9	œ	4	34.1	22.9
Burglary	55	90	23	21	15	œ		ıβ	;	27.3	38.8
Theft.	193	œ	88	35	31	33	22	11	19	34.1	18.7
Forgery and checks	283	83	116	123	125	94	25	18	19	31.2	23.8
Ser offenses	9	!	;	;	64	;	4	;	;	:	:
Narcotics	268	မွ	99	78	89	21	13	es	11	28.9	27.1
Other offenses.	86	9	ça.	10	11	10	12	ıs	14	36.8	17.4

· Medians computed from grouped data.

CHART VI B

OFFENSE AND AGE AT ADMISSION WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1959 - 1963



DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MEDIAN OF EACH OFFENSE AND MEDIAN OF ALL OFFENSES IN YEARS

OFFENSE AND ETHNIC GROUPS

Three-fifths of the male felons received in prison in 1963 were of the white ethnic group and one-fourth were Negro. These proportions changed when studied by offense groups, Table 17A. The white ethnic group comprised 82.1 percent of the forgery and check offenders, 79.8 percent of those committed for other sex offenses, and 75.5 percent of those convicted of lewd acts with child.

TABLE 17A-1961
OFFENSE AND ETHNIC GROUPS
MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT
1961

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

Offense	Total	Wi	nite	Wh Mex desc	ican	Ne	gro	Off	ner
		Num- ber	Per-	Num-	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total	5,842	3,549	60.8	918	15.7	1,293	22.1	84	1.4
Homicide	249	123	49.4	23	9.2	97	39.0	6	2.4
Murder let	91	57	62.6	4	4.4	28	30.8	2	2.2
Murder 2nd	77	36	46.8	10	13.0	31	40.2		
Manalaughter	71	22	31.0	8	11.3	38	53.5	3	4.2
Manslaughter by vehicle	10	8		1				1	–
Robbery	934	535	57.3	104	11.1	287	30.7	8	0.9
Robbery let		350	57.6	65	10.7	191	31.4	2	0.8
Robbery 2nd		155	56.0	31	11.2	86	31.0	5	1.8
Other		30		8		10		1 1	
Assault	209	87	41.6	40	19.1	70	33.5	12	5.8
Assault with deadly weapon	182	70	38.5	35	19.2	66	86.3	11	8.0
Other	27	17		5		4		1	
Burglary	1,154	764	66.2	154	13.4	224	19.4	12	1.0
Burgiary 1st	145	80	55.2	27	18.6	37	25.5	1	0.7
Burglary 2nd	985	669	67.9	123	12.5	182	18.5	11	1.1
Other	24	15		4		5			
Theft except auto		223	63.9	33	9.4	92	26.4	1	0.3
Grand theft	198	143	72.2	13	6.6	41	20.7	1	0.5
Petty theft with prior	83	46	55.4	9	10.9	28	33.7		
Receiving stolen property	65	83	50.8	10	15.4	22	33.8		
Other	3	1		1		1			~-
Auto theft	248	157	63.3	32	12.9	52	21.0	7	2.8
Forgery and checks	998	825	82.7	57	5.7	107	10.7	9	0.9
Sex offenses	474	330	69.6	67	14.1	72	15.2	5	1,1
Rape	119	66	55.4	27	22.7	24	20.2	2	1.7
Lewd acts with child		183	75.6	28	11.6	29	12.0	2	0.8
Other	113	81	71.7	12	10.6	19	16.8	1	0.9
Narcotics	888	284	29.7	361	40.7	248	27.9	15	1.7
Opiate derivative		153	27.6	270	48.7	120	21.7	11	2.0
Marijuana	334	111	33.2	91	27.3	128	38.3	4	1.2
Other offenses	339	241	71.1	45	13.3	44	13.0	9	2.6

Note: Dangerous drug offenses included in "Other offenses" prior to December 31, 1961.

TABLE 17A-1962 OFFENSE AND ETHNIC GROUPS MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1962

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

Offense	Total	W	nite	Mex	ite. ican cent	Ne	д то	Of	her
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-
Total	4,879	2,914	59.7	674	13.8	1,214	24.9	77	1.6
Homicide	245	121	49.4	21	8.6	98	40.0	5	2.0
Murder lat	67	40	59.7	4	6.0	23	34.3		
Murder 2nd	91	39	42.9	9	9.9	42	46.1	1	1.1
Manslaughter	71	32	45.1	6	8.5	30	42.2	3	4.2
Manelaughter by vehicle	16	10		2		3		1	
Robbery	852	481	56.5	68	8.0	296	34.7	7	0.8
Robbery 1et.	552	328	59.4	37	6.7	183	33.2	4	0.7
Robbery 2nd	264	134	50.8	24	9.1	103	39.0	3	1.1
Other	36	19		7		10			
Assault	213	89	41.8	30	14.1	83	39.0	11	5.1
Assault with deadly weapon	172	64	37.2	27	15.7	73	42.4	8	4.7
Other	41	25		3		10		8	
Burglary	999	649	65.0	132	13.2	200	20.0	18	1.8
Burglary 1st	88	53	60.2	8	9.1	26	29.6	1	1.1
Burglary 2nd	880	578	65.7	122	13.9	165	18.7	15	1.7
Other	31	18		2		9		2	
Theft except auto	337	216	64.1	23	6.8	94	27.9	4	1.2
Grand theft	289	163	68.2	17	7.1	55	23.0	4	1.7
Petty theft with prior	44	23		2		19			
Receiving stolen property	49	28		4		17			-+
Other	5	2				8			
Auto theft	194	127	65.5	28	14.4	33	17.0	6	3.1
Forgery and checks	851	693	81.4	43	5, I	107	12.6	8	0.9
Sex offenses	260	154	59.2	53	20.4	47	18.1	6	2.8
Rape	109	46	42.2	31	28.4	27	24.8	5	4.6
Lewd acts with child	95	70	73.7	15	15.8	9	9.5	1	1.0
Other	56	38	67.9	7	12.5	11	19.6		
Narcotics	576	141	24.5	230	40.0	200	34.7	5	0.8
Opiate derivative	263	59	22.4	140	53.3	60	22.8	4	1.5
Marijuana	306	79	25.8	89	29.1	137	44.8	1	0.3
Daugerous drugs	7	3		1		3			
Other offenses	352	243	69.0	46	13.1	56	15.9	7	2.0

TABLE 17A-1963 OFFENSE AND ETHNIC GROUPS MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1963

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

Offense	Total	Wł	ite	Wh Mex desc	ican	Ne	gго 	Oti	ber
		Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-
Total	5,030	3,039	60.4	617	12.3	1,294	25.7	80	1.6
Homicide Murder 1st Murder 2nd Manelaughter Manslaughter by vehicle	273 70 88 94 21	134 32 48 38 16	49.1 45.7 54.5 40.4	29 5 7 14 3	10.6 7.2 8.0 14.9	99 33 32 32 2	36.3 47.1 36.4 34.0	11 1 10	4.0 1.1 10.7
Robbery Robbery 1st Robbery 2nd Other	899 590 266 43	499 353 127 19	55.5 59.7 47.7	76 42 25 9	8.5 7.2 9.4	313 189 109 15	34.8 32.0 41.0	11 6 5	1.2 1.1 1.9
Assault with deadly weapon Other	219 178 41	98 70 28	44.8 39.3	36 32 4	16.4 18.0	81 72 9	87.0 40.5	4	1.8 2.2
Burglary Burglary 1st Burglary 2nd Other	1,018 117 868 33	632 70 545 17	62.1 59.8 62.8	108 14 93 1	10.6 12.0 10.7	257 32 210 15	25.2 27.4 24.2	21 1 20	2.1 0.8 2.3
Theft except auto	247 68 61	256 170 36 31 19	63.4 68.8 52.9 50.8	35 15 10 10	8.7 6.1 14.7 16.4	105 56 21 19	26.0 22.7 30.9 31.2	8 6 1	1.9 2.4 1.5 1.6
Auto theft	206	134	65.0	17	8.3	54	26.2	1	0.5
Forgery and checks	808	663	82.1	45	5.6	93	11.5	7	0.8
Sex offenses		245 50 108 87	69.4 49.5 75.5 79.8	52 24 20 8	14.7 23.7 14.0 7.3	50 26 10 14	14.2 25.8 7.0 12.9	6 1 5	1.7 1.0 3.5
Narcotics Opiate derivative Marijuana Dangerous drugs	314	165 47 114 4	30.2 21.0 36.3	190 126 64	84.8 56.2 20.4	186 49 133 4	34.1 21.9 42.4	5 2 3	0.9 0.9 0.9
Other offenses	304	213	70.1	29	9.5	56	18.4	6	2.0

TABLE 178

OFFENSE AND ETHNIC GROUPS WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1959–1963

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

Offense	Total	White		White, Mexican descent		Negro		Other	
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total	1,535	1,062	69.2	64	4.2	369	24.0	40	2.6
Homicide Robbery Assault Burglary Theft Forgery and checks Sex offenses Narcotics Other offenses	162 84 70 85 193 583 6 266 86	68 57 29 61 131 507 5 155 49	42.0 67.8 41.4 71.7 67.9 87.0	12 2 1 1 6 6 1 22	7.4 2.4 1.4 1.2 3.1 1.0 8.3 15.1	74 22 37 22 48 61 85 20	45.7 26.2 52.9 25.9 24.9 10.5	8 3 3 1 8 9	4.9 3.6 4.3 1.2 4.1 1.5 1.5 4.7

A disproportionate number of male felons of the Negro ethnic group were received in 1963 for murder first, marijuana offenses, robbery second and assault with a deadly weapon. The male felons of the white, Mexican descent group made up 56.2 percent of the opiate derivative offenders. These proportions of ethnic groups committed by offense groups differed slightly in the exact proportion from year to year, but the picture was approximately the same.

Approximately 70 percent of the women felons received in prison during 1959 through 1963 were of the white ethnic group, Table 17B. This group comprised 87 percent of the forgery and check offenders. Only 24 percent of the women felons received in the 1959–1963 period were of the Negro ethnic group, while this group comprised 52.9 percent of the assault and 45.7 percent of the homicide offenders. The women of white, Mexican descent made up 4.2 percent of the total women received in the five years. This group accounted for 8 percent of those convicted of narcotic offenses and 7 percent of the homicide.

OFFENSE AND PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD

Of the men convicted of homicide, nearly 45 percent in 1961, and 33 percent in 1963, had no prior commitment record before the present commitment. Of all male felons received, less than 17 percent in 1961, and 13 percent in 1963, had no prior commitment record.

The percentage of men received without a prior commitment record differs considerably among the offense groups. The offense groups which had the highest proportion of men who had never served a prior sentence before this offense were homicide and sex offenses, Table 18A.

TABLE 18A—1961 OFFENSE AND PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

			1	ype of	prior co	mmitm	ent serv	ed	
Offense	Total	No	prior	Prior jail or juvenile		One prison		Two or more	
		Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total.	5,842	969	16.6	3,013	51.6	983	16.8	877	15.0
Homicide Murder 1st	249 91 77 71 10	110 49 33 26 2	44.2 53.9 42.9 36.6	95 24 33 33 5	38.2 26.4 42.9 46.5	35 12 8 12 3	14.0 13.1 10.3 16.9	6 3 	3.6 6.6 3.9
Robbery Ist Robbery 2nd Other	934 608 277 49	202 140 47 15	21.6 23.0 17.0	516 328 161 27	55.3 54.0 58.1	127 84 38 5	13.6 13.8 13.7	89 56 31 2	9.5 9.2 11.2
Assault with deadly weapon Other	209 182 27	54 46 8	25.8 25.3	103 92 11	49.3 50.6	37 31 6	17.7 17.0	15 13 2	7.2 7.1
Burglary Burglary 1st Burglary 2nd Other	1,154 145 985 24	119 21 96 2	10.3 14.5 9.8	630 82 537 11	54.6 56.6 54.5	179 17 158 4	15.5 11.7 16.0	226 25 194 7	19.6 17.2 19.7
Theft except auto Grand theft Petty theft with prior Receiving stolen property Other	349 198 83 65 3	51 47 4	14.6 23.7 6.1	143 91 18 33	41.0 46.0 21.7 50.8	70 31 25 13	20.1 15.7 30.1 20.0	85 29 40 15	24.3 14.6 48.2 23.1
Auto theft	248	15	8.0	138	55.7	41	16.5	54	21.8
Forgery and checks	998	111	11.1	433	43.4	210	21.0	244	24.5
Sex offenses	474 119 242 113	177 33 105 39	37.3 27.7 43.4 34.5	201 70 82 49	42.4 58.8 33.9 43.4	64 11 39 14	13.5 9.3 16.1 12.4	32 5 16 11	6.8 4.2 6.6 9.7
Narcotics Opiste derivative Marijuana	888 554 334	100 46 54	11.3 8.3 16.1	541 332 209	61.0 59.9 62.6	161 109 52	18.0 19.7 15.6	86 67 19	9.7 12.1 5. 7
Other offenses	339	30	8.9	213	62.8	59	17.4	37	10.9

Note: Dangerous drug offenses included in "Other offenses" prior to December 31, 1961.

TABLE 18A—1962 OFFENSE AND PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1962

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

			7	'ype of p	prior co	mæitm	ent serv	ed	
Offense	Total	No	prior		r jail venile	One prison		Two or more	
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-
Total	4,879	626	12.8	2,575	52.8	865	17.7	813	16.7
Homicide Murder 1st Murder 2nd Manelaughter Manslaughter by vehicle	245 67 91 71 16	84 24 34 24 2	31.3 35.8 37.4 33.8	116 31 40 33 12	47.3 46.3 44.0 46.5	26 8 8 9	10.6 11.9 8.8 12.7	19 4 9 5	7.8 6.0 9.8 7.0
Robbery 1st Robbery 2ad Other	852 552 264 36	157 124 26 7	18.4 22.5 9.8	469 293 152 24	55.1 53.1 57.6	134 80 51 3	15.7 14.5 19.3	92 55 35 2	10.8 9.9 13.3
Assault	213 172 41	45 35 10	21.1 20.3	108 89 19	50.8 51.7	35 29 6	16.4 16.9	25 19 8	11.7
Burglary 1st Burglary 2nd Other	999 88 880 31	58 7 49 2	5.8 8.0 5.6	554 47 491 16	55.5 53.4 55.8	190 18 164 8	19.0 20.5 18.6	197 16 176 5	19.7 18.1 20.0
Theft except auto	337 239 44 49 5	40 33 6 1	11.9 13.8 	154 114 12 27	45.7 47.7 	62 41 12 6	18.4 17.2	81 51 20 10	24.0 21.3
Auto theft	194	5	2.6	107	55.1	36	18.6	46	23.7
Forgery and checks	851	59	6.9	410	48.2	162	19.0	220	25.9
Sex offenses	260 109 95 5 6	88 32 37 19	33.8 29.4 38.9 33.9	128 60 40 28	49.3 55.0 42.2 50.0	24 9 10 5	0.2 8.3 10.5 8.9	20 8 8 4	7.7 7.3 8.4 7.2
Narcotics	576 263 306 7	63 23 40	10.9 8.7 13.1	338 136 197 5	58.7 51.7 64.4	123 67 54 2	21.4 25.5 17.6	52 37 15	9.0 14.1 4.9
Other offenses	35 2	27	7.7	191	54.3	73	20.7	61	17.3

TABLE 18A—1963 OFFENSE AND PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1963

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for affenses with a total of 50 or more cases

			T	ype of p	rior co	mmitme	ent serv	ed	
Offense	Total	No	prior	Prior jail or juvenile		One prison		Two or more prison	
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-
Total	5,030	664	13.2	2,662	52.9	879	17.5	\$ 25	16.4
Homicide Murder 1st Murder 2nd Manslaughter Manslaughter by vehicle.	273 70 88 94 21	91 21 35 33 2	33.3 30.0 39.8 35.1	132 37 40 41 14	48.4 52.9 45.4 43.6	35 7 8 15 5	12.8 10.0 9.1 16.0	15 5 5	5.5 7.1 5.7 5.3
Robbery 1st	899 590 266 43	156 115 35 6	17.3 19.5 13.2	525 333 165 27	58.4 56.4 62.0	123 83 35 5	13.7 14.1 13.2	95 59 31 5	10.6 10.0 11.6
Assault	219 178 41	37 27 10	16.9 15.1	118 97 21	53.9 54.5	41 35 6	18.7 19.7	23 19 4	10.5 10.7
Burglary Burglary 1st Burglary 2nd. Other	1,018 117 868 33	59 12 43 4	5.8 10.3 5.0	540 65 462 13	53.1 55.6 53.2	206 21 177 8	20.2 17.9 20.4	213 19 186 8	20.9 16.2 21.4
Theft except auto	404 247 68 61 28	51 45 2 4	12.6 18.2 3.3	177 112 16 39	43.8 45.4 23.5 63.9	81 47 17 10	20.1 19.0 25.0 16.4	95 43 35 10	23.5 17.4 51.5 16.4
Auto theft	206	3	1.4	120	58.3	40	19,4	43	20.9
Forgery and checks	808	73	9.0	365	45.2	173	21.4	197	24.4
Sex offenses	353 101 143 109	109 18 50 41	30.9 17.8 35.0 37.6	168 64 53 51	47.6 63.4 37.0 46.8	48 12 27 9	13.6 11.9 18.9 8.3	28 7 13 8	7.9 6.9 9.1 7.3
NarcoticsOpiate derivative Marijuana Dangerous drugs	546 224 314 8	57 18 39	10.4 8.0 12.4	352 121 224 7	64.5 54.0 71.3	77 51 25 1	14.1 22.8 8.0	60 34 26	11.0 15,2 8.3
Other offenses	304	28	9.2	165	54.3	55	18.1	56	18.4

While only one-third of the male felons received in 1963 had served prison terms prior to the present commitment, 45.8 percent of the forgers and check offenders, 43.6 percent of the theft except auto and 41.1 percent of the burglary offenders had been in prison prior to the 1963 admissions. Compared with 1961 when only 31.8 percent of the felons received had previously served prison terms, 45.5 percent of the forgers and check offenders, 44.4 percent of the theft except auto group and 38.3 percent of the auto thieves had been in prison previously.

Of the 1,535 women felons newly received from court during 1959–1963, 42 percent had not served a previous criminal sentence of any type, but 71.6 percent of those committed for homicide and 51.4 percent of the assaultive offenders had not served any prior sentence, Table 18B

TABLE 188
OFFENSE AND PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD
WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT
1959–1963

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

		Type of prior commitment served											
Offenae	Total	No	prior	Prior jail or juvenile		One prison		Two or more prison					
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-				
Total	1,535	643	41.9	705	45.9	142	9.3	45	2.9				
Homicide	162	116	71.6	3 9	24.1	4.	2.5	3	1.8				
Robbery		41	48.8	36	42.9	7	8.3						
Assault		36	51.4	26	87.1	7	10.0	1	1.5				
Burglary		31	36.5	45	52.9	6	7.1	3	8.5				
Theft	193	80	41.5	78	40.4	24	12.4	11	5.7				
Forgery and checks		215	36.9	285	48.9	59	10,1	24	4.1				
Sex offenses		4		2				l [
Narcotics		74	27.8	163	61.3	27	10.2	2	0.7				
Other offenses	86	46	53.5	18	36.0	8	9.3	1 1	1.2				

OFFENSE AND PRIOR CALIFORNIA PRISON RECORD

Of the 5,030 male felons newly received from court during 1963, 14.1 percent had served a prior California prison commitment. The offense for which committed in 1963 is not necessarily the same type of offense for which the previous term was served. Of the men received in 1963 for theft except auto, 22.5 percent had served a prior California prison sentence. Forgers and check offenders ranked second in the highest percent who had served prior California prison commitments (20.8 percent). Table 19A shows there is a wide difference by offense groups in the percentage of men who had served prior California prison sentences.

TABLE 19A-1961 OFFENSE AND PRIOR CALIFORNIA PRISON RECORD MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

		No p	rior Cal	ifornia :	prison	Prior California prison					
Offense	Total		prior son	stat fed	other e or eral son	Parole discharge from prior commitment		Prison discharge from prior commitment			
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent		
Total	5,842	3,982	68.2	1,009	17.3	494	8.4	357	6.1		
Homicide Murder 1st	249 91	205 73	82.3 80.2	36 16	14.5	4	1.6	4	1.6		
	77	66	85.7	9	11.7			2	2.6		
Murder 2nd				9		2					
Manslaughter	71	59	83.1		12.7		2.8	1	1.4		
Manslaughter by vehicle	10	7		2		1					
Robbery	934	718	78.9	137	14.6	53	5.7	26	2.8		
Robbery 1st	608	468	77.0	83	13.6	37	6.1	20	3.3		
	277			50	18.0			6	2.2		
Robbery 2nd		208	75.1			13	4.7				
Other	49	42		4		8					
Assault.	209	157	75.1	28	13.4	17	8.1	7	3.4		
Assault with deadly weapon	182	138	75.8	26	14.8	ii	6.1	7	3.8		
Other	27	19	10.0	2		6			0.0		
•		- "		_		_		1.			
Burglary	1,154	749	64.9	245	21.2	72	6.3	88	7.6		
Burglary Ist	145	103	71.0	26	17.9	6	4.2	10	6.9		
Burglary 2nd	985	633	64.3	215	21.8	61	6.2	76	7.7		
Other	24	13		4		์ อั		2	'		
Theft except auto	349	194	55.4	70	20.3	40	11.4	45	12.9		
Grand theft	198	138	69.4	34	17.6	17	8.5	9	4.5		
Petty theft with prior	83	18	21.7	20	24.1	12	14.4	33	39.8		
Receiving stolen property	65	37	56.9	16	24.6	10	15.4	2	3.1		
Other	3	1		'		1		1			
Auto theft	248	153	61.7	55	22.2	18	7.2	22	8.9		
Forgery and checks	998	544	54.5	217	21.8	145	14.5	92	9.2		
Sex offenses	474	378	79.7	61	12.9	26	5.5	9	1.9		
Rape	119	103	86.6	6	5.0	20 8	6.7	2	1.7		
Lewd acts with child	242		77.3		15.3	-		4	1.6		
		187		37		14	5.8				
Other	113	88	77.9	18	15.9	4	3.5	3 -	2,7		
Narcotics	888	641	72.3	95	10.7	101	11.3	51	5.7		
Opiate derivative	554	378	68.4	61	11.0	72	12.8	43	7.8		
	334	263	78.7	34	10.2	29	8.7	8	2.4		
Marijuana	004	203	10.1	34	10.2	28	0.1	ď	4.4		
Other offenses	339	243	71.7	65	19.2	18	5.3	13	3.8		

Note: Dangerous drug offenses included in "Other offenses" prior to December 31, 1981.

TABLE 19A-1962 OFFENSE AND PRIOR CALIFORNIA PRISON RECORD MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1962

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

		No р	rior Cal	ifornîa 1	prison	Prior California prison					
Offense	Total	No prior prison			other e or eral son	Parole discharge from prior commitment		Prison discharge from prior commitment			
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent		
Total	4,879	3,201	65.6	908	18.6	467	9.6	303	6.2		
Homicide Murder 1st	245 67	200 55	81.6 82.0	27 5	11.0 7.5	10	4.1 4.5	8	3.3 6.0		
Murder 2nd	91 71 16	74 57 14	81.3	12 9 1	13.2	8	4.4	1 2 1	2.8		
Robbery	852	626	73.5	151	17.7	52	6.1	23	2.7		
Robbery 2ndOther	552 264 36	417 178 31	75.5 67.4	91 56 4	16.5 21.2	33 19	6.0 7.2	11 11 1	2.0 4.2		
Assault with deadly weapon Other	213 172 41	153 124 29	71.8 72.1	33 25 8	15.5 14.5	12 10 2	5.6 5.8	15 13 2	7.1 7.6		
Burglary Burglary 1st Burglary 2nd Other	999 88 880 31	612 54 540 18	61.3 61.4 61.4	224 18 200 6	22,4 20,4 22,7	86 9 74 3	8.6 10.2 8.4	77 7 66 4	7.7 8.0 7.5		
Theft except auto Grand theft Petty theft with prior	337 239 44	194 147 12	57.6 61.5	74 55 10	21.9 23.0	43 24 11	12.8 10.1	26 13 11	7.7 5.4		
Receiving stolen property Other	49 5	23 2		7 2				1			
Auto theft	194	112	57.7	47	24.2	10	5,2	25	12.9		
Forgery and checks	851	469	55.1	184	21.6	130	15.3	68	8.0		
Sex offenses Rape Lewd acts with child Other	260 109 95 56	216 92 77 47	83.1 84.4 81.0 83.9	26 11 7 1 8 1	10.0 10.1 7.4 14.3	12 4 8	4.6 3.7 8.4	6 2 3 1	2.3 1.8 3.2 1.8		
Narcotics Opiate derivative	576 263 306	401 159 237	69.6 60.5 77.4	75 42 32	13.0 16.0 10.5	77 49 27	13.4 18.6 8.8	23 13	4.0 4.9		
Marijuana Dangerous drugs	7	5		1	10.5	27 I	8.8	10	8.8		
Other offenses	352	218	61.9	67	19.0	35	10.0	32	9.1		

TABLE 19A—1963 OFFENSE AND PRIOR CALIFORNIA PRISON RECORD MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1963

Offense total equals 100 percent, Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

		No pr	ior Cali	ifornia 3	rison	Prior California prison					
Offense	Total		orior son	state fede		Parole discharge from prior commitment		Prison discharge from prior commitment			
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-		
Total	5,030	3,326	66.1	997	19.8	434	8.7	273	5.4		
Homicide	273 70 88 94 21	223 58 75 74 16	81.7 82.8 85.2 78.7	45 10 13 17	16.5 14.3 14.8 18.1	3 2 1	1.1 2.9 1.1	2 2	0.7 2.1		
Robbery let	899 590 266 43	681 448 200 33	75.7 75.9 75.2	144 96 41 7	16.0 16.3 15.4	52 33 16 3	5.8 5.6 6.0	22 13 9	2.5 2.2 3.4		
Assault with deadly weapon Other	219 178 41	155 124 31	70.8 69.7	40 34 6	18.3 19.1	17 13 4	7.7 7.3	7	3.2 3.9		
Burglary	1,018 117 868 33	599 77 505 17	58.8 65.8 58.2	266 30 229 7	26.1 25.6 26.4	77 5 66 6	7.6 4.3 7.6	76 5 68 3	7.5 4.3 7.8		
Theft except auto	404 247 68 61 28	228 157 16 41 14	56.4 63.6 23.5 67.2	85 49 15 10 11	21.1 19.8 22.1 16.4	51 27 11 10 3	12.6 10.9 16.2 16.4	40 14 26	9.9 5.7 38.2 —		
Auto theft	206	123	59.7	53	25.7	16	7.8	14	6.8		
Forgery and checks	808	438	54.2	202	25.0	102	12.6	66	8.2		
Sex offenses Rape Lewd acts with child Other	353 101 143 109	277 82 103 92	78.4 81.1 72.0 84.4	43 10 22 11	12.2 10.0 15.4 10.1	26 6 15 5	7.4 5.9 10.5 4.6	7 3 3 1	2.0 3.0 2.1 0.9		
Narcotics	546 224 314 8	409 139 263 7	74.9 62.0 83.7	54 27 26 1	9.9 12.1 8.3	66 46 20	12.1 20.5 6.4	17 12 5	3.1 5.4 1.6		
Other offenses	304	193	63.5	65	21.4	24	7.9	22	7.2		

Slightly more than 5 percent of the women felons newly received from court during 1959 through 1963 had served prior California prison terms. Over 8 percent of the women committed for assault and theft had served prior California sentences, Table 19B.

TABLE 198 OFFENSE AND PRIOR CALIFORNIA PRISON RECORD WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1959-1963

Offense total equals 100 percent, Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

		No p	rior Cal	ifornia j	prison	Prior California prison				
Offense	Total	No prior prison		Prior other state or federal prison		Parole discharge from prior commitment		Prison discharge from prior commitmen		
		Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	
Total	1,535	1,348	87.8	109	7.1	62	4.1	16	1.0	
HomicideRobberyAssault	162 84 70	155 77 62	95.7 91.6 88.5	5 3 2	$3.1 \\ 3.6 \\ 2.9$	2 2 6	1.2 2.4 8.6	 2 	2.4	
Burglary	85 193 583	76 158 500	89.4 81.9 85.8	5 18 58	5.8 9.3 9.1	2 13 24	2.4 6.7 4.1	2 4 6	2.4 2.1 1.0	
Sex offenses	6 266 86	6 237 77	89.1 89.5	19 4	7.1 4.7	 8 5	3.0 5.8	 2 	0.8	

OFFENSE AND TIME IN STATE BEFORE OFFENSE

While nearly two-thirds of all male felons newly received from court had been in California ten years or more prior to the 1963 commitment, 83 percent of those convicted for narcotic offenses had been in this State ten years or longer, Table 20A. Slightly over two-thirds of those committed for sex offenses had also been in California ten years or more.

The women felons newly received from court followed a similar pattern to that of the male felons. Nearly three-fourths of all the women felons and 86 percent of the narcotics offense group had been in California ten years or more prior to their commitment, Table 20B.

OFFENSE AND EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT

Forgers and check offenders had the highest measure of educational achievement. Of the men convicted of this offense group, 54.3 percent measured in the ninth grade or above.

Of the male felons received in 1963, 96.0 percent were tested for educational achievement at the time of admission, and were found to have a median grade achievement score at the eighth grade level. Grade achievement levels show marked difference among the offense groups. Other offense groups showing a relatively high percentage of men with an educational level of high school or above were those convicted of theft except auto (46.6 percent), other sex offenses (45.6 percent), and robbery (41.3 percent), Table 21. For the past few years these offense groups have contained a high percentage of men with an education equivalent to high school or better.

OFFENSE AND NARCOTIC ADDICTION

Only 17.8 percent of the male felons received in 1961, 13.1 percent in 1962, and 11.7 percent in 1963, were narcotic addicts. Marijuana users comprised 7.7 percent of the men admitted in 1961, and 11.9 percent in 1962 and in 1963.

Dangerous drug offenders were classified statistically in the other offense group prior to January 1, 1962. Dangerous drug users were included in the no narcotic not addict group prior to January 1, 1962.

The percentage of marijuana and narcotic users differed among the offense groups. Of the male felons received in 1963, 81.1 percent of the opiate derivative offenders were addicts and 64.9 percent of the marijuana offenders were marijuana users. These percentages had been 91.3 percent addicts and 60.2 percent marijuana users in 1961 admissions. Offense groups other than opiate derivatives with a relatively high percentage of narcotic addicts in 1963 were marijuana offenders, 20.7

TABLE 20A-1961 OFFENSE AND TIME IN STATE BEFORE OFFENSE MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

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Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 as account.
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								Time ii	o State	Time in State before offense	eguejjo						
Обеве	Total	Less 1 mc	Less than 1 month	1 to 5 months	o 5 tthe	f to 11 months	11 ths	I yr.—less than 2 yrs.	-leas	2 yrs.—leas than 3 yrs.	- Lose Fy 73	3 yrs.—less than 5 yrs.	Less S	5 yrs,—less than 10 yrs.	less 0 yrs.	10 yrs, or more	TIS.
		Nump	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- Per	Per- cent	Num-	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num.	Per-	Num-	Per-
Total	5,842	11	1.2	309	5.3	169	2.9	233	0.4	189	 	335	5.7	644	11.0	3.892	98.6
Homicide Murder 1st Murder 2nd Manslaughter Manslaughter by vehicle	249 91 77 10	:::	0.4	1-604-	8 6 5 4	~ n n	9.93 14 1 0.53 14 1	026911	8.3 8.5 1.4	21 4 2 5	8 4 6 6	22 - 69 ;	8.8 7.7 11.7 8.5	23212	16.9 13.2 15.6	88440	66.3 64.8 57.1
Robbery Robbery 1st Robbery 2nd Other	934 608 4577	16 10 6	1.7 1.6 2.1	51443	70.00	485"	6.1	18211	4.4.4	25. 4. 6. 8. 6.	3.5 2.1	57 37 16	6.1	2524.4	9.8 10.2 8.7	876 376 173	62.0 61.8 62.6
Assault Assault with deadly weapon Other	209 182 27	999	1.0	œ ≈	यानां।	861→	4:1:	ដីប្តីខ	8,75 2,75	2 8 2	4: 4: ; 8: 4: ;	2 7 1	00 00 1	ឌឧក	11.0	141 125 16	67.5
Burglary 1st Burglary 1st Burglary 2nd Other	1,154 145 985 24	15	1.5	93 76	10.3	33 1 34	3.4	53 13 28	9.0	36	3.5	7.69	8.6 7.0	139 20 115	13.8	706 84 609	61.2 57.9 61.8

61.7 56.8 68.7 67.7	59.3	63.3	71.9 79.0 70.2 68.1	84.4 88.4 77.8	68.3
215 112 57 44	147	632	341 94 170	55 5 58	231
12.9 14.6 9.7 12.4	10.5	11.3	13.5 10.1 15.3 13.3	7.6 4.9 12.8	10.0
± 22 ∞ ∞ ;	52	112	21 22 23 24	27.4	34
8.6 8.4 10.8	4.9	6.4	2.5 7.0 5.3	2.7 1.3 5.1	4.7
30 16 7 7	12	49	26 3 17 6	24 7.	3.6
4.3.4.1 6.3.1 8.1.1	2.8	3.9	2.3 2.1 3.5	1.7	3.3
15 10 1	4	33	1204	15 9 6	11
3.6	3.2	4.6	क्ष १८ १८० च्या च क्ष्म क्ष्म	22.4	4.1
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8.48. 7.00.00.	4.	2.7	8 8 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5	0.5	5.5
	11	27	H 448	800	12
3.7	11.7	6.0	0.8	0.7	5.0
E 1 1 ;	8	8	10 10	Q 4 21	17
1.52	89.53	80.	1111	0.1	1,2
4044	œ	82	1111	1 1	4
349 198 83 83 83	248	986	474 119 242 113	888 554 334	339
Theft except auto Grand theft Petty theft with prior Receiving stolen property Other	Auto theft.	Forgery and checks	Rape Lewd acts with child	Narcotice. Opiate derivative. Marijuana.	Other offenses

Note: Dangerous drug offenses included in "Other offenses" prior to December 31, 1961.

TABLE 20A—1962 OFFENSE AND TIME IN STATE BEFORE OFFENSE MAIE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1962

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Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more ensee
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		İ						Time ii	o State	Time in State before offense	Hense						
Ощепью	Total	Less	Less than 1 month	1 to 5 months	5 5 tcha	6 to 11 months	11 ths	l yr.—less than 2 yrs.	-less	2 yrs.—less than 3 yrs.	-lets yrs.	3 yrs.—less than 5 yrs.	-less	5 yra.—less than 10 yrs.	less yrs.	10 yrs, or more	, <u>1</u>
		Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num-	Per-	Number	Per-	Num-	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Net He	Per-
Total	4,879	83	1.7	254	5.3	129	2.6	227	4.6	195	4.0	182	80	Š	4.01	3,202	65.6
Homicide. Murder 1st. Murder 2nd. Musdaysitter. Manslaugstrer by vehicle.	245 67 91 71		1.5	00 4 61 [[] 61	8 0 0 0 1 1 8 0 0 0 1 1	- m m -	0.4.8.± 0.6.8.4.	₹8000	7.4.8 11.3.3	F 88 55 H	8.4.8.7. 9.7.8.0.	8 0 8 4 −	50000	3 11 12 2	12.7	55 4 50 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	60.8 61.1 61.5 59.2
Robbery Robbery 1st Robbery 2nd Other	852 552 264 36	21 15 5	2.5	75 401 8	6.7 3.8 3.8	22 16 6	61 82 63 60 63	49 36 11	6.5	47 30 16	8 55 55 6 5 55 55	33.	10.2	F 4 52 8	8.5 10.2	515 327 162 26	60.4 59.2 61.4
Assault Assault with deadly weapon Other	213 172 41	: "	0.9	2~40	8 61 ;	9	2.53	9 10	5.2	01 8	5.2	10	F.5.	28 19 9	13.1	140 115 25	65.8 66.9
Burglary Burglary 1st. Burglary 2nd Other	999 88 030 31	22.2	8.3 8.1	4484	4.7.	. 33 . 53 .	ಬಟ್ಟ ಸತ್ತ :	7 e 4	4.8.4 7.4.0	4 .4 ⋅	464	25 8 1	5.1	101 10 88 &	10.1	617 57 538 22	64.8

6.2 8 2.3 21 6.2 14 7.1 6 2.5 18 7.5 12 1 1 3 11 9.3 6 3.1 8 4.1 5 5.6 29 3.4 36 4.2 25 2.3 2 0.8 14 6.4 5 1.1 2 1.8 6 5.6 2 1.1 3 5.4 5 0.9 5 0.9 9 1.6 16 0.8 1 0.4 3 1.1 6	2.8 9 2.6 19 5.4
60 1 4 4 50 50 4 110 1 1 6 4 6 50 4 6 11 6 1	5.4
40 11 6 8 808 6801	H
4.0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 3.4
8.00-100	22
2.00 2.00	6.2
12.8 2143 18.0 1433 2. 36 2. 36 11.3 558 11.3 558 11.6 73 14.3 35 14.3 35 14.3 35 14.3 35 14.3 35 14.3 35 14.3 35	8.5 248
214 63.5 38 2 36 36 37 38 38 39 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 37 38 37 38	8 69.1

TABLE 20A—1963 OFFENSE AND TIME IN STATE BEFORE OFFENSE MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1963

								Time i	n State	Time in State before offense	offense						
Offense	Total	Less than I month	than	1 to 5 months	ths	6 to 11 months	11 tha	I yr.—less than 2 yrs.	-less	2 yrs.—less than 3 yrs.	lega yra.	3 yrs.—less than 5 yrs.	less yrs.	5 yrs.—less than 10 yrs.	lessa 0 yrs.	10 yrs. or more	£ 5
		Num-	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num-	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num-	Per-	Num- ber	Per-
Total	5,030	98	1.7	270	5.4	141	89.	187	8.7	180	3.6	262	80.	200	12.1	3,267	64.9
Homicide. Murder lat. Manslaughter. Manslaughter.	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	2 : 1	2:11	11 8 3 1	8.5 8.5 1.1	8 : 7 :	0.7	16	0.481- 0.644	Q 4 4	8.7-14	28 7 8 8 2	7.7 8.0 9.0	21222	13.6 15.7 13.7	174 41 61 60 12	63.7 58.6 69.3 63.8
Robbery Robbery 1st Robbery 2nd Other	899 590 266 43	16	1.8	55 41 10	6.1	32 21 10 10	0.00 00 0.00 00 1	44 25 18 1	4 4 6 5 2 8	35 22 12 1	0, 10, 40, 10 0, 14, 10	20.00.4	6.9	107 68 35 4	11.9	548 360 161 27	60.9 61.0 60.5
Assault with deadly weapon. Other	219 178 41	44	2.3	44	1. 54 80 83	~~	1.1	ti ao ro	6.0	10 7 8	3.9	20 16	9.0	888	13.7	136 109 27	62.1 61.2
Burglary Burglary 1st. Burglary 2nd Other	1,018 117 868 33	8 8 -	2:3	22.2	8.6. 4.4.	345	4.634	31	0.00%	42 9 32 1	47.6	63 112 50	5.7	128 13 110	12.6	612 61 529 22	60.1 52.1 60.9

42 10.4 269 66.6 27 10.9 157 63.9 6 8.0 53 78.0 6 9.8 43 70.6 3 16	27 13.1 129 62.6	94 11.6 520 64.4	49 13.9 239 67.7 11 10.9 73 72.1 22 15.4 98 68.5 16 14.7 68 52.4	52 9.5 453 83.0 18 5.8 196 87.5 89 12.4 250 79.6	41 13.5 187 61.5
41.46	7.3	5.5	4.0.24.6	1 - 3 2	7.2
12 2 3 3 22	15	36	100	122 ;	22
6.5.7	2.0	3.7	442F	7.00.1	8.3
14 : ;	4	8	24.00	8 . 8	10
3.0 4.0 1.6	3.4	8.8	3.5.0 5.0 7.	2.3	3.0
10 11	-	31	∵ 1 00 00 4	1000	6
2.2.2.1 7.8.9.1 1.6.9	3.9	8.3	2.07	0.0	2.3
22871	œ	27	© 11 11 10 10	4011	2-
8. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	5,3	7.2	2.0 1.0 1.4 8.4	0.0	6.6
452201	11	55	B 10 10 -1	es – es ;	20
9,0%	2.4	1.5	1.0	0.0	2.6
00 63 64	1	13	: 213	4000	0 0
404 247 68 61	206	808	353 101 143 109	546 224 314 8	304
Theft except auto Grand theft. Perty theft with prior. Receiving stolen property.	Auto theft	Forgery and checks	Sex offenses Rape Lewd acts with child Other	Narcotio offenses Opiate derivative Marijuana Dangerous drugs	Other offenses.

TABLE 20B OFFENSE AND TIME IN STATE BEFORE OFFENSE WOMEN FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1959-1963

								Time ii	n State	Time in State before offense	ffenge						
Ойепье	Total	Less than I month	than	1 to 5 months	tha	6 to 11 months	11 the	1 yr.—less than 2 yrs.	_lees	2 yrs.—teas than 3 yrs.	- leas	3 yrs.—less than 5 yrs.	less i	5 yrs.—less than 10 yrs.	less D yrs,	10 yrs. or more	
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num-	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num-	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num-	Per-
Total	1,535	٥	9.0	3	2.7	37	4.2	83	ر بو:	88	2.5	19	4.4	85	8.0	1,138	74.1
Homicide Robbery Assault Burghry Thet Forgery and checks Set offensee Narockie	162 84 70 85 193 583 6 266 86	1 1 2 2 2 4 1 1 1	0.6	44 1048 1	3.2.5.9	187 92 - 7 :	0.0 4.1 3.1 3.3 6.3 6.3	546674	සිදුදුරු පැවැති ව සිනිපැවැතිව නජ	resur \$; ;	4 8 4 8 8 9 10 1	044012E-40	84501800 148 887487 158	18 7 7 115 119 50 50 77	8.3 10.0 17.6 9.9 8.6 10.1	1111 54 55 142 418 42 228 74	68.5 64.3 72.9 65.8 71.6 71.6 85.7

TABLE 21—1961 OFFENSE AND EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961

Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

				Grad	le achie	vement	score		
Offense	Total tested	Illite	erate	Grad	e 3-8	Grade	e 9-11		le 12 over
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-
Total	5,607	188	3.4	3,197	57.0	2,071	36.9	151	2.7
HomicideRobberyAssault	218 910 193	17 17 9	7.8 1.9 4.7	127 520 126	58.3 57.1 65.3	65 348 56	29.8 38.2 29.0	9 25 2	4.1 2.8 1.0
Burglary Theft except auto Auto theft Forgery and checks		34 11 9 10	3.1 3.3 3.8 1.0	664 185 154 431	59.5 56.1 64.4 44.3	392 124 73 485	35.1 37.6 30.5 50.0	26 10 3 46	2.3 3.0 1.3 4.7
Sex offenses	454 116 234 104	33 9 17	7.3 7.8 7.3 6.7	257 72 125 60	56.6 62.1 53.4 57.7	151 33 86 32	33.2 28.4 38.7 30.8	13 2 6 5	2.9 1.7 2.6 4.8
Narcotic offenses Opiate derivative Marijuana	857 537 320	36 24 12	4.2 4.5 3.8	551 341 210	64.3 63.5 65.6	259 166 93	30.2 30.9 29.0	11 6 5	1.3 1.1 1.6
Other offenses	318	12	3.8	182	57.2	118	37.1	6	1.9

Note: Dangerous drug offenses included in "Other offenses" prior to December 31, 1961.

TABLE 21—1962 OFFENSE AND EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1962

				Grad	e achie	vement	score		
Offense	Total tested	Illite	erate	Grad	e 3-8	Grade	9-11		de 12 over
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total	4,683	134	2.9	2,737	58.4	1,664	35.5	148	3.2
HomicideRobbery	219 828	10 17	4.6 2.1	131 492	59.8 59.4	68 295	31.0 35.6	10 24	4.6 2.9
Assault	199	12	6.0	142	71.4	43	21,6	2	1.0
Burglary	973	25	2.6	576	59.2	343	35.2	29	3.0
Theft except auto	313 190	8 6	$\frac{2.6}{3.2}$	172 119	55.0 62.6	120 61	38.3 32.1	13 4	4.1 2.1
Forgery and checks	832	8	1.0	393	47.2	386	46.4	45	5.4
Sex offenses	249	12	4.8	154	61.9	80	32.1	3	1.2
RapeLewd acts with child	109 85	5 4	4.6	76 49	69.7 57.6	26 31	23.9 36.5	2	1.8 1.2
Other	55	3	5.5	29	52.7	23	41.8		1.2
Narcotics	544	23	4.2	357	65.6	152	28.0	12	2.2
Opiate derivative	243	11	4.5	159	65.4	68	28.0	5	2.1
Marijuana Dangerous druge	296 5	12	4.1	197 1	66.5	80 4	27.0	7	2,4
Other offenses	336	13	3.9	201	59.8	118	34.5	6	1.8

TABLE 21—1963 OFFENSE AND EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1963

				Grad	le achie	vement	soore		
Offense	Total tested	Illite	erate	Grad	e 3-8	Grade	9-11		le 12 over
		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total	4,829	97	2.0	2,750	57.0	1,843	38.1	139	2.9
Homicide	244 879 203	9 11 10	3.7 1.3 4.9	155 505 126	63.5 57.4 62.1	73 341 65	29.9 38.8 32.0	7 22 2	2.9 2.5 1.0
Burgiary Theft except auto Auto theft Porgery and checks	987 386 195 795	17 11 6 4	1.7 2.9 3.1 0.5	584 195 120 359	59.2 50.5 61.5 45.2	352 168 67 394	35.7 43.5 34.4 49.5	34 12 2 38	3.4 3.1 1.0 4.8
Sex offenses	334 94 137 103	10 2 2	3.0 2.1 1.5 5.8	190 57 83 50	56.9 60.6 60.6 48.6	127 34 48 45	38.0 36.2 35.0 43.7	7 1 4	2.1 1.1 2.9
Narcotics Opinte derivative Marijuana Dangerous drugs	515 205 302 8	17 6 11	3.3 2.9 3.6	342 147 189 6	66.4 71.7 62.6	148 49 97 2	28.7 23.9 32.1	8 8 5	1.6 1.5 1.7
Other offenses	291	2	0.7	174	59.8	108	37.1	7	2.4

percent, and theft except auto, 10.9 percent, Table 22A. Chart VII-A indicates the relative proportion of narcotic addicts in the offense groups.

Three-fourths of the women felon narcotic offenders received during 1959-1963 were narcotic addicts. The offense group with the next highest proportion of narcotic addicts was burglary (25.9 percent), Table 22B. The percentage of women narcotic addicts in each offense group is pictured in Chart VII-B.

TABE 22A-1961 OFFENSE AND NARCOTIC ADDICTION RECORD MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961

				N	arcotic	use reco	rd		
			Not	addict			Narcot	ic addi c	t
Offense	Total		lo otics	Mari	juana	To	tal	Heroin addict	
		Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Num- ber
Total	5,841*	4,353	74.5	449	7.7	1,039	17.8	960	79
Homicide	249 934	239 743	96.0 79.5	5 80	2,0 8.6	5	2.0 11.9	4 98	1 13
Assault Burglary	209	188 953	90.0 82.7	12 54	5.7 4.7	146	4.3 12.6	7 132	10 2 14
Theft except auto	349	292	83.7	9	2.6	48	13.7	43	5
Auto theft	248 998	225 902	90.7 90.4	12 19	4.9 1.9	11 77	4.4 7.7	68 68	3 9
Sex offenses	474	441	93.1	20	4.2	13	2.7	12	í
Narcotics	888	78	8.8	224	25.2	586	66.0	556	30
Opiate derivative Marijuana	554 334	25 53	4.5 15.9	23 201	4.2 60.2	506 80	91.3 23.9	477 79	29 1
Other offenses	339	292	86.1	14	4.1	33	9.8	32	1

[•] Excludes one case dismissed by court order before information could be obtained.

OFFENSE AND NARCOTIC ADDICTION RECORD MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

1962

						Narcotic use record	180 record				
				Not a	Not addict				Narcotic addict	e addict	
· Offense	Total	No narcotics	recties	Marij	Marijuana	Dangerous drugs	us drugs	L L	Total	Heroin addict	Other opiate
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Number
Total	4,878*	3,581	73.5	283	11.9	74	1.5	640	13.1	578	£ £
Honicide Robbery Assault Burglary	245 852 213 999	211 652 170 782	86.1 76.5 84.0 78.3	21 80 18 104	8.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0	28 28 28 28	0 20 0 0 8 1 0 8	11 102 14 90	2.4.1 0.0 0.0 0.0	87 11 80	23 th to the total of the total
Theft except auto	337 194 851 260	286 153 744 226	84.8 78.9 87.4 86.9	22 24 25 25 25 25	4.5 11.3 5.3 8.1	2 11 1	0.6 1.3 0.4	34 13 12	10.1 5.7 6.0 4.6	30 112 8	4-58
Narcotic offenses Opiate derivative Marijuana Dangerous drugs	575 262 306 7	25 25 1	10.3 8.2.6 14.3	223 12 210 1	38.8 4.6 68.6 14.3	2 ⊣ + 4	1.0 0.4 0.3 57.1	287 216 70	49.9 82.4 22.9 14.3	275 209 66	51 2 4 1
Other offenses	352	283	82.1	34	9.6	89	6.0	56	4.7	ន	æ

* Excludes one case dismissed by court order before information could be obtained.
Note: Dangerous drug offenses included in "Other offenses" prior to January 1, 1962. Dangerous drug users were counted as "no narcetics" prior to January 1, 1962. Recording of special identification of dangerous drug offenses or users began January 1, 1962.

TABLE 22A-1963

OFFENSE AND NARCOTIC ADDICTION RECORD MALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT

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						Narcotic use record	ass record				
				Not a	Not addict				Narcoti	Narcotio addict	
Ойелье	Total	No narcotics	reotica	Marij	Marijusna	Dangerous drugs	ue drugs	To	Total	Heroin addict	Other opiate
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Number
Total	5,025*	3,790	75.4	598	11.9	51	1.0	586	11.7	514	72
Homicide—Robbery Assault Burgary	273 898 219 1,018	233 698 174 820	86.4 77.7 79.5 80.5	82 11 86 86	7.3 12.4 9.4	3 11 16	1,2	17 78 13 86	8 5 9 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 7 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	13 59 12 74	19 12 12
Theft except auto Auto theft. Forgery and checks Sex offenses	403 200 807 353	335 163 733 313	83.1 79.1 90.8 88.7	22.23.23	3.64.F	ଷଷ୍ଟେଶ	0.5 1.5 0.8	44 20 34 13	10.9 9.7 4.2	38 16 28 10	ಏಈ೮ೞ
Narotic offenses Opisie derivative Marijuana Dangerous drugs	544 228 813 8	67 20 44 8	12.3 9.0 14.1	226 222 203	41.5 9.9 64.9	- ;- ;	0.2	250 181 65 4	46.0 81.1 20.7	235 178 55	15 3 10 2
Other offenses.	304	254	83.5	16	5.3	60	1.0	31	10.2	æ	61

* Excludes fire tases dismissed by court order before information could be obtained.
Note: Dangeroux drug offenses included in "Other offenses" prior to January 1, 1962. Dangeroux drug users were counted as "no narcotics" prior to January 1, 1962. Recording of special identification of dangeroux drug offenses or users began January 1, 1962.

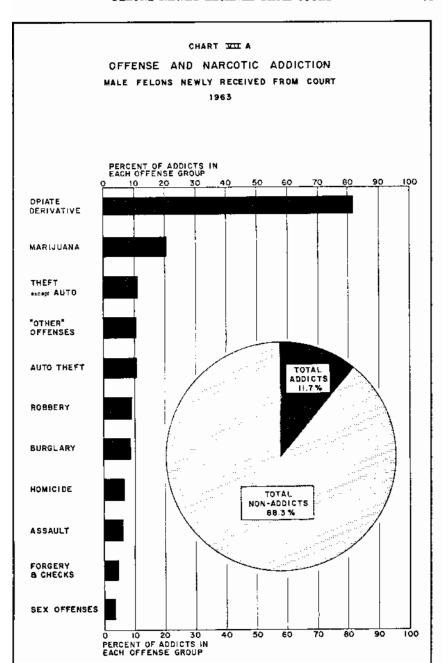


TABLE 228 OFFENSE AND NARCOTIC ADDICTION RECORD WOMEN FEIONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1959–1963

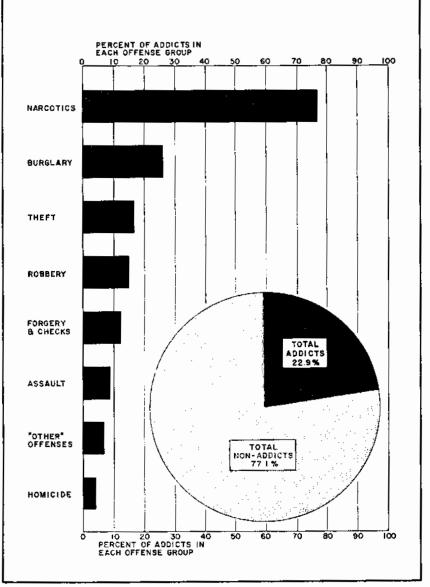
Offense total equals 100 percent. Percent computed for offenses with a total of 50 or more cases

						Nareotic use record	ise record				
				Not a	Not addict				Narcotí	Narcotic addict	
Ойелье	Total	No na	No parcotics	Marij	Marijuana	Dangerous drugs	us drugs	Ţ	Total	Heroin addict	Other opústa
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Nun.ber
Total	1,535	1,133	73.8	2 ‡	2.7	os.	9.0	352	22.9	324	28
Homicide Robbery Assault	162 84 70	154 60 64	95.1 82.1 91.4	9191	2.4	I= 1	1:2	9 12 6	3.7 14.3 8.6	11 6	:
Burglary Theft Forgery and cheeke	85 193 583	60 161 505	70.5 83.4 86.6	- 12	1.2	60 60	2.4	22.89	25.9 16.6 11.6	83 83 83	12.5
Ser offenses	6 266	25	13,2	31	11.7	::	11	200	75.1	186	: 1
Other offenses	96	7.9	91.9		1,2	1	:	9	6.9	9	:

Note: Dangerous drug offenses included in "Other offenses" prior to January 1, 1962. Dangerous drug users were counted as "no narcotics" prior to January 1, 1962. Recording of special identification of dangerous drug offenses or users began January 1, 1962.

CHART THE

OFFENSE AND NARCOTICS ADDICTION FEMALE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1959 - 1963



CHARACTERISTICS OF THE THE POPULATION IN PRISON

The prison felon population was 22,936 on December 31, 1963, approximately 3,000 more than the 19,996 on January 1, 1961. This 1963

population was comprised of 22,262 men and 674 women.

The characteristics of felons in prison differ from the characteristics of felons newly received from court. Persons committed for the more serious felony offenses serve longer sentences in prison than those committed for a less serious felony. A differential amount of time in prison alters the percentage distribution of the characteristics of men and women felons in the institution from those newly received from court. The preceding chapter summarized data of persons newly received from court during three calendar years. This chapter presents selected characteristics of the population as of December 31, in the six years, 1958 through 1963.

To portray trends in the general characteristics of the adult felony population during the past six years, percentage distribution of selected characteristics have been presented. Since each percentage distribution adds to 100 an increase in one factor was accompanied by a

decrease in one or a combination of several factors.

Persons in the reception-guidance centers on the last day of each calendar year were omitted in this chapter, because data on these persons were not available until their diagnostic studies were completed. Parolees in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Units are excluded from the institution population tables since these felons were included in the parole population.

More persons were admitted annually to prison for lesser felonies, but persons convicted of the more serious felonies stayed longer in prison. Therefore, over a period of years a population accumulates persons committed for the more serious felonies. Table 23A reflects

this accumulation when compared with Table 6A.

OFFENSE

Robbery accounted for the highest percentage of male felons in prison.

During the six years shown in Table 23A, robbery ranged from a low of 19.8 percent of the population in 1960 to a high of 22.4 percent in 1963.

The offense with the second highest percentage of male felons was burglary, but this group moved to third highest in 1961 and 1962, and returned to second position in 1963 (17.3 percent of the population).

Narcotic offenses was the group that ranked second highest on December 31, 1961 and 1962, but dropped again to third highest position in 1963. Of the male felony population in prison on December 31, narcotic offenders comprised 3 percent in 1950, 18.8 percent in 1961, and

16.3 percent in 1963. Of any offense group, the narcotic offenders have experienced the greatest change in percentage rank, as shown in Chart VIII-A.

TABLE 23A

OFFENSE GROUPS
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS IN PRISON
December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Offense	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of males*	15,953	15,843	17,840	19,557	18,950	20,669
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Homicide	6.9	7.2	7.0	6.9	7.6	7.8
Robbery	20.8	21.3	19.8	20.1	21.1	22.4
Assault	8.5	3.8	3.7	3.4	8.7	8.9
Burglary	18.6	17.9	18.0	17.7	17.1	17.3
Theft except auto	4.4	3.9	3.6	8.7	8.8	4.1
Auto theft	3.0	2.7	3.0	2.7	2.4	2.5
Forgery and checks	15.2	13.8	14.1	13.0	11.8	11.4
Rape	2.8	3.2	3.1	2.8	3.0	a.0
Other Bex	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.0 f	5.3	5.2
Narcotics	14.1	15.4	16.8	18.8	18.5	16.3
Eecape	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3
Habitual criminal	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.8
All other	2.6	2.7	8.0	8.0	2.9	3.5

^{*} Excludes the felons in the reception-guidance centers and paroless in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Units.

The total number of male felons in prison on December 31, was 17,237 in 1968, 17,080 in 1959, 20,831 in 1960, 21,038 in 1961, 20,384 in 1962, 22,262 in 1963.

TABLE 23B

OFFENSE GROUPS
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN FELONS IN PRISON
December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

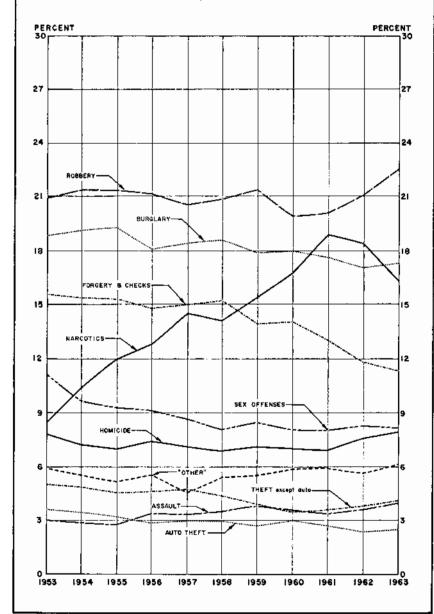
Offenee	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of women*	730	801	817	807	702	674
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Homielde	11.6	10.1	12.0	12.1	13.8	17.0
Robbery	7.3	7.5	6.4	5.5	4.5	7.4
Assault	2.5	4.0	3.4	8.7	3.6	4.3
Burglary	5.9	5.7	5.9	6.3	5.0	6.5
Theft except auto	10.7	9.7	10.1	8.7	10.4	9.3
Auto theft	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.4
Forgery and checks	30.3	33.8	33.3	33.5	33.2	27.1
Sex	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.1	8.0	0.4
Narcotics	26.3	23.5	25.0	24.7	23.4	22.0
Escape	1.6	1.8	0.9	0.6	1.0	2.0
All other	2.5	3.0	2.2	4.2	4.7	3.6

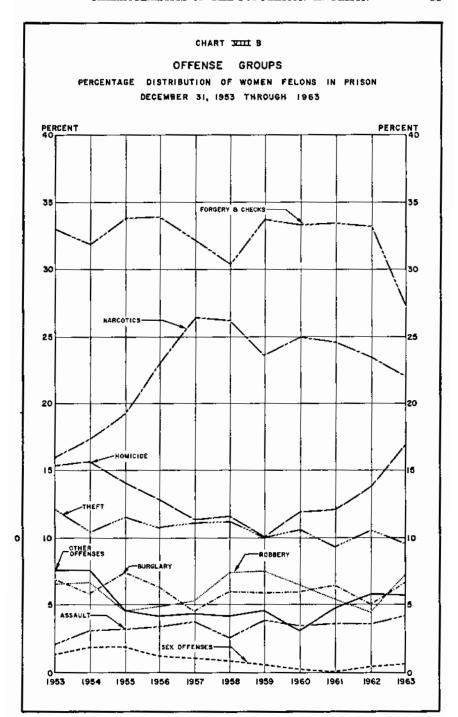
Excludes paroless in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit; 2 in 1980, 0 in 1961, 3 in 1962, 4 in 1963.
 This unit opened on August 1, 1960.

CHART VIII A

OFFENSE GROUPS

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS IN PRISON
DECEMBER 31, 1953 THROUGH 1963





The highest percentage of women felons in prison was in the forgery and check offenders group which comprised one-third of the women felony population in 1959 through 1960 and decreased to 27.1 percent by December 31, 1963.

Narcotic offenders comprised 15.9 percent of the women felony population in 1953, 26.5 percent in 1958, and 22.0 percent in 1963, Table 23B. The increase in the years 1950 through 1957 and the slight drop in the past years of the women narcotic offenders in the prison population is shown in Chart VIII-B.

AGE

The median age of male felons in prison decreased slightly from 32.1 years in 1953 to 31.9 years in 1958 through 1961, increased by one year in 1962 and decreased nearly one-half year in 1963.

The male felons in prison on December 31, 1963, had a median age of 32.4 years, Table 24A. The percentage of men under 21 years

TABLE 24A

AGE

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS IN PRISON

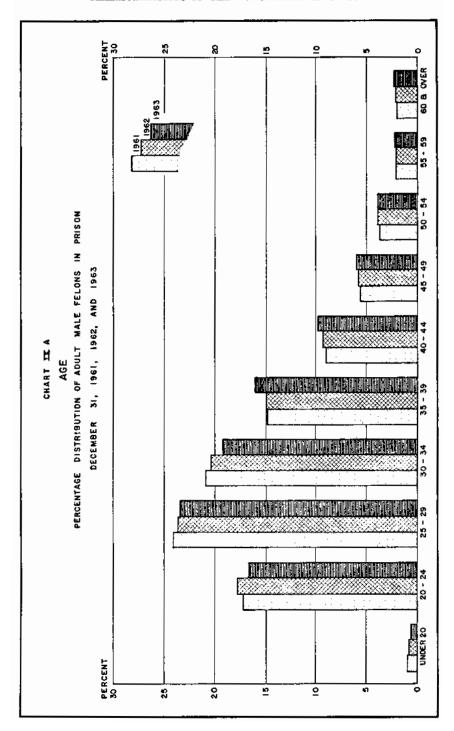
December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Age	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of males*	15,953	15,843	17,840	19,557	18,950	20,669
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 20	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.6
20-24	17.3	17.5	17.6	17.2	17.6	16.5
25-29	23.6	23.6	23.8	24.0	23.6	23.4
30-34	20.6	20.4	20.5	21.0	20.3	19.6
35–39	13.3	13.7	14.4	14.9	15.0	16.1
40-44	8.7	8.6	8.6	8.8	9.0	9.7
45-49	6.2	6.1	5.8	5.4	5.6	5.7
50-54	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.8	3.8
55-59	2.6	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2
60 and over	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.4
Median age in years	31.9	31.9	31.9	31.9	32.9	32.4
Percent under 21	2.6	2.8	2.5	2.2	2.3	2.0
Percent under 25	18.3	18.5	18.5	18.1	18.4	17.1

Excludes the felons in the reception-guidance centers and paroless in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Units.
 The total number of male felons in prison on December 31, was 17,237 in 1958, 17,080 in 1959, 20,831 in 1960, 21,038 in 1961, 20,384 in 1962, 22,262 in 1968.

of age decreased slightly after 1959. In the six years shown in this table, the proportion of male felons under 21 was greatest in 1959 (2.8 percent), and least in 1963 (2.0 percent).

The percentage distribution changes by age groups are visually emphasized in Chart IX-A.



The median age of women in prison increased three years during the past ten years. The median age was 30.7 years as of December 31, 1953, and was 33.7 years in 1963.

The percentage of women in prison under 25 years old decreased recently, Table 24B and Chart IX-B. This decrease in the percentage of women under 25 was reflected in the older median age. In 1958, 19.9 percent of the women were under 25, while in 1963, only 14.5 percent were under 25.

TABLE 24B

AGE

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN FELONS IN PRISON
December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

					·····	
Age	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of women*	730	801	817	807	702	674
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 20	0.7	1.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.0
20-24	19.2	15.6	16.4	16.1	14.4	13.5
25-29	21.2	22.1	21.3	23.9	23.0	19.1
30-34	21.0	23.1	21.8	19.7	20.7	21.8
35-39	14.5	14.6	16.3	17.0	16.2	19.3
40–44	9.0	10.0	10.1	9.0	10.0	12.2
45-49	5.0	4.9	5.1	6.8	7.8	7.3
50-54	4.1	2.8	3.3	3.0	4,4	2.7
55-59	3.0	3.1	3.1	2.4	1.4	1.3
60 and over	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.8
Median age in years	32.1	32.3	32.7	32.3	32.9	33.7
Percent under 21	3.4	3.2	3.1	2.0	2.8	1.9
Percent under 25	19.9	17.2	17.0	16.8	15.1	14.5
		1				

Excludes parolees in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit; 2 in 1960, 0 in 1961, 3 in 1962, 4 in 1963.
 This unit opened on August 1, 1960.

ETHNIC GROUPS

Most of the adult male felons in prison on December 31, 1963, were of the white ethnic group. This percentage decreased from 59.0 percent in 1958 to 55.5 percent in 1963. At the same time, the percentage of Negro in prison increased from 21.8 percent in 1958 to 26.0 percent in 1963. The percentage of white, Mexican descent was approximately the same in 1958 and 1963, 16.8 and 16.7 percent respectively, after a slight increase to 18.2 percent in 1961, Table 25A.

The percentage of women felons of the white ethnic group in the prison population fluctuated over a period of years. This group comprised 61.2 percent of the population in 1958, increased to 65.4 percent

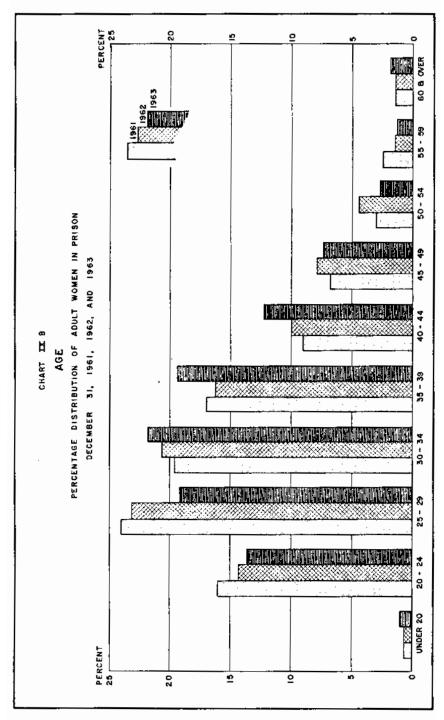


TABLE 25A ETHNIC GROUPS

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS IN PRISON December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Ethnic groups	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of males*	15,953	15,843	17,840	19,557	18,950	20,669
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	59.0 16.8 21.8 2,4	58.3 16.8 22.6 2.3	57.5 17.1 23.1 2.3	56.3 18.2 23.6 1.9	55.7 17.7 24.7 1.9	55.5 16.7 26.0 1.8

Excludes the felons in the reception-guidance centers and parolees in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Units. The total number of male felons in prison on December 31, was 17,237 in 1968, 17,080 in 1959, 20,831 in 1960, 21,038 in 1961, 20,384 in 1962, 22,262 in 1963.

in 1961, and decreased to 59.4 percent by December 31, 1963, Table 25B. From 1958 through 1961 the percentage of the Negro ethnic group in the women felony population decreased slightly, then increased in 1962 and 1963, being 28.5 percent in 1961 and 32.0 percent in 1963. The white, Mexican descent group comprised a very slight proportion of the women population, but this proportion changed during the past three years from 3.5 percent in 1961 to 5.9 percent in 1963.

TABLE 25B
ETHNIC GROUPS
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN FELONS IN PRISON
December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Ethnic groups	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of women*	730	801	817	807	702	674
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	61.2 4.4 81.4 3.0	62.5 4.4 29.5 3.6	62.6 4.0 30.0 3.4	65.4 3.5 28.5 2.6	64.1 4.4 29.5 2.0	59.4 5.9 32.0 2.7

Excludes paroless in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit; 2 in 1960, 0 in 1961, 3 in 1962, 4 in 1963.
 This unit opened on August 1, 1960.

PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD

Slightly less than one-half of the male felons in prison served one or more prison terms prior to the present incarceration. This has been true since 1959. Men without a prior commitment record of any kind have tended to become proportionately fewer, while male felons who have served a prior jail or juvenile sentence have increased relative to the number of men in prison, Table 26A and Chart X-A. The change in the proportion of those with no prior commitment and

TABLE 26A PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS IN PRISON December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Type of prior committment served	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of males*	15,953	15,843	17,840	19,557	18,950	20,689
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No prior commitment	11.9	12.0	11.6	11.9	11.7	10.8
Prior jail or juvenile only	38.0 50.1	39.1 48.9	40.7 47.7	41.4 46.7	41.8 46.5	41.0 48.2
One prison	26.1	25.5	24.9	24.7	24.4	25.0
Two prison	12.4	11.9	11.9	11.5	11.5	12.1
Three prison	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.7	5.9
Four or more prison	5.4	5.6	5.1	4.9	4.9	5.2

Excludes the felons in the reception-guidance centers and paroless in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Units. The total number of male felons in prison on December 31, was 17,237 in 1958, 17,080 in 1959, 20,831 in 1960, 21,038 in 1961, 20,384 in 1962, 22,262 in 1963.

those with a prior jail or juvenile commitment record is partially due to the development of an increasingly more efficient reporting system of arrests and dispositions in California during the past decade.

Thirty-one percent of the women in prison on December 31, 1963, served prison sentences prior to this commitment; 21 percent of those in prison in 1958 had such a record.

The proportion of women in prison who had served prior prison commitments showed an increase during the years 1958 through 1963, Table 26B. The percentage of women in prison with a prior commitment record differed from that of the male felons, as portrayed in

TABLE 26B
PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN FELONS IN PRISON
December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Type of prior commitment served	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of women*	730	801	817	807	702	674
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No prior commitment	33.3 45.6	81.0 46.3	31. 7 42.8	32.7 41.8	31.6 40.8	30.6 38.8
Prior prison commitment	21.1	22.7	25.5	25.5	27.6	31.1
One prison Two prison	15.2 3.8	16.4 4.1	18.8 4.7	19.1 4.1	19.2 5.8	21.3 6.1
Three prison	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.2 1.1	1.9	2.4 1.3

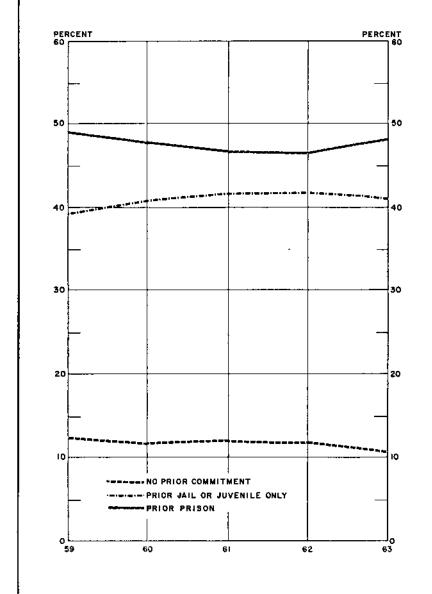
Excludes paroless in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit; 2 in 1960, 0 in 1961, 8 in 1962, 4 in 1968.
 This unit opened on August 1, 1960.

CHART I A

PRIOR COMMITMENT RECORD

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS IN PRISON

1959 - 1963



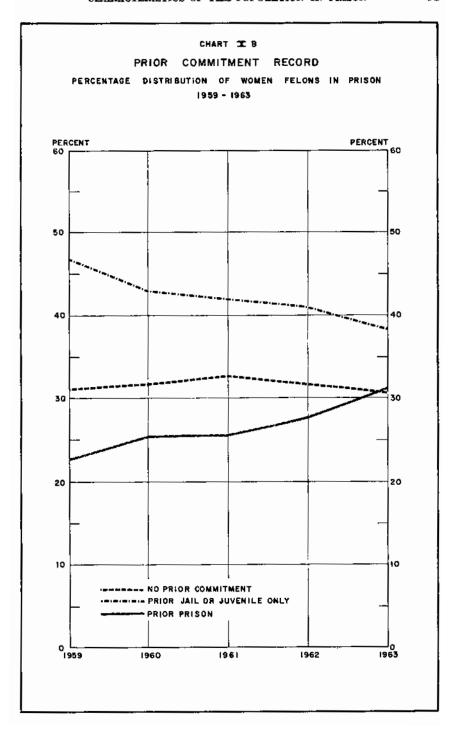


Chart X-B. The percent in prison with prior prison commitments increased for the women and decreased slightly for the male felons.

Women felons who had no previous experience of incarceration for criminal offenses decreased from 33.3 percent of the prison population in 1958 to 30.6 percent in 1963.

STATUS WITH REFERENCE TO PAROLE

Two-thirds of the male felons in prison on December 31, 1963, had never been paroled since commitment.

The percentage of male felons who were never paroled since commitment decreased from 76.0 percent in 1959 to 66.2 percent in 1963.

TABLE 27A

STATUS WITH REFERENCE TO PAROLE
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS IN PRISON
December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Status with reference to parole	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of males*	15,953	15,843	17,840	19,557	18,950	20,669
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not paroled since commitment. Paroled and returned	75.5 24.5	78.0 24.0	74.2 25.8	72.0 28.0	69.9 30.1	66.2 33.8
Once as violator	19.8 3.8	18.9 4.2	19.9 4.9	21.3 5.6	21.8 6.6	23.5 7.9
lator	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.7	2.4

Excludes the felons in the reception-guidance centers and paroless in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Units.
 The total number of male felons in prison on December 31, was 17,237 in 1958, 17,030 in 1959, 20,831 in 1960, 21,038 in 1961, 20,384 in 1962, 22,262 in 1963.

Table 27A. Men who had been paroled and returned to prison once because of violation of their parole agreement increased from 18.9 percent of the 1959 population to 23.5 percent of the 1963 population. The percentage of those returned from parole two or more times likewise increased from 1958 to 1963, i.e., 4.7 percent to 10.3 percent, respectively.

The resident population of the women felons who had not been paroled since commitment showed a decrease from 75.5 percent in 1960 to 60.7 percent in 1963. Correspondingly, the women inmates who had been returned to prison from parole increased from 24.5 percent of the population on December 31, 1960, to 39.3 percent in 1963, Table 27B. This increase in percentage of women felons in the population who had been paroled and returned was greatest for those who had been returned two or more times as violators. These comprised 7.8 percent of the population in 1959 and 20.0 percent in 1963.

TABLE 27B STATUS WITH REFERENCE TO PAROLE PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN FELONS IN PRISON December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Status with reference to parole	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of women*	730	801	817	807	702	674
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not paroled since commitment_ Paroled and returned	73.7 26.3	71.9 28.1	75.5 24.5	74.3 25.7	67.2 32.8	60.7 39.3
Once as violator	17.5 5.8	20.3 5.0	15.9 6.1	14.4 7.8	19.2 9.6 4.0	19.3 11.4 8.6
lator	3.0	2.8	2.5	3.0	4.0	8.6

Excludes parolees in the Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit; 2 in 1960, 0 in 1961, 3 in 1962, 4 in 1963.
 This unit opened on August 1, 1960.

YOUTH AUTHORITY WARDS

The Department of the Youth Authority is authorized to use other facilities within the State for the care and treatment of persons under their jurisdiction. The Department of Corrections provides custodial supervision and training for some of the older Youth Authority wards. Most of the Youth Authority wards housed in the Department of Corrections are 18 years of age or older, and are similar to the young men who have been committed to the Department of Corrections by the superior court.

The California Department of Corrections was caring for 1,562 Youth Authority male wards, and 23 women on December 31, 1963. Of these young women 19 were in the California Institution for Women at Frontera, and 4 were at the California Rehabilitation Center at Corona.

In the Department of Corrections the Youth Authority young men were housed as follows: 905 in Deuel Vocational Institution, 533 in Correctional Training Facility, 76 in California Medical Facility, 32 in California Rehabilitation Center, 15 in California Institution for Men and 1 in San Quentin.

The characteristics of the Youth Authority young men in the Department of Corrections on December 31, 1961, 1962 and 1963, as shown in Table 28, did not include the wards under clinical study in the reception-guidance centers. Of the 1,273 Youth Authority male wards for whom clinical case studies were completed on December 31, 1963, 255 men, 20.0 percent, had been sent to the Department of Youth Authority by the juvenile court. In 1962, 15.5 percent of the male wards under the custodial supervision of the Department of Corrections were juvenile court committed cases.

Burglary (20.2 percent) ranked highest among the offenses for which the Youth Authority men in the Department of Corrections

TABLE 28 CHARACTERISTICS OF YOUTH AUTHORITY MALE WARDS DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS INSTITUTIONS December 31, 1961, 1962, and 1963

	19	61	196	2	1963		
Selected characteristics	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Number of Youth Authority							
Wards*	1,369	100.0	1,222	100.0	1,278	100.0	
Juvenile court cases	242	17.4	189	15.5	255	20.0	
Criminal court cases	1,147	82.6	1,033	84.5	1,018	80.0	
Offense	1.389	100.0	1,222	100.0	1,273	100.0	
Homiside	28	2.0	25	2.0	17	1.4	
Robbery	265	19.1	223	18.3	228	17.9	
Assault	77	5.5	102	8.3	103	8.0	
Burglary	338	24.3	282	23.1	258	20.2	
Theit except suto	69	5.0	85	7.0	112	8.8	
Auto theft	197	14.2	181	14.8	196	15.4	
Forgery and checks	70	5.0	47	3.8	51	4.0	
Sex offenses	86	6.2	68	5.6	65	5.2	
Narcotice	107	7.7	91	7.4	93	7.3	
Other offenses	152	11.0	118	9.7	150	11.8	
Ethnic groups	1,389	100.0	1,222	100.0	1.273	100.0	
White	773	55.6	641	52.5	677	53.2	
White, Mexican descent	302	21.8	241	19.7	258	20.3	
Negro	286	20.6	321	26.3	324	25.4	
Other	28	2.0	19	1.5	14	1.1	
Age in years	1.389	100.0	1,222	100.0	1,273	100.0	
15	1	1.0	2,244	200.0			
16	7	0.5	2	0.2	4	0.3	
17	48	3.5	20	1.6	39	3.1	
18	273	19.6	166	13.6	194	15.2	
19	447	32.1	413	33.8	390	30.6	
20	372	26.8	362	29.6	369	29.0	
21	202	14.5	204	16.7	211	16.6	
22	29	2.1	44	8.6	47	3.7	
23	5	0.4	10	0.8	10	0.8	
24	ō	0.4	i	0.1	9	0.7	
Median age in years	19.8		20.0		20.0		

^{*} Excludes male wards in reception-guidance center at Deuel Vocational Institution.

had been convicted, with robbery (17.9 percent) second, and auto theft (15.4 percent) third, on December 31, 1963. The ranking of these offense groups was the same for the past few years, although, the percentage had fluctuated. There was a slight decrease in the percentage of persons with robbery or burglary and an increase in the percent convicted of auto theft.

On December 31, 1963, 53.2 percent of the Youth Authority young men in the Department of Corrections were of the white ethnic group, 20.3 percent were of the white, Mexican descent, and 25.4 percent were Negro. The median age of the Youth Authority men was 20.0 years in 1962 and 1963.

FELONS RELEASED FROM PRISON

Over 98 percent of all felons committed to the Department of Corrections were eventually returned to free society.

An inmate found guilty of a felony and committed to the Department of Corrections by the superior court, is either under an indeterminate sentence or a definite sentence of life or death. Under the indeterminate sentence law, the maximum and minimum terms are specified by State statutes. The minimum time a person must serve may be increased by other statutory provisions which cause an aggravation or lengthening of the minimum term. The court findings which increase the length of stay in prison are a prior conviction, use or possession of a deadly weapon or one or more consecutive sentences.

Within the statutory sentences set forth in the California law, the Adult Authority for the male felons and the Board of Trustees for the women felons determine the length of time an inmate must serve for each offense. The length of time served in an institution and on parole before discharge is fixed by the sentencing boards after a personal interview with each inmate and after study of the case history and the institution adjustment record. The sentencing boards also have the authority to return to prison felons who violate parole and to re-release them again within the maximum statutory term.

In studying the time served in prison before release, the time served by those in an institution for their first incarceration under the present offense must be separated from the time served by those who have been returned to prison after a violation on parole. The measurement of time served by a person after return to an institution from parole cannot be specified as to the proportion of time attributable to the original offense and the additional proportion resulting from criminal behavior while on parole.

METHOD OF RELEASE

Over 88 percent of the male felons released in 1963 were released to parole supervision. Only 10 percent were discharged at expiration of sentence.

The most common method of release from California prisons is by parole. Some information on methods of release is given in Table 3, but further classification of these methods is presented in Table 29A for the male felons and Table 29B for the women felons.

Studying methods of first release, the percentage of male felons released to parole supervision increased continuously during the past five years, shown in Table 29A. Of the 5,417 male felons released from prison for the first time in 1959, having never been paroled, 85.6 percent were paroled and 13.3 percent were discharged at expiration

TABLE 29A METHOD OF RELEASE MALE FELONS RELEASED FROM PRISON 1959 through 1963

	19	959	19	060	19	61	19	62	10	63
Method of release	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num-	Per-
Total	7,145	100.0	5,711	100.0	6,377*	100.0	8,174*	100.0	8,405*	100.0
Parole	5,751	80.5	4.871	85.3	5,628	88.3	7.317	89.5	5.680	88.7
Expiration of septence	1.324	18.5	750	13.1	661	10.4	780	9.6	655	10.2
Death	64	0.9	81	1.4	80	1.2	67	0.8	69	1.3
Execution	6	0.1	9	0.2	8	0.1	10	0.1	1	0.0
First release	5,417	100.0	4,417	100.0	4,851	100.0	5,897	100.0	4,380	100.0
Parole	4.637	85.6	3.907	88.4	4,435	91.4	5.415	91.8	4,058	92.6
Expiration of sentence	722	13.3	441	10.0	354	7.3	426	7.3	276	6.3
Death	53	1.0	62	1.4	56	1.2	49	0.8	45	1.0
Execution	5	0.1	7	0.2	6	0.1	7	0.1	1	0.1
Re-release	1,728		1,294		1,526		2,277		2,025	
After return with new										
commitment.	836	100.0	661	100.0	727	100.0	1,627	100.0	710	100.0
Parole	685	81.9	561	84.9	636	87.5	945	92.0	640	90.1
Expiration of sentence	147	17.6	84	12.7	75	10.3	73	7.1	60	8.5
Death	3	0.4	14	2.1	14	1.9	6	0.6	10	1.4
Execution	1	0.1	2	0.3	2	0.3	3	0.3		
After return without new commitment	892	100.0	633	100.0	799	100.0	1,250	100.0	1,315	100.0
					'					
Parole		48.1	403	63.7	557*	69.7	957*		982*	
Expiration of sentence	455	51.0	225	35.5	232*	29.0	281	22.5	319	24.3
Death	8	0.9	5	0.8	10	1.3	12	1.0	14	1.0
			ı			I		ı	I	l

Excludes releases from Narcotic Treatment-Control Units: 61 men reparoled in 1961 after suspension from parole; 1 man discharged in 1961 after suspension from parole; 140 men reparoled in 1962 after suspension from parole; 141 men reparoled in 1963 after suspension from parole. The first unit opened on October 1, 1959.

of sentence. By 1963, these two percentages were 92.6 percent paroled and 6.3 percent discharged at expiration of sentence.

The methods of release for men re-released after return from parole with a new commitment are similar to those released for the first time. Of the 710 men re-released in 1963, after return from parole with a new commitment, 90.1 percent were placed under parole supervision again, and 8.5 percent were discharged directly from prison.

The methods of release for the 1,315 men re-released in 1963, after return without a new commitment, differed markedly from those released for the first time; three-fourths were reparoled and approximately one-fourth were discharged directly from prison.

Most women were paroled from prison. Ninety-seven percent of the women released during the combined five years, 1959-1963, were paroled.

TABLE 29B METHOD OF RELEASE WOMEN FELONS RELEASED FROM PRISON 1959 through 1963

Method of release	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1959-1963	
						Number	Percent
Total	384	429	570*	609*	554*	2,546	100.0
Parole	359	412	558	597	546	2,472	97.1
Expiration of sentence	21	16	10	10	6	63	2.5
Death	4	1 1	2	1 1	2	10	0.4
Execution				1		1	0.0
First release	260	280	388	414	312	1,654	100.0
Parole	253	278	382	410	310	1,633	98.7
Expiration of sentence	4	1	4	2	1	12	0.7
Death	3	1	2	1	1	8	0.5
Execution		:		1		1	0.1
Re-release	124	149	182	195	242	892	ļ .
After return with new commit-						l	
ment	21	29	46	45	49	190	100.0
Parole	20	29	46	44	48	187	98.4
Expiration of sentence.				l ī	1	2	1.1
Death	1			-	_	1	0.5
After return without new com-							
mitment	103	120	136	150	193	702	100.0
Parole	86	105	130*	143*	188*	652	92.9
Expiration of sentence.	17	15	6	7	4	49	7.0
Death					ī	l ī	0.1

Excludes releases from Narcotic Treatment-Control Units: 4 women reparoled in 1961 after suspension from parole; 8 women reparoled in 1962 after suspension from parole; 10 women reparoled in 1963 after suspension from parole. This unit opened on August 1, 1960.

Of the 1,654 women felons released from the institutions for the first time in 1959 through 1963, 98.7 percent were paroled, and less than 1 percent were discharged at expiration of sentence having never been on parole. Of the 892 women re-released after return from parole, 94 percent were reparoled, and 6 percent were discharged.

PAROLE

More felons were paroled in 1962 than ever before in the history of California. This was true for both the men and women felons.

In 1962, 7,317 male felons were released from prison and placed under parole supervision, Table 30A. This was a 27 percent increase from the 5,751 paroled in 1959, the second highest number of men ever paroled in a calendar year. The 5,680 men paroled in 1963 were 22 percent less than the 7,317 paroled in 1962.

TABLE 30A

TYPE OF PAROLE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON BEFORE LAST PAROLE BY YEAR

MALE FELONS PAROLED 1950 through 1963

				Reparoled after return to prison						
Year of parole	Total number	First	parole		ı new itment	Without new commitment				
	paroled	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months			
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954		1,987 2,282 2,185 2,717 2,874	27 30 30 30 30 30	149 178 187 299 251	39 42 45 42 44	194 186 123 165 147	16 13 16 18 20			
1955 1956 1957 1958	3,419 4,117 3,849 3,739 5,751	2,975 3,557 3,253 3,088 4,637	30 29 30 27 24	295 416 448 457 685	45 39 39 38 38	149 144 148 194 429	17 17 19 18			
1960 1961 1962 1963	4,871 5,628 7,317 5,680	3,907 4,435 5,415 4,058	24 27 27 27 30	561 636 945 640	33 36 31 33	403 557* 957* 982*	21 20 19 21			

^{*} Excludes men reparoled from Marcotic Treatment-Control Units, 61 in 1961, 140 in 1962, and 141 in 1963. The first unit opened on October 1, 1958.

The 597 women felons paroled in 1962 represented a 7.0 percent increase over the previous all time high of 558 women paroled during 1961, Table 30B.

The various types of parole must be studied individually when considering time served before parole. When a person is paroled for the first time, the length of time served in prison can be considered as related to the offense or offenses for which the person was committed. Those reparoled after return to prison from parole are classified into two groups, reparoled after return to prison with a new commitment and reparoled after return to prison without a new commitment.

When an individual is released after return to prison one or more times for parole violation, the time served during his return may be based not only on the original offense, but also on subsequent violating acts which may have been either of a technical nature or a new felony conviction. As there is no method of determining the amount of servitude attributable to the original offense and the amount attributable to the subsequent violations, the length of time served by those reparoled is not classified by offense groups. The median time served by felony offenders in prison prior to parole is given in Table 30A for the male felons and in Table 30B for the women felons.

TABLE 30B

TYPE OF PAROLE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON BEFORE LAST PAROLE BY YEAR WOMEN FELONS PAROLED

1950 through 1963

					Reparoled after return to prison					
Year of parole	Total number	First	parole		new itment	Without new commitment				
	paroled	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months			
1950	163	128	26	4		31	14			
1951	115	82	26	8		30	14			
1952	177	155	26	4		18				
1953	200	163	24	13] - -	24				
1954	190	148	23	9		33	13			
1955	230	187	24	9		34	14			
1956	275	195	25	18	٠	62	13			
1957	244	182	24	15		47	17			
1958	320	251	24	25	29	44	14			
1959	359	253	24	20		86	13.5			
1960	412	278	20	29	23	105	15			
1961	558	382	20	46	23	130*	10			
1962	597	410	17	44	22	143*	8			
1963	546	310	15	48	20	188*	8			

Excludes women reparoled from Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit, 4 in 1961, 8 in 1962 and 10 in 1963.
 This unit opened on August 1, 1960.

The median time served by male felons before first parole was relatively constant from 1950 through 1957. This median was approximately 30 months. Time served decreased for five years, 1958 through 1962, and returned to 30 months in 1963. The median was 30 months for 7 of the past 14 years (1950–1963), 29 months from 1956, 27 months for 1950, 1958, 1961 and 1962, and 24 months for 1959 and 1960.

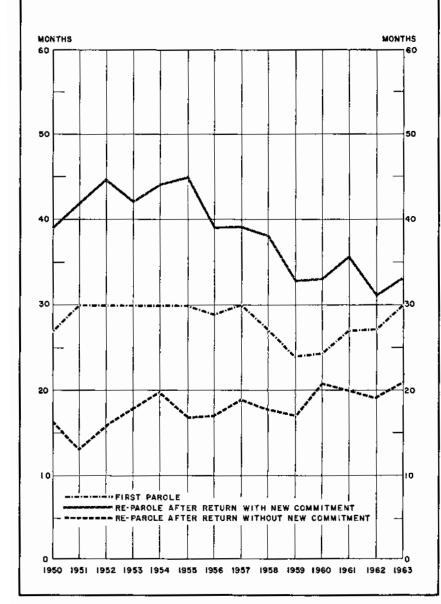
The median time served by men before reparole after return with a new felony commitment varied during the past 14 years. A high median of 45 months occurred in 1952 and 1955, a low of 31 months in 1962, and a median of 33 months represented the time served before re-released to parole in 1963.

The male felons returned to prison without a new commitment served less time in prison before reparole than the other types of parole. In 1960, while the other types showed a decrease in the length of time served before release, those reparoled after return without a new commitment showed an increase. The median time served by this group before reparole in 1960 and 1963 was 21 months, the highest it ever was during the past 14 years. The relationship among these three groups in the amount of time served is shown in Chart XI-A.

CHART XI A

TYPE OF PAROLE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON BEFORE LAST PAROLE

MALE FELONS PAROLED 1950 THROUGH 1963



Women felons served less time in prison before parole in 1963 than ever before in the history of this State since time served data have been compiled.

Type of parole and the median time served before parole are shown in Table 30B for the women felons paroled in each calendar year, 1950 through 1963. The median time served by the women felons prior to release to first parole varied only three months during 1950 through 1959, 26 months to 23 months. The median decreased to 20 months for those released in 1960 and 1961. It continued to decrease to 17 months for those released in 1962, and to 15 months for those released in 1963.

The number of women returned to prison with a new commitment has been so small in the past years that only once before 1960 did the number reparoled exceed 25 cases. The median time served in prison by women reparoled after return with a new commitment decreased from 23 months in 1960 to 20 months in 1963.

Women reparoled after return without a new commitment had median time served range from a high of 17 months in 1957 to a low of eight months before release in 1962 and 1963. The median time served by these three types before parole during the years 1950 through 1963 is shown in Chart XI-B.

FIRST PAROLE

Male felons convicted of offenses against person served more time in prison than those convicted of other crimes.

During 1963, 4,058 male felons were released to first parole. The median time served by these men before first parole was 30 months. The amount of time served by men before parole becomes more meaningful when related to type of offense and when compared with trends over previous years. The median time served is presented by offense groups for more than 25 male felons in Table 31A for the men first paroled in 1959 through 1963.

Before first parole in 1963, male felons served longest median time in prison for: murder second degree, 64 months; robbery first degree, 38 months; rape, 38 months; and escape from prison, 39 months (this would be a consecutive sentence with the original commitment). The least time served in prison before first parole was for the offense escape from county jail or camp, a median of 12 months. Forgery and check offenders served medians of 18 months before first parole in 1963, Chart XII-A.

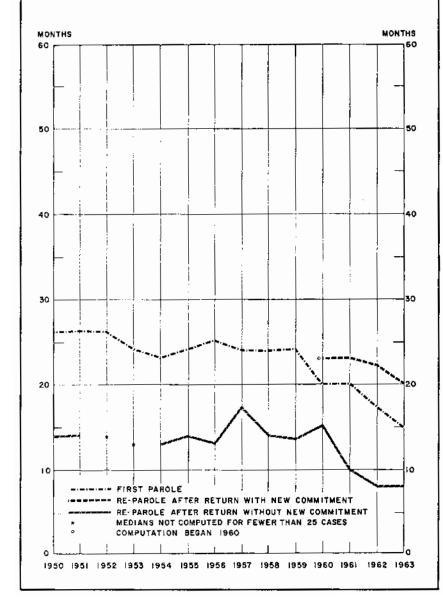
The median time served in prison before first parole was 15 months for the 310 women felons paroled in 1963, the least time served in prison before first parole in the history of this State.

In order to have a larger number in offense categories for studying time served, each offense group of the women first paroled during 1959 through 1963 has been summarized. The effect of summarizing five years must be considered in studying the time served by these offense groups. In summarizing these groups, note that the median

CHART II B

TYPE OF PAROLE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON BEFORE LAST PAROLE

WOMEN FELONS PARGLED 1950 THROUGH 1963



OFFENSE AND TIME SERVED IN PRISON MALE FELONS PAROLED FOR THE FIRST TIME 1959 through 1963

IABLE 31A

	16	1959	18	1960	19	1961	18	1962	19	1963
Selected offense groups*	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Mediau time served in months
All offenses†	4,637	75	3,907	57	4,435	27	5,415	72	4,058	30
Murder 1st. Murder 2nd Manalaughter	32 48 57	138.5 72 36	16 43 52	139 63 36	21 22 35	141 69.5 36	17 52 68	150 26 36	1488 4488 834	128
Robbery 1st. Robbery 2nd. Attempted robbery	450 170 26	2 2 8	416 185 38	22,22	208 22	888	515 234 48	#88 8	372 186 36	800
Assault with deadly weapon	117	83	96	30	140	36	163	83	126	32
Burgiary 1st Burgiary 2nd Attempted burgiary 2nd	852 27	98 82 81	69 77 77	35.5 24 20.5	80 847 18	36 24 18	122 973 28	**	104 714 18	35 24 25.2
Grand theft except suto	185 191 71 31	23 18 17	170 145 55 27	21.5 18 21 15	151 197 56 34	19 19 20 8.6.5	186 252 43 52	19 18 18	167 128 34 37	2828
Forgery and checks	1,007	18	818	18	826	18	1,101	18	726	18
RapeLewd acts with children	69 139	37	67 108	38	117	39	108 116	36.5	69 115	88
Narcctics Opiate derivative Marijuans	736 428 308	32 37 37 37	588 372 216	30 33 24	562 337 225	888	871 474 397	888	787 465 322	888
Escape from juit or county camp.	74 25	27.0	69 21	112	83 26	113 46.5	102	18	70 75	39

* Only offense groups with 25 or more esses in at least one of the five years are shown. Median computed for 15 or more cases. † Includes offenses not aboven.



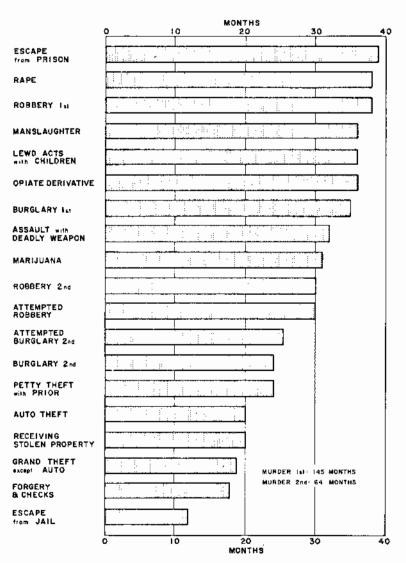
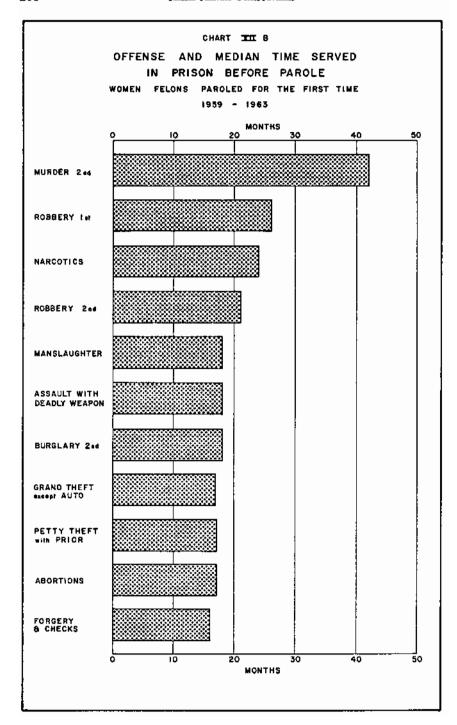


TABLE 31B OFFENSE AND TIME SERVED IN PRISON WOMEN FELONS PAROLED FOR THE FIRST TIME 1959 through 1963

	31	1959	19	1960	19	1961	19	1963	19	1963	1959.	1959-1963
Selected offense groups*	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months
All offensest	253	24	278	20	382	20	410	17	810	15	1,633	18
Murder 2nd	:: E	11	N O	l t	25.55	212	26 8	189	17	17	31	42 18
Robbery letRobbery & ad	€ 4	: t	113 0	11	83 80	1 1	14	1 1	4.01	11	37	26
Assault with deadly weapon.	4	;	*	;	12	;	6	:	1	1	30	18
Burglary 2nd	ø	ı	16	19	18	ĸ	20	15.5	17	16	8	18
Grand theft except auto	19 8	ଷ †	18 8	22.5	స్తోత	18	\$. 4.0	15	35.	14	141 27	17
Forgery and checks	18	8	104	18	152	18	149	15	135	23	621	16
Narcotica	42	22	57	56	83	58	8	18	3	22	358	**
Abortion	7.5	;	ıo	1	4	;	a	1	ф	1	83	71

* Only offerse groups with a total of 25 or more cases in the 5-year period are shown. Median computed for 15 or more cases. Includes offenses not shown.



time served was 18 months for all offenses. This was higher than the median for the past two years, Table 31B, and as shown in Chart XII-B.

During 1959 through 1963, women committed for murder second degree served the longest median time, 42 months. Women convicted of forgery and check offenses served 16 months. This was the shortest median time served by any offense group for which there were 25 or more cases in five years.

DISCHARGE FROM PRISON AT EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

Male felons served 21 months median time in prison before first release by discharge in 1963. The median time served had been 24 months, the same every year from 1950 through 1962, except in 1955 and 1956 when the median was 30 months.

The number of adult male felons discharged from prison at expiration of sentence differs greatly from year to year. There were 655 male felons discharged from prison in 1963, which was one-half the number (1,324) discharged in 1959. The fluctuation in the number discharged from prison at expiration of sentence occurs principally in those first released by discharge and those released after return with a new commitment. The time served by men in institutions before discharge at expiration of sentence is considered separately for those who had never been on parole, and for those who have had parole experience and had been returned to prison, either with a new commitment or without a new commitment, Table 32A.

Chart XIII shows that men who had served their entire sentence in prison without having been paroled spent a median time of 24 months in prison before parole during all but three years, 1955, 1956 and 1963, of the past fourteen years. Those released in 1963 served a median of 21 months before expiration of sentence.

Male felons discharged after return from parole with a new commitment served a median of 31 months in prison before discharge in 1963. This was the least median time served by this class of felons in the history of this State.

Those discharged after return from parole without a new commitment served 14 months median time before discharge in 1963, the shortest median time served before discharge by this group. This was one month less than the 15 months for those discharged in 1962, which, in turn, was one month less than the 16 months median for those discharged in 1959.

The number of women discharged from prison each year is so few that computation of median time served would not be meaningful, Table 32B. During the entire fourteen years, 1950 through 1963, only two women were discharged after return with a new commitment.

TABLE 32A

TYPE OF DISCHARGE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON DURING LAST STAY BEFORE DISCHARGE BY YEAR

MALE FELONS DISCHARGED FROM PRISON AT EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE 1950 through 1963

·———·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Disch	arged after r	eturu from	parole
Year of	Total number		release charge	With new	commitment		ut new itment
discharge	discharged	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months
1950 1951 1952 1953	783 982 579 822 776	340 474 308 429 379	24 24 24 24 24 24	31 45 33 71 62	42 43 51 48 48.5	412 463 238 322 835	18 20 18 20.5 20
1955		491 519 490 551 722	30 30 24 24 24	98 112 111 91 147	48 47 38 40 33	427 876 265 285 455	19 18 19 17 16
1960 1961 1962 1968		441 354 426 276	24 24 24 21	84 75 73 60	33.5 36 33 31	225 232* 281 319	17 17 15 14

^{*} Excludes 1 man re-released by discharge in 1961 from Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit.

OFFENSE

The median time served in prison before discharge differed among offense groups. The male felons who served their entire sentence in prison without being paroled served a median time of 18 months before discharge in 1963. The median time served before first release by discharge for those convicted of burglary second gradually decreased, having been 32.5 months in 1959, 30 months in 1960 and 1961, 27 months in 1962, and 24 months in 1963. During the past five years, some variation occurred in the median time served of those convicted of the other offenses shown in Table 33, but the variation was not as great as for burglary second.

DEATH

Excluding executions, 80 male felons and 2 women felons died while in prison in 1961, Table 3. The median time served by the 80 men was 25.5 months before death, the total range was 1 to 435 months. Fifty-six men had never been on parole since their original commitment and 14 men had been returned from parole with a new commitment. The median age at time of death was 47 years for these 80 male felons, the youngest was 21 years and the oldest 84 years.

CHART XIII

TYPE OF DISCHARGE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON BEFORE DISCHARGE

MALE FELONS RELEASED FROM PRISON BY DISCHARGE 1953 THROUGH 1963

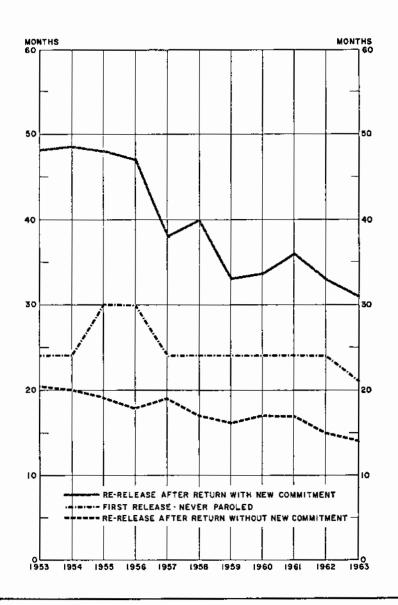


TABLE 32B

TYPE OF DISCHARGE

WOMEN FELONS DISCHARGED FROM PRISON AT EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

1950 through 1963

	Total number	First relea se		after return parole
Year of discharge	discharged	by discharge	With new commitment	Without new commitment
1950	9	1		9
1951	3	l î		, š
1952	5	3		
1953	o			"
1954	2	2	ļ - -	
1804	4	2		ļ
1955	1			1
1956	2			2
1957	3	2		1
1958	6	1	1	5
1959	21	4	1	17
		_		
1960	16	1		15
1961	10	4	1	6
1982	10	2	1	7
1963	6	1	1	4

In 1962, 68 felons died while in prison, including one woman. The median time served by the 67 male felons was 26 months and the range was 0 to 430 months. Forty-nine men, or 73 percent, had never been on parole since their original commitment and 12 men had been returned without a new commitment. The median age at death was 51 years for the 67 male felons, the youngest was 18 years and the oldest was 87 years.

In 1963, 69 male felons and 2 women felons died while in prison. The median time served by the 69 men was 25 months before death, with a range of from 0 to 523 months. Of these 69 men, 45 had never been paroled since their original commitment. The median age at death was 49 years, the youngest being 22 years and the oldest 88 years.

Of the 216 male felons who died during 1961-1963, 17 percent had been convicted of homicide and 15 percent for sex offenses.

EXECUTION

California has executed 103 persons during the past 14 years, 1950 through 1963. One execution occurred during 1963.

During these same 14 years, 209 persons were received in prison with a death sentence; 66 were received in 1950–1954; 60 in 1955–1959; and 83 in 1960–1963. During this same time, 103 persons were executed, 39 in the first period, 35 in the second period and 29 in the last four years. Death penalty sentences were removed in 65 cases, and 6 persons died while awaiting execution, Table 34.

TABLE 33

MALE FELONS FIRST RELEASED FROM PRISON BY DISCHARGE AT EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE OFFENSE AND TIME SERVED IN PRISON

1959 through 1963

	19	1959	19	1960	1961	63	19	1962	19	1963
Selected offense groups*	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months	Number	Median time served in months
All offensest	722	* **	441	24	354	24	426	24	655	18
Burglary 2nd	128	32.5	82	30	58	30	16	27	65	24
Grand theft except auto. Auto theft. Petty theft with prior.	34 69 66	29.5 24 17.5	20 32 32	8 2 2	17 33 18	30 24 18	.8 39	188	11 29 15	12,81
Forgery and checks	167	22	8	13	7.5	27	92	75	49	75
Narcotica	83	45	15	38	es	;	t-	;	ю	;
Escape from jail or county camp.	101	Çı.	88	¢.	7.9	13	69	11	67	12

*Only offense groups with 25 or more cases in at least one of the five years are abown. Median computed for 15 or more cases. Includes offenses not abown.

TABLE 34 DEATH SENTENCE FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED AND DISPOSITION OF DEATH SENTENCE CASES 1950 through 1963

			Dispositio	n of death ser	ntence cases	
Year	Received with		Deat	h sentence re	moved	Died
	death sentence	Executed	Total	Commuted	New trial reversed sentence*	while awaiting execution
1950-1954	66	39	14	4	10	3
1950	17	7	1		1	l
1951	11	6	4		4	l
1952	11	9	2		2	1
1953	17†	8	2	1	1	1
1954	10	9	Б	3	2	1
1955-1959	60	35	20	7	13	3
1955	9	9†	2	1	2	1
1956	14	5	1		1	1
1957	10	9	6		6	1
1958	12	6	4	3	1	
1959	15†	6	7	4	3	
1960-1963	83	29	31	14	17	
1960	18	9	7	4	3	
1961	20	8 1	8	2	6	-
1962	21	111+	6	4	2	
1963	24	i i	10	4	6	

Includes cases found insane while awaiting execution.
 Includes one woman.

The number of months between admission with death sentence and execution gradually changed. Of the persons executed in the 1950-1959 period, 56.4 percent were executed within 12 months after admission to prison with death sentence, and 79.5 percent within 18 months after admission. During the 1955-1959 period, only 25.7 percent were executed within the first 12 months, and 40.0 percent within the first 18 months. Of the persons executed in 1960-1963, 17.3 percent were executed in the first 12 months, and 72.5 percent were executed within the first 18 months, Table 35.

The demographic characteristics of the 20 persons executed in 1961 through 1963 are given by the following brief description: 4 had no prior commitment record, 8 had served only jail or juvenile commitments, and 8 had had at least one or more previous prison commitments. The ethnic origins were: 14 persons of the white ethnic group. 3 of the white, Mexican descent, and 3 were Negro. The youngest person at the time of execution was 20 years old, and the oldest was a 58 year old woman.

TABLE 35
MONTHS FROM ADMISSION WITH DEATH SENTENCE TO EXECUTION
FELONS EXECUTED
1950–1954, 1955–1959, and 1960–1963

		1950-1954	l .		1955–1959	•		1960–1963	
Months	Number	Percent	Cumu- lative percent	Number	Percent	Cumu- lative percent	Number	Percent	Cumu- lative percent
Total	39	100.0		35	100.0		29	100.0	
8-12	22	56.4	56.4	9	25.7	25.7	5	17.3	17.3
13-18	9	23.1	79.5	5	14.3	40.0	16	55.2	72.5
19-24	2	5.1	84.6	10*	28.6	68.6	1	3.4	75.9
25-36		7.7	92.3	2	5.7	74.3	2	6.9	82.8
37-48	2	5.1	97.4	2	5.7	80.0	4*	13.8	96.6
49 and over	1	2.6	100.0	7	20.0	100.0	ī	8.4	100.0

[·] One woman.

FELON PAROLE POPULATION AND MOVEMENT

Active parole population from California prisons numbered 11,502 felons on December 31, 1963. Of these, 10,332 were men and 1,170 were women.

Releasing felons from prison to parole supervision allows the parole agent to assist and guide the offender during the transitional period of readjusting from prison life to the community. Of persons released from prison during 1963, 89 percent were placed under parole supervision. The remaining chapters in this report present information regarding felon parolees and the movement of this population.

Parole population at any one time is the result of movements of parolees in and out of the system. Persons are added to the active parole population by being paroled from prison or by being reinstated from parole suspension or cancellation. Persons are removed from active parole supervision by discharge at expiration of sentence, by pardon or commutation, by death, or by suspension or cancellation. The Adult Authority redefined the use of a suspension action and introduced the use of the cancellation action effective, January 1, 1961. Both actions, suspension or cancellation, stop the time being served on a sentence. Parole population count and the movement are given in Table 36.

The relative change of parole population with respect to State population, is shown pictorially, year by year, in Chart XIV.

The male felons under parole supervision on December 31, was 9,058 in 1961, and rose to 10,737 at the end of 1962, an increase of 1,679. This population had decreased by 405 men, to 10,332 at the end of December 1963.

Movement of women felon parole population is shown in Table 36, also. The number under parole supervision increased by 47 percent, from 798 women at the beginning of 1961, to 1,170 women at the end of 1963.

With the increased number of felons released to parole supervision during the past three years, it was natural to expect that there would be an increase in other parole population movements such as the number suspended or cancelled and the number reinstated from inactive parole after suspension or cancellation.

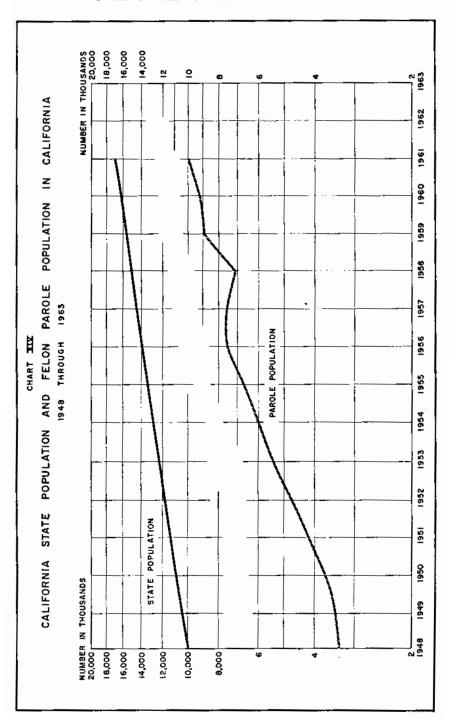


TABLE 36 MOVEMENT OF FELON PAROLE POPULATION 1961, 1962, and 1963

		1961			1962			1963	
Type of movement	Total	Men	Wom-	Total	Men	Wom- en	Total	Men	Wom- en
Population, January 1	9,303	8,505	798	10,008	9.058	948	11,856	10,737	1,119
Total received on parole	6,807 6,186 556	6,127 5,628 438	680 558 118	8,700 7,914 638	7,935 7,317 478	765 597 160	7,151 6,226 774	6,428 5,680 607	723 546 167
Reparoled after return from parole to Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit	65	61	4	148	140	8	151	141	10
Total removed from parole Discharged Pardoned or commuted	6,104 2,520 4	5,574 2,376 4	530 144	6,850 2,372 14	6,256 2,194 13	594 178	7,505 2,390 9	6,833 2,213 8	672 177 1
Suspended or canceled	3,375	3,005	370 7	4,194 159 111	3,802 148 99	392 11 12	4,830 166 110	4,353 156 103	477 10
Population, December 31	94 10,006	9,058	١	11,856	••		11,502		
Population change	703	553	150	1,850	1,679	171	-354	-405	51

CHARACTERISTICS OF FELONS ON PAROLE

The demographic characteristics of felons on parole during the six years, 1958 through 1963, were expressed in percentage distribution in order to study the relative changes in the types of offense, number of times on parole, length of time on present parole, and location of supervision.

OFFENSE

Male felons convicted of narcotic offenses accounted for the largest percentage of men on parole on December 31, 1963. This offense group moved from fourth largest in 1958 when 14.0 percent of the male parolees were narcotic offenders, to first place (20.1 percent) by 1963.

The greatest change in the proportion of men in the various offense categories occurred in the narcotic offender group. The homicide and the robbery groups showed the greatest decrease during these years, Table 37A, and Chart XV-A.

TABLE 37A

OFFENSE GROUPS
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS ON PAROLE
December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962 and 1963

Offense	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of males*	6,765	8,511	8,505	9,058	10,741	10,332
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Homicide	10.9	8.8	8.8	8.5	7.5	7.5
Murder 1st		5.6	5.6	5.3	4.3	4.3
Murder 2nd		1.7	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5
Manslaughter	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.7
Robbery	19.1	17.8	18.7	18.6	18.0	16.9
Assault	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.9	8.1	3.1
Burglary	16.3	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.7	18.0
Theft except auto	4.7	5.0	5.3	4.7	4.4	4.4
Auto theft	2.4	2.5	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.2
Forgery and checks	15.0	16.7	16.5	17.4	16.7	15.2
Rape	3.0	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6
Other sex	6.4	5.5	5.1	4.9	4.4	4.5
Narcotics	14.0	15.0	14.9	14.0	16.4	20.1
Евсаре	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.7
Habitual criminal	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
All other	8.1	3.0	2.9	3.3	2.9	2.8

^{*} Includes male felons in Narcotic Treatment-Control Units on December 31. There were 13 in 1959, 53 in 1960, 43 in 1961, 60 in 1962 and 88 in 1963. The first unit opened on October I, 1959.

CHART XV A OFFENSE **GROUPS** PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS ON PAROLE DECEMBER 31, 1953 THROUGH 1963 PERCENT PERCENT 30 27 27 24 24 21 21 ROBBERY 16 BURGLARY 15 15 FORGERY & NARCOTICS 12 12 HOMECIDE 9 SEX OFFENSES OTHER OFFENSES THEFT except auto 3 AUTO THEFT 1953 1962 1963 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961

Men convicted of robbery ranked first percentagewise in 1958, 1960, 1961, and dropped to third place in 1963. The percentage of burglars increased from 1958 to 1963, but this offense group still ranked second, having been first in 1959 and 1962. Burglary and robbery combined accounted for more than one-third of the male felons on parole, and narcotic offenders comprised one-fifth of the population in 1963.

Forgers and check offenders comprised between 15.0 and 17.4 percent of the population during these six years. The percentage of male felons on parole who were convicted of homicide decreased from 10.9 percent in 1958 to 7.5 percent in 1962 and 1963.

Slightly under 40 percent of the women felon parole population on December 31, 1963, were in the forgery and check offender groups. This offense group has ranked first in the percentage distribution of offenses since 1952.

The narcotic offenders were proportionately the second largest group of women on active parole, 20.8 percent on December 31, 1963, Table 37B, and Chart XV-B. Homicide offenders ranked third.

NUMBER OF TIMES ON PAROLE

Although most felon parolees were serving their first parole, the proportion on first parole decreased during the past years, Table 38A and Table 38B. The percentage of men serving first parole was 86.6 percent of those on parole in 1958, and decreased to 77.9 percent by

TABLE 378

OFFENSE GROUPS
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN FELONS ON PAROLE
December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962 and 1963

Offense	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of women*	645	689	798	948	1,119	1,170
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Tomicide	15.8	16.6	12.6	12.0	10.7	10.2
Murder 1st	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.5
Murder 2nd	5.4	6.6	5.1	4.1	3.6	3.5
Manslaughter	8.2	8.0	5.6	6.0	5.3	5.2
Robbery	5.3	4.2	5.3	5.8	6.6	5.8
asault	3.7	2.6	3.1	8.0	3.3	2.9
Surglary	5.9	5.8	4.6	5.1	5.9	5.7
Theft except auto	11.5	11.0	10.8	11.1	9.7	9.6
uto theft	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.1
Forgery and checks	35.2	32.1	37.1	35.0	36.9	39.8
ex	1.2	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.6
Varcotics	16.9	22.9	20.9	23.4	22.2	20.8
lacape	0.6	1.3	1.2	0.8	0.4	0.8
All other	3.6	2.0	2.9	2.8	3.5	4.2

Includes women in Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit on December 31. There were 2 in 1960, 0 in 1961, 3 in 1962, and 4 in 1983. This unit opened on August 1, 1980.

CHART IX B

OFFENSE GROUPS PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN ON PAROLE DECEMBER 31, 1953 THROUGH 1963

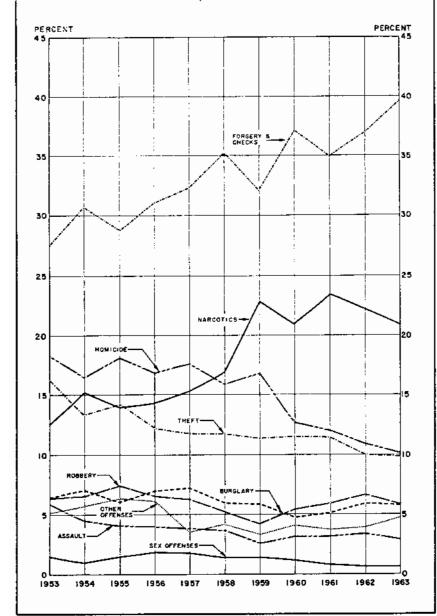


TABLE 38A NUMBER OF TIMES ON PAROLE PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS ON PAROLE December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Number of times on parole	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of males*	6,765	8,511	8,505	9,058	10,741	10.332
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
First parole	86.6 11.4 2.0	84.1 13.5 2.4	83.7 13.7 2.6	81.9 14.6 3.5	79.4 16.4 4.2	77.9 17.3 4.8

^{*} Includes male felons in Narcotic Treatment-Control Units on December 31. There were 13 in 1959, 53 in 1960, 43 in 1961, 60 in 1962 and 33 in 1963. The first unit opened on October 1, 1959.

TABLE 388 NUMBER OF TIMES ON PAROLE PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN FELONS ON PAROLE December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Number of times on parole	1958	1959	1960	1981	1962	1963
Number of women*	645	689	798	948	1,119	1,170
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
First parole	83.7 11.2 5.1	80.7 14.7 4.6	76.6 17.8 5.6	77.3 16.9 5.8	77.2 15.4 7.4	74.3 16.7 9.0

Includes women in Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit on December 31. There were 2 in 1960, 0 in 1961, 3 in 1962 and 4 in 1963. This unit opened on August 1, 1960.

1963. The percentage of men serving their second parole increased from 11.4 percent to 17.3 percent in six years.

Approximately three-fourths of the women felon parole population were first parolees on December 31, 1963.

The percentage of women felons serving a first parole decreased from 83.7 percent in 1958 to 74.3 percent in 1963. This change was reflected by an increase in the percentage who had been paroled two or more times.

LENGTH OF TIME ON PRESENT PAROLE

Slightly more than three-fourths of the male felons in active parole status were on parole less than two years, decreasing from 83.1 percent in 1962 to 78.7 percent in 1963, Table 39A.

The proportion of felons on parole for less than one or two years fluctuate from year to year. This is greatly influenced by the fluctuation in the number released to parole each year.

The length of time on parole for women parolees did not show any consistent trends. The proportion of women felons on parole for less

TABLE 39A LENGTH OF TIME ON PRESENT PAROLE PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS ON PAROLE December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

					-	
Length of time on present parole	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of males*	6,765	8,511	8,505	9,058	10,741	10,332
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 1 year	46.1 29.5	58.6 22.3	46.9 35.1	53.6 25.8	55.5 27.6	44.8 33.9
2 years but less than 3	12.0	9.3	8.8	12.1	8.8	12.9
3 years but less than 4	3.3 1.4	2.7	2.2 1.1	2.1 0.8	2.5 0.9	2.3 1.2
5 Manda un langer	77	6.0	l Ka	5.6	1 47	40

Includes male felons in Narcotic Treatment-Control Units on December 31. There were 13 in 1959, 53 in 1960, 43 in 1961, 60 in 1962 and 33 in 1963. The first unit opened on October 1, 1959.

than two years fluctuated during the past six years from 63.1 percent in 1958, increased to 70.7 percent in 1961, and decreased to 65.7 percent in 1963, Table 39B.

LOCATION OF PAROLE SUPERVISION

Over 88 percent of the male felons and 92 percent of the women felons on parole from California prisons were located in California for parole supervision on December 31, 1963.

Not all persons paroled from California prisons remain in this State for parole supervision. Many persons are released to occupation and living programs arranged in other states where there are family members or other persons interested in a parolee's welfare. During the past years, a greater percentage of persons released from the California prisons remained in California for supervision. On December 31, 1953, 78.3 percent of the California male felon parolees were under California supervision, while on December 31, 1958, 84.1 percent were under such supervision, and by the end of 1963, 88.4 percent were being supervised in California, Table 40A. There has been a decrease in the percentage of those paroled to other states or in a deport/custody status during their active parole.

At the close of 1963, 790 male felons were being supervised in other states, and 407 were in deport or custody status. The proportions of California male felons under other states' supervision decreased from 8.8 percent in 1958 to 7.7 percent in 1963. Those in deport or custody decreased from 7.1 percent in 1958 to 3.9 percent in 1963, Table 40A.

California parole agents supervise not only those felons released from California prison who remain in this State, but California agents also supervise parolees from other state penal systems. The interchange of supervision among states was accomplished through agreement under the provisions of the Interstate Compact. California agents supervised 960 men from other state prison systems on December 31, 1963. Other state jurisdictions supervised 790 California male felons on that same date.

There has always been a greater proportion of women felon parolees remaining in California than the men parolees. Of the 1,170 women under parole supervision on December 31, 1963, 91.6 percent were in California, an increase of 2.3 percent since 1958, Table 40B. California women parole agents supervised 1,072 California women felon parolees and 35 women on parole in California from other states at the close of 1963.

TABLE 39B

LENGTH OF TIME ON PRESENT PAROLE

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN FELONS ON PAROLE

December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

			.=			
Length of time on present parole	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of women*	645	189	798	948	1,119	1,170
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 1 year	41.1	40.6	44.6	45.5	43.2	36.4
1 year but less than 2	22.0	25.5	23.3	25.2	28.7	29.3
2 years but less than 3	18.4	15.4	15.7	13.9	14.5	18.6
3 years but less than 4	11.5	8.6	8.0	7.2	7.0	9.1
4 years but less than 5	1.9	5.1	3.6	4.0	2.6	3.3
5 years or longer	5.1	4.8	4.8	4.2	4.0	3.3
1		1	•	1	!	1

Includes women in Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit on December 31. There were 2 in 1960, 0 in 1961, 8 in 1962, and 4 in 1963. This unit opened on August 1, 1960.

TABLE 40A
LOCATION OF SUPERVISION
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF MALE FELONS ON PAROLE
December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

			1	- <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	ī -
Location of supervision	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of males*	6,765	8,511	8,505	9,058	10,741	10,332
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
California	84.1	86.6	86.9	87.6	88.2	88.4
Out of state	8.8	8.2	8.6	8.5	8.1	7.7
Deport or custody	7.1	5.2	4.5	3.9	3.7	3.9
			1			1

Includes male felons in Narcotic Treatment-Control Units on December 31. There were 13 in 1959, 53 in 1960, 43 in 1961, 60 in 1962 and 83 in 1963. The first unit opened on October 1, 1959.

TABLE 40B LOCATION OF SUPERVISION PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF WOMEN FELONS ON PAROLE December 31, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, and 1963

Location of supervision	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number of women*	645	689	798	948	1,119	1,170
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	190.0
California Out of state Deport or custody	89.3 8.7 2.0	90.1 8.1 1.8	90.2 8.4 1.4	92.1 6.1 1.8	91.3 7.1 1.6	91.6 6.3 2.1

Includes women in Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit on December 31. There were 2 in 1960, 0 in 1961, 3 in 1962, and 4 in 1963. This unit opened on August 1, 1960.

PAROLE SUSPENSION OR CANCELLATION

Term setting boards stopped parole time of 4,509 male felons and 487 women felons by suspension or cancellation during 1963.

A parolee who becomes involved in additional criminal conduct or who violates conditions of the parole agreement may, if a male felon parolee, have his parole suspended or cancelled by the Adult Authority; or, if a woman felon parolee, have her parole suspended by the Board of Trustees of the California Institution for Women. An order to suspend or cancel a parolee's status results in the stopping of time accredited to the sentence. The offender is ordered returned to prison. However, not all suspended or cancelled parolees are returned to prison. Sentencing boards may review the case at some later date and the parolee may be reinstated to active parole status. The next chapter of this report is on reinstatement of parolees.

The percentage of male felons suspended or cancelled before the end of the first calendar year after parole was greater for the 1962 parolees than previous experience. The cumulative percentages of men suspended or cancelled for the first time after parole to California supervision are shown in Table 41A, grouped by year of parole for 1954 through 1963. During 1963, 1,153 male felons, 22.2 percent, of the total male felons paroled to California supervision in that same calendar year had the time being accredited toward their sentence stopped by board actions. During 1961, 789 male felons, 15.3 percent, of the total male felons paroled to California supervision in the same year were suspended or cancelled. The year 1955 reflected the lowest percentage, 332 male felons, 10.9 percent, of all male felons suspended during the same calendar year of parole. The percentages in Table 41A are accumulative for each year of release.

Of the male felous paroled to California supervision in 1954, 47.0 percent received a suspension within the fourth year after parole. This figure did not change significantly during the next five years, and it is not expected to change significantly in the near future, for by that time very few of the men paroled in 1954 will remain on active parole, as most will have been discharged or returned to prison after suspension.

In 1963, 26.1 percent of the 556 women felons placed under parole supervision were suspended from parole. Although this percentage figure was higher than that experienced previously, it was not much higher than the experience in 1954 and 1961.

The cumulative percentage of women felon parolees suspended for the first time during each year after parole in 1954 through 1963, is shown in Table 41B. The percentage of women suspended for the first time was above 50 percent by the end of the second year after parole in four of the eight years from 1954 through 1961.

TABLE 41A

CUMULATIVE PERCENTAGE OF FELON PAROLEES SUSPENDED OR CANCELED EACH YEAR AFTER PAROLE

MALE FELON PAROLEES SUSPENDED OR CANCELED FOR THE FIRST TIME FROM SUPERVISION IN CALIFORNIA 1954 through 1963

Year during which	Year of release to parole									
suspended or canceled	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number paroled	2,858	3,034	3,629	3,441	3,368	5,198	4,409	5,162	6,807	5,191
Year of parole	15.1	10.9	11.5	13.4	17.4	13.9	18.8	15.3	21.3	22.2
lst year after parole	37.7 44.9 46.5 47.0 47.1 47.2 47.2	82.2 42.0 44.4 44.6 44.8 44.9 45.0	33.1 43.7 45.2 45.5 45.6 45.7	40.5 46.5 48.0 48.3 48.4	41.4 50.4 52.8 53.0 53.1	42.7 53.7 55.6 55.8	47.4 55.7 58.3	45.9 56.7	51.2	

TABLE 418

CUMULATIVE PERCENTAGE OF FELON PAROLEES SUSPENDED EACH YEAR AFTER PAROLE

WOMEN FELON PAROLEES SUSPENDED FOR THE FIRST TIME FROM SUPERVISION IN CALIFORNIA AND OUT OF STATE 1954 through 1963

Year during	Year of release to parole									
which suspended	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Number paroled	190	230	275	244	320	359	412	562	605	556
Year of parole	25.8	20.4	15.3	13.9	17.2	22.0	16.5	25.6	23.1	26.1
lst year after parole	47.9 53.2 54.7 56.3 56.3 56.3	31.3 38.3 42.6 44.8 45.2 45.7 46.1	35.3 45.8 49.5 50.9 51.3 51.3	36.5 44.7 47.5 49.6 50.4	40.3 47.8 52.5 53.4 53.4	46.0 54.0 56.8 58.2	43.4 52.4 56.3	47.9 58.2	46.3	
8th year after parole 9th year after parole	56.3 56.3	46.1	01.0							

REINSTATEMENT

There were 607 mcn and 167 women parolees reinstated to active parole supervision in 1963.

The boards which set sentences, fix parole dates and suspend parole, may also reinstate parolees to active parole status. Two common conditions under which reinstatement is granted parolees are: (1) when a suspended parolee at large is located and found to have been a lawabiding person, and (2) when a parolee convicted of a new offense has served this sentence in other than a California prison, a reinstatement may be granted if in the opinion of the sentencing board no useful purpose would be served by the parolee's return to a California prison.

RATE OF REINSTATEMENT

Most reinstatements occur within the first two years following suspension or cancellation. Therefore, a rate was calculated based on the number reinstated divided by the average number suspended or cancelled during a period of two calendar years, the year prior to and the year of reinstatement.

TABLE 42A

PAROLEES REINSTATED AND RATE PER 100 SUSPENDED OR CANCELED

MALE FELON PAROLEES REINSTATED TO ACTIVE PAROLE AFTER SUSPENSION OR

PAROLE CANCELLATION

1950 through 1963

Year	Number	Rate per 100 average suspensions- cancellations*
1950	195	17
1951	195	17
1952		21
1953	249	20
1954	253	18
1955	284	20
1956	311	22
1957	241	15
1958	346	17
1959	315	15
1960	379	15
1961	438	14
1962	478	14
1963	607	14

Bate based on the average number of cases suspended or canceled during two calendar years, the year during
which reinstated and the prior year.

The rate of reinstatement per 100 average suspension or cancellation varied for the male felon parolees during the past 14 years; the lowest rates were in 1961 through 1963, Table 42A. The reinstatement rate for male felons per 100 average suspension or cancellation was 17 in 1950, and fluctuated to a high of 22 in 1956, then decreased to a low of 14 in 1961, and remained at that rate in 1962 and 1963.

The number of women parolees reinstated and the ratio of reinstatement per each 100 average number suspended in two years is given in Table 42B for 1950 through 1963. The reinstatement rate of the women felous varied from 30 in 1950 to 56 in 1955, decreased to 19 in 1959, increased to 41 in 1962, and was 38 in 1963.

TABLE 42B

PAROLEES REINSTATED AND RATE PER 100 SUSPENDED

WOMEN FELON PAROLEES REINSTATED TO ACTIVE PAROLE AFTER SUSPENSION

1950 through 1963

Year	Number	Rate per 100 average suspensions*
150	17	30
51	23	38
52	39	53
33	32	34
54	66	52
55	99	56
56	63	38
57	60	41
58	57	32
59	39	19
980	67	31
61	118	40
62	160	41
63	167	38

^{*} Rate based on the average number of cases suspended during two calendar years, the year during which reinstated and the prior year.

MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN SUSPENSION OR CANCELLATION STATUS BEFORE FIRST REINSTATEMENT

The median time served in months between date of first suspension or cancellation and date of reinstatement is shown in Table 43 for male felon parolees. During the nine years, 1955 through 1963, the median time decreased from nine months to four months.

TABLE 43 MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN SUSPENDED/CANCELLED STATUS MALE FELON PAROLEES REINSTATED AFTER FIRST SUSPENSION OR CANCELLATION 1955 through 1963

Year	Number	Median time served in months between first suspension and first reinstatement
955	269	9
056	283	9
057	225	8
58	331	6
>59	295	5
960	357	4
061	420	5
62	449	4
xc3	556	4

FELONS DISCHARGED FROM PAROLE

A total of 2,390 persons, 2,213 male felons and 177 women felons, were discharged from parole in 1963.

Through the guidance and assistance provided by the parole agent many parolees completed their sentences successfully. Of the men discharged from parole during 1963, 85.1 percent were serving their first parole under their present commitment. Of the women discharged, 81.9 percent were serving their first parole.

The three types of parole should be considered separately in studying the length of time served on parole. These three types are: first parole, reparole after return to prison with a new commitment, and reparole after return to prison without a new commitment.

The 1,883 male felons discharged from first parole in 1963 served a median time of 24 months on parole before discharge. This median has been the same since 1957, except for 1962. In 1957, the median decreased from 27 months to 24 months, Table 44A. In 1962 this median was 25 months.

The median time served was slightly more for the 163 men discharged in 1963, from reparole, after having been returned to prison

TABLE 44A

TYPE OF PAROLE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED ON PAROLE

MALE FELONS DISCHARGED FROM PAROLE

1950 through 1963

				Re	parole after :	etura to pr	ison
Year of discharge	Total discharged	Firet	parole		n with nmitment		without imitment
•	from parole	Number	Median time served on parole in months	Number	Median time served on reparcle in months	Number	Median time served on reparole in months
1950	1,218 1,306 1,165 1,335 1,424	1,073 1,168 1,042 1,191 1,283	24 24 27 27 27 30	48 56 39 71 75	28.5 27.5 29 27 25	97 82 84 73 66	19 18 20 21 15
1955		1,529 1,766 2,161 2,046 1,921	27 27 24 24 24	89 121 181 193 182	27 28 24 24 24	73 84 77 66 79	18 18 17 15.5
1960		1,878 2,034 1,896 1,883	24 24 25 24	168 208 188 163	24 24 27 27	100 134 110 167	16.5 18.5 21 21

with a new commitment. The median for this group had been identical with the first parole group from 1957 through 1961, 24 months, but in 1962 and 1963 this median was 27 months.

The 167 male felons discharged in 1963, from reparole, after return to prison without a new commitment served a median time of 21 months before discharge. The 21 months median time served by this group before discharge in 1962 and 1963 was higher than in previous years, but had been at this level in 1953.

The types of parole and median time served on parole by male felons before discharge is shown in Chart XVI, for the years 1950 through 1963.

The women discharged from first parole in 1963 served a median time of 35 months before discharge. This reflected a decrease of two months or more from the median time served by women before discharge from first parole in 1960, 1961 and 1962, but it was still higher than the median time served by women felons discharged during 1950 through 1955, Table 44B.

TYPE OF PAROLE AND TIME SERVED IN PRISON AND ON PAROLE

The median time served in prison and the median time served on parole by the male felons discharged from first parole in 1950 through

TABLE 448

TYPE OF PAROLE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED ON PAROLE

WOMEN FELONS DISCHARGED FROM PAROLE

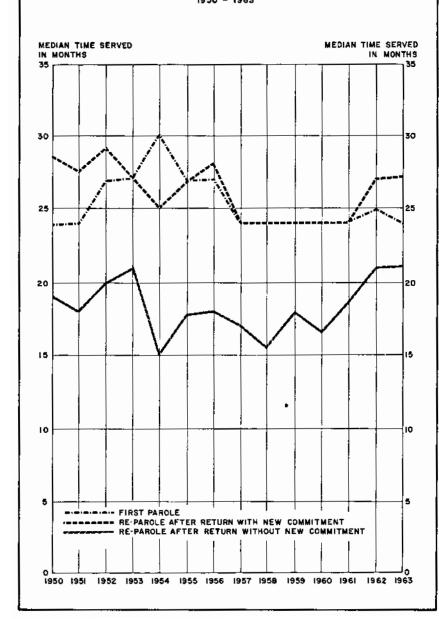
1950 through 1963

Median time served computed for 25 or more cases

				Reparole after return to prison					
Year of discharge dis	Total discharged	First	parole		n with nmitment	Return without new commitment			
	from parole	Number	Median time served on parole in months	Number	Median time served on reparole in months	Number	Median time served on reparole in months		
1950	53	54 53 37 45	21 26 26 28	ï		3 5 5 7	 		
1954 1955 1956 1957	66 88 95 124	60 80 82 97	33 34 36 36	1 3 5		6 7 10 22			
1958 1959	108 136	85 106 125	36 35 37	5 4		18 26 20	20.5		
1961 1962 1963	144 178 177	108 150 145	37.5 37 37 35	4 5 5 7		31 23 25	22 34		

CHART XXXI TYPE OF PAROLE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED ON PAROLE

> MALE FELONS DISCHARGED FROM PAROLE 1950 - 1963



1963 are given in Table 45A. Many changes occurred in the medians of time served during these 14 years. The total of the two medians of time served was 49 months for those discharged in 1950 and 1951, increased to 60 months for those discharged in 1954, decreased to 51 months in 1957, 1959 and 1960, and further decreased to 48 months for those discharged in 1961 and 1963.

Of the male felons discharged from first parole during 1950 through 1963, more time was required in prison than on parole for 8 of the 14 years. In five years, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1961 and 1963, the median time served in prison equaled the median time served on parole before discharge, as depicted in Chart XVII-A.

The median time served by women felons discharged from first parole decreased during 1950 through 1963 with respect to the time required in prison before parole, but increased in the time required on parole before discharge.

The total of the two medians, time served in prison and time served on first parole before discharge, ranged from a low of 48 months in 1953 to an all-time high of 61 months in 1961, and decreased to 53 months in 1963, Table 45B. The median time served in prison before parole for women felons decreased from 28.5 months for those discharged from parole in 1950 to 18 months in 1963, 10 months less time. In the same period, the median time served on parole before discharge changed from a low of 21 months in 1950, by a gradual increase to a high of 37.5 months in 1961, and again decreased slightly to 35 months in 1963, Chart XVII-B.

TABLE 45A

MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON BEFORE PAROLE AND ON
PAROLE BEFORE DISCHARGE

MALE FELONS DISCHARGED FROM FIRST PAROLE
1950 through 1963

		Median time served in months					
Year of discharge	Number	In prison before parole	On parole before discharge	Total of medians			
1950	1.073	25	24	49			
1951	1,168	25	24	49			
1952	1.042	27	27	54			
953	1,191	27	27	54			
954	1,283	30	30	60			
955	1.529	30	27	57			
956	1,766	30	27	57			
957	2,161	27	24	51			
958	2,046	30	24	54			
959	1,921	27	24	51			
960	1,878	27	24	51			
961	2.034	24	24	48			
962	1.896	24	25	49			
963	1,883	24	24	48			

CHART XVII A

MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON BEFORE PAROLE AND ON PAROLE BEFORE DISCHARGE MALE FELONS DISCHARGED FROM FIRST PAROLE 1950 - 1963

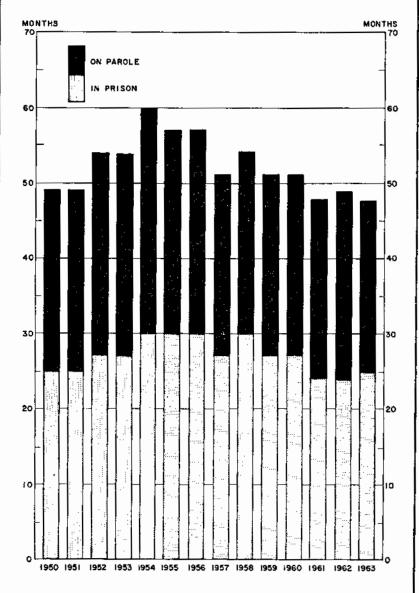


CHART XXXII B

YEAR DISCHARGED AND TOTAL MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON AND ON PAROLE BEFORE DISCHARGE WOMEN DISCHARGED FROM FIRST PAROLE

1950 - 1963

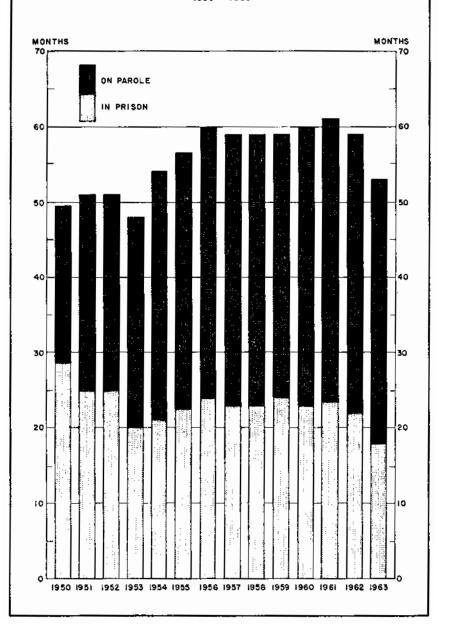


TABLE 45B

MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON BEFORE PAROLE AND ON PAROLE BEFORE DISCHARGE

WOMEN FELONS DISCHARGED FROM FIRST PAROLE 1950 through 1963

		Medi	ian time served in me	onths
Year of discharge	Number	In prison before parole	On parole before discharge	Total of medians
950	54	28.5	21	49.5
951	53	25	26	51
952	37	25	26	51
053	45	20	28	48
954	60	21	33	54
355	80	22.5	34	56.5
356	82	24	36	60
357	97	23	36	59
958	85	23	36	59
959	106	24	35	59
960	125	23	37	60
961	108	23.5	37.5	61
062	150	22	37	59
963	145	18	35	53

OFFENSE AND TIME SERVED IN PRISON AND ON PAROLE

Male felons convicted of murder second degree served the greatest length of time in prison before parole and on parole before discharge of any of the offense groups under the indeterminate sentence law.

Changes in length of time served in prison and on parole become more meaningful when studied with respect to offense groups. Male felons convicted of crimes against property, with the exception of burglary first degree, served less time in prison and on parole than those convicted of crimes against person and narcotic offenders. Male felons sent to prison for escape from jail or county camp served the least time in prison and on parole of any offense group discharged from first parole during 1961 through 1963. Offenses and median time served in prison before parole, and on parole before discharge, by male felons discharged from first parole are shown in Table 46A for 1961 through 1963. A study of the length of time served by parolees discharged for narcotic offenses must take into consideration that the offender would have committed the criminal act at least four years prior to discharge. New legislation became effective September, 1961, which increased the narcotic offense penalties. The data on this table would contain very few, if any, persons convicted under the new 1961 statutes.

TABLE 46A

OFFENSE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON BEFORE PAROLE AND ON PAROLE BEFORE DISCHARGE

MALE FELONS DISCHARGED FROM FIRST PAROLE 1961, 1962, and 1963

		1961			1962			1963	
Selected offensee*	Num- ber	Berv	n time ed in nths	Num- ber	serv	n time ed in nthe	Num- ber	Berv	n time ed in othe
		In On prison parole			In prison	On parole		In prison	On parole
All offenses	2,034	24	24	1,896	24	25	1,883	24	24
Murder 2nd	36 26	66 37	48 30	20 36	63 33	42 36	30 29	72 33	42 36
Robbery 1stRobbery 2nd	204 82	36 24	30 24	218 70	33.5 24	33 24	214 81	36 29	83 27
Assault with deadly weapon	70	27.5	24	55	80	27	48	32	27
Burglary 1st	39 368	33 21	30 23.5	81 314	36 21	35 24	34 369	30 18	82 24
Grand theft except autoAuto theft	105 61	21 18	24 19	88 59	20.5 20	24 21	90 78	18 18	24 19.5
Forgery and checks	407	18	22	389	18	24	441	18	22
RapeLewd acts with child	43 85	39 39	30 33	39 92	35 36	33 36	41 56	31 36	36 34
Narcotics	278	24	24	255	27	29	145	25	33
Escape from jail or county camp	80	12	15.5	36	12	18	35	12	18

Only offense groups with 25 or more cases are shown,

When the 145 women felons discharged from parole in 1963 were studied by offense group, the numbers became so small that the medians were statistically reliable for only two offense groups. Therefore, the number of women felons discharged from first parole during 1959 through 1963 was summarized in Table 46B, by offense groups. Each of the four offense groups totaled 25 or more women discharged in five years.

Women convicted of manslaughter had a longer median time served than those in the other three offense groups. Those convicted of narcotic offenses ranked second, forgery and check offenses third, and grand theft except auto fourth.

In each offense group, the women felons spent more time on parole before discharge than in prison before parole.

[†] Includes offenses not shown.

TABLE 46B

OFFENSE AND MEDIAN TIME SERVED IN PRISON BEFORE PAROLE AND ON PAROLE BEFORE DISCHARGE

WOMEN FELONS DISCHARGED FROM FIRST PAROLE 1959 through 1963

		1959			1960			1961	
Selected offenses*	Num-		n time ed in othe	Num- ber	BOTY	n time ed in othe	Num-	Media serve mor	
		In prison	On parole		In prison	On parole		In prison	On parole
All offenses	106	24	35	125	23	37	108	23.5	37.5
Manslaughter	7 13 38 9	24 	37 	16 13 32 25	23 20.5 20	48.5 31.5 33	13 8 45 11	23	38

		1952			1963		19	959–196	8
Selected offenses*	Num- ber		n time ed in aths	Num- ber	Media serve mor	ed in	Num-	Media serve mor	d in
		In prison	On parole		In prison	On parole		In prison	On parole
All offenses†	150	22	37	145	18	35	634	22	36
Manslaughter	17	26	47	12			65	24	46
Grand theft except auto				12			60	19	35
Forgery and checks	57	20	36	49	16	29	221	21	35
Narcotics	21	25	43	26	23	51	92	23	40

Only offense groups with 25 or more cases in the 5-year period are shown. Median computed for 15 or more cases.
 † Includes offenses not shown.

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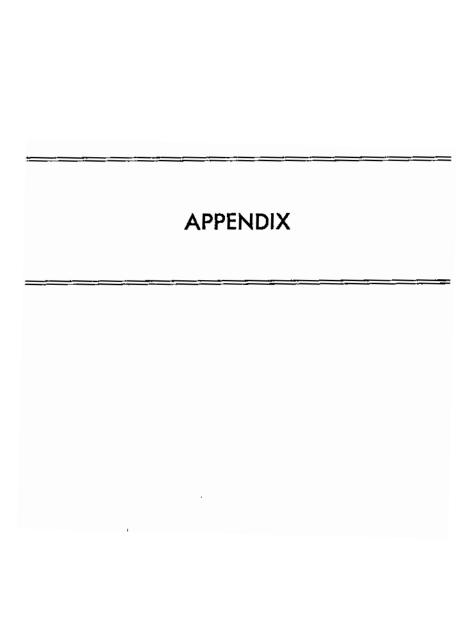
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INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT OF MALES
BY TYPE OF SUBPOPULATION
1961 APPENDIX A-1-1961

					Me	Males	!			
Type of movement	Total		Adult felons	_	Felon	Youth A	Youth Authority wards	Civil com unde Chap	Civil commitments under PC Chapter 11	Other adult
		Total	Insti- tutions	NTCD+	in NTCU*	NTCU*	Insti- tutions	Youths	Adults	males
Population, January, u	20,831	19,179	19,172	1	83	61	1,538	1	:	28
Total received	13,094	9,812	9,704	108	178	16	2,715	63	189	181
New commitments from court.	6,030	5,842	5,842	13	1	1	;	!	188	1
With new commitment	2,482	2,492	2,338	104	:	!	;	;	1	1
Without new commitment	1 403	1.403	380	12	!	;	ı	1	:	:
Fisher part of the state of the	191	127	197	5	;	:	!	:	;	1
	•	101	767	1	!	ŀ	†	:	;	:
Returned from court.	1,392	1,327	1,326		;	-	62	:	1	-
returned from state hospitals.	1	1	-	1	!	!	:	;	;	;
From Loute Authority	2,667	:	1	ł	ij	13	2,662	23	1	ł
All othert	198	;	٤	15	128	19	;	:	;	18
	20.7	•	3	•	:	•	•	:	:	130

Total released	10,867	7,953	7,883	20	189	12	2,618	;	1	16
Discharged at expiration of sentence	662	662	199	1	;	;	1	;	;	;
First release (never paroled)	354	354	364	;	1	1	:	ı	;	ł
Re-release.	308	308	302	-	1	ł	ı	ŀ	ł	;
Paroled.	5,689	5,689	5,628	61	ł	;	;	:	1	į
First parole	4,435	4,435	4,435	;	t	1	:	ł	1	1
Reparole	1,254	1,254	1,193	61	1	ı	ı	¦	1	!'
Died	82	8	8	ı	ı	ı	80	1	ı	Ç9
Executed	o o :	90	*	1	t	:	ı	1	ł	ı
Eacaped	134	134	134	ı	;	1	;	ı	ı	1
To court.	1,403	1,336	1,335	1	:	-	2	ı	м	-
To state hospitale.	10	ņ	10	1	1	1	1	ı	;	t
To Youth Authority.	2,562	ı	;	ŀ	1	13	2,549	1	;	1
To parole from NTCU*	189	1	ľ	1	189	ı	ı	ı	;	;
All otherf.	130	88	32		ł	1	eq	1	1	88
Population, December 31	23,058	21,038	20,993	45	43	ró	1,635	61	188	140
Population change	2,227	1,859	1,821	38	-10	1	26	~	188	86

* Narcotic Treatment-Control Units.
† Includes those discharged by court ransferred between institution and Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit, released for preparate job interview and others. Others include recalcitrant timerculars, mentally disordered sax offenders, psychopathic delimquents, other states features, county disgnostic cases, Mental Hygiene cases, federal prisoners and safekeepers.

APPENDIX A-2—1962
INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT OF MALES
BY TYPE OF SUBPOPULATION
1962

					Males	[ales				
Type of movement	Total		Adult felons		Felon	Youth A	Youth Authority wards	Civil com unde Chapi	Civil commitments under PC Chapter 11	Other
		Total	Insti- tutions	NTCO*	tn NTCU*	NTCU	Insti-	Youths	Adulte	malea
Population, January 1	23,058	21,038	20,993	\$\$	£\$, s	1,635	69	188	149
Potal received	13,199	9,170	9,018	156	185	91	2,587	31	1,067	143
New commitments from court. Paroless returned. With new commitment. Without new commitment. Escapees returned.	5,863 2,847 1,152 1,695 160	4,879 2,841 1,152 1,689 149	4,879 2,693 1,152 1,541 149	148 148 148	11111	f	11111	1111	984 - 6 1	11:11
Returned from court. Returned from state hospitals From Youth Authority From parole to NTCU*	1,451 1 2,532 185 170	1,281	1,280 1 13	- ;9	1;1%;	: 12 : :	2,495	1 12 12	%	▼ 1118g

Total released	13,121	9,824	0,670	154	168	91	2,785	4	181	143
Discharged at expiration of sentence	780	780	280	;	;	:	1	;	;	;
clease (never paroled)	426	420	426	;	;	1	;	ţ	:	;
Ke-release	854	365	3.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3	ł	;	;	:	;	;	:
Paroled	7,510	7,457	7,317	140	;	ì	1	;	53	;
First parole	5,468	5,415	5,415	;	;	;	;	ł	53	:
Reparole	2,042	2,042	1,902	140	;	;	:	1	:	i
Died	73	67	67	;	;	í	60	;	;	es
Executed	10	10	10	;	ł	;	;	;	. ;	;
Escaped	167	191	161	;	ı	;	;	c4	4	;
To court.	1,511	1,301	1.300	1	1	1	8		£.	ĸ
To state hospitals.	-	1	-	· ;	1 1	: :		1 1		•
Authority	2,698	,		: ;	: 1	16	2.680	ė.	:	:
from NTCU*	188				168	i		ı	;	•
	200	;	: 3	: :		:	;	;	;	: ;
	203	4.7	34	23	;	1	7	ł	5 5	135
Population, December 31	23,136	20,384	20,338	46	8	69	1,437	29	1,074	149
Population change	82	654	- 655	1	17	i	198	13	888	;

• Narcotte freatment-Control Units.
† Includes those discharged by court order, transferred between institution and Narcotte Treatment-Control Unit, released for preparale job interview and others. Others include recalcifrant tuberculars, mentally disordered sex offenders, psychopathic delinquents, other states felons, county diagnostic cases, Mental Eggiene cases, federal prisoners and safeteepens.

INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT OF MALES

8Y TYPE OF SUBPOPULATION
1963 APPENDIX A-3-1963

					Males	les				
Type of movement	Total		Adult felons		Felon	Youth A	Youth Authority wards	Civil com unde Chap	Civil commitments under PC Chapter 11	Other adult
		Total	Insti- tutions	NTC .	in NTCU*	NTCD*	Insti- tutions	Youths	Adults	males
Population, January 1.	23,136	20,384	20,338	949	\$	8	1,437	28	1,074	149
Total received	14,531	9,760	109'6	159	193	11	2,685	40	1,505	337
Naw commitments from court Parolees returned.	6,093	5,030 3,456	3,300	156	f 1	1 :	; ;	1 1	1,063	; ;
With new commitment. Without new commitment. Decapem returned.	1,173 2,439 157	1,166 2,290 154	1,166 2,134 154	156	111	111	111	-	7 148 2	1::
Returned from court. Returned from state hospitals. From Youth Authority. All other?	1,488 2 2,609 193 378	1,093	1,091	≈ ! ! ! -	1 1 188	11#1	2,575	1 18 12	8 Le	2111

Total released	12,395	7,882	7,735	147	220	10	2,596	37	1,462	188
Discharged at expiration of sentence.	655	653	655	;	;	;	;	1	:	;
First release (never paroled)	276	276	276	i	;	;	:	;		;
Re-release	379	379	379		:	. ;	1	1		; ;
Paroled	6,439	5,821	5,680	141	1	: :	: ;	; ;	618	; ;
First parole.	4,669	4,058	4,058	;	;	; ;	;	:	611	: ;
Reparole	1,770	1,763	1,622	141		;	1	i	7	;
Died	22	99	69	:	1	:	4	1	:	81
Executed	1	-	1	:	:	1	:	;	;	;
Escaped	182	178	178	1	i	;	;	г	13	;
To court.	1,508	1,091	1,089	2	ł	;	103	:	304	10
To state hospitals	4	4	4	;	;	:	;	;	;	ł
To Youth Authority	2,511	;		;	ij	10	2,473	28	;	1
to purole from A LCU	220	:	;	1	220	!	1	ì	:	1
All others.	790	63	59	4	:	;	16	œ	527	176
Population, December 31	25,272	22,262	22,204	28	33	4	1,526	32	1,117	298
Population changes	2,136	1,878	1,866	13	-27		88	m	43	149

* Narcotic Treatment-Control Units.
† Includes those discharged by court order, transferred between institution and Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit, released for preparole job interriew and others, Others include recalcifrant tuberculars, mentally disordered sex offenders, psychopathic delinquents, other states feluns, county disgnostic cases, Mental Hygiene cases, federal prisoners and safekeepers,

APPENDIX A4--1961
INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT OF WOMEN
BY TYPE OF SUBPOPULATION
1961

					Wor	Women				
Type of movement	Total		Adult felons		Felon	Youth A	Youth Authority wards	Civil com	Civil commitments under PC Chapter 11	Other
		Total	Total Institutions NTCU*	NTCU*	in NTCU*	NTCU*	NTCU* Institutions	*	A ults	Women
Population, January 1.	829	817	815	61	61	;	o.	;	:	1
Total received	674	909	509	^	4	;	14	ဗ	42	ıς
New commitments from court	414	372	372	1	:	1	;	1	43	ı
Parolees returned.	189	189	182	7	;	1	;	í	1	;
With new commitment	51	51	21	:		;	;	;	;	;
Without new commitment	138	138	131	١٠	;	1	;	;	!	ł
Escapeoe returned.	-	1	;	1	;	;	1	1	;	1
Returned from court	29	29	59	;	;	;	;	;	ţ	ŀ
Returned from state hospitals	91	16	91	1	;	;	1	ł	;	:
From Youth Authority	17	;	[:	1	1	14	rò	ł	1
From parole to NTCU*	- 1 4 :	;	;	;	4	1	:	;	;	ľ
All other	5	!	:	;	;	;	;	;	;	10

Total released	634	616	612	4	9	ł	os.	;	;	m
Discharged at expiration of sentence	10	10	10	;	;	:	;	;	;	;
First release (never paraled)	4	4	4	;	;	;	;	;	;	;
Ke-release	9	\$	\$	}	;	:	;	1	;	;
Paroled	292	262	558	4	;	;	;	;	;	;
First parole	385	382	382	1.	:	;	:	;	;	;
Keparole	36. G	180	176	*	:	;	:	ļ	;	;
Died	71	24	D1	;	;	;	;	:	;	;
Executed	;	;	;	;	:	;	;	;	:	;
Nochbed	;	¦	;	1	;	;	1	;	;	;
To court	30	30	30	;	;	1	!	:	;	:
To etate nospitals	11	T.	=	;	!	;	!'	:	;	;
To Youth Authority	.	;	ŀ	;	;	;	æ	;	;	!
To parole from NTCU	Ð,	!'	;	1	ф	;	;	;	1	1
All Other	4	-	-	-	1	1	;	;	;	m
Population, December 31	869	208	803	χĊ	:	ı	14	m	42	æ
Population change	40	-10	-13	es	ا 1	ı	ю	69	43	æ

* Narotic Treatment-Control Units.
† Includes those discharged by court order, transferred between Institution and Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit, released for preparale tob intertiew and others. Others include recalcitrant tuberculars, diagnostic cases, Mental Hygiene cases and federal prisoners.

INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT OF WOMEN
BY TYPE OF SUBPOPULATION
1962 APPENDIX A-5-1962

					Wor	Women				1
Type of movement	Total		Adult felons		Felon	Youth /	Youth Authority wards	Civil com	Civil commitments under PC Chapter 11	Other
		Total	Institutions	NTCO*	in NTCU*	NTCU*	NTCU* Institutions	Youthe	Adults	Women
Population, January 1	898	208	803	70	;	;	14	·	42	60
Total received	801	563	553	11	10		ß	z,	216	eo
New commitments from court	480	285	285	;	1	;	;	;	195	;
Parolees returned	236	228	217	11	1	:		;	œ	:
With new commitment.	93	53	23	1	ł	:	;	;	ı	1
Without new commitment	183	175	164	11	ı	;	;	1	20	;
CHORDOOR INCIDENTAL	4	4	4	;	;	:	1	:	;	;
Returned from court.	47	33	33	;	ł	1	;	1	13	;
Returned from state hospitals	11	11	11	;	;	ı	1	:	;	;
From Youth Authority	13	;	:	1	ì	;	œ	4	;	1
From parole to NTCU*	9	;	;	1	49	;	;	;	:	1
All others.	•	64	81	- ¦	;	;	- :	:	- ; -	•

Total released	477	668	999	80	61	ı	16	63	81	4
Discharged at expiration of seutence. First release (never paroled)	10	10	01 82	: :	1 1	11		1 ;	1 1	11
Ro-release Paroled	899	605	507	¦ ∞	11	; ;	1 1	1 1	128:	11
First parole Reparole Died	467 196	410 185	187	; oc	; ;	: 1	1	1:	1 2	; ; ;
Executed. Escaped	&	9	9		111	11:	! ! !	111	111	:::
To court To state hospitals. To Youth Authority To parole from NTCU*	56 8 18 2 9	‰ ¦ ¦**	88 × 1 1.44	1:111	}**	11111	11911	- 10 ; ;	23 ; ; ; 1	;;;; 4 ,
Population, December 31.	896	702	694	ec 19	m ee	: :	7-	ro 64	177	1 2

* Narcotto Treatment-Control Units.
† Includes those discharged by court order, transferred between institution and Narcotto Treatment-Control Unit, released for preparole job interview and others. Others include reculcitrant tuberculars, diagnostic cases, Mental Hyglene cases and federal prisoners.

APPENDIX A-6--1963

INSTITUTION POPULATION AND MOVEMENT OF WOMEN BY TYPE OF SUBPOPULATION 1963

					Wood	Women				
Type of movement	Total		Adult felons		Felon	Youth A	Youth Authority	Civil commitments under PC Chapter 11	mitments Chapter 11	Other
		Fotal	Institutions NTCU*	NTCU*	ia NTCU*	NTCU*	NTCU* Institutions	Youths	Adults	Moment Moment
Population, January 1	896	202	694	80	8	:	4	10	171	67
Total received	912	596	286	10	4	. 1	17	4	280	11
New commitments from court. Paroless returned. With new commitment. Without new commitment. Essapess returned.	292 292 292	258 285 50 235 235	259 275 60 225 2	12 12 1	11111	11111	11111	1111	181	1111
Returned from court. Returned from state hospitals. From Youth Authority. From parole to NTCU*.	76 15 21 4 12	35 4 : : 2	¥# : :°	11111	1114.1	11111	1 : 2: 1 :	1141	44:11	

Total released	240	62-4	614	10	65	!	10	ים	305	2
Discharged at expiration of sentence.	9	9	9	;	:	٠	!	:	:	:
First release (nover paroled)	1	ra l	-	1	;	1	;	:	!	;
KA-release	2	ic (0	13	;	:	:	;	;	;
ratoled	737	556	546	10	!	;	;	:	181	:
Parents Dancie	468	310	310	; ;	;	:	¦	1	158	!
Died	208	200	232	2	:	:	;	1	3	:
Executed	:	٠;	' '	¦	; ;	: :	: :	; :	; ;	: 1
Recaped	:	:	;	:	;			:	;	;
To court.	98	36	36	;	:	:	;	1	49	1
To state hospitals	22	20	20	;	;	;	;	:	R	;
To youth Authority	10	!	!	1	!'	:	\$	v)	:	1
to parole from INTCO	e .	1,	;	;	0	:	;	;	::	;
All ovnerst	180	4	4	;	;	1	:	:	2	4
Population, December 31	861	674	666	x 6	4		18	4	152	00
Population change	-35	-28	-28	•	7	!	+12	17	-25	9+

* Natcotic Treatment-Control Units.
† Includes those discharged by court order, transferred between institution and Narcotic Treatment-Control Unit, released for preparole job interview and others. Others include recalcifrant tuberculars, dispositic cases, Mental Hygiene cases and federal prisoners.

APPENDIX B-1

COUNTY OR AREA OF COMMITMENT

FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962, and 1963

County or area of commitment	19	61	19	062	19	963
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Total	5,842	372	4,879	285	5,030	259
Southern California Los Angelos County 9 other counties Imperial Kern Orange Riverside	3,627 2,255 1,372 58 158 226 155	232 146 86 12 12 6	2,954 1,789 1,165 60 183 188 109	174 97 77 1 7 5	3,204 2,041 1,163 64 189 204 132	103 101 62 -7 17
San Bernardino San Diego. San Luis Obispo Santa Barbara Ventura	201 414 23 91 46	8 41 6 1	167 355 10 52 41	11 41 9	121 337 8 49 59	9 21 4 4
San Francisco Bay area Alameda County San Francisco County 7 other counties Contra Costa Marin Napa San Mateo Santa Clara Solano Sonoma	1,008 304 266 438 76 21 12 79 187 25 38	51 7 12 32 8 	781 228 173 380 99 21 22 68 113 21	51 15 12 24 9 	762 198 238 326 92 17 12 44 105 21	48 15 9 24 10 1 10 1 2
Balance of state 10 Sacramento Valley counties Butte Colusa Glenn Placer Sacramento Shasta Sutter Tehama Yolo Yuba	1,207 345 42 8 5 7 173 32 12 20 31	89 34 2 2 1 18 5 1 2 3	1,144 311 51 7 5 6 134 35 14 10 37	60 20 5 1 	1,064 306 32 2 9 7 175 22 7 17 24	48 21 3 9 3 6
7 San Joaquin Valley counties Freeno Kings Madora Merced San Joaquin Stanislaus Tulare	608 190 29 29 59 59 97 106 98	39 13 2 2 4 8 10	593 135 20 18 43 165 147 65	26 8 2 1 3 10 2	509 133 31 17 39 110 111 68	21 4 2 1 2 3 5
22 other counties Alpine Amador Calaveras Del Norte El Dorado Humboldt Inyo Lake	254 1 3 1 22 13 46 7	16 	240 12 1 4 7 33 6 8	14 	249 4 3 10 17 42 5 8	6 1 1

APPENDIX B-1-Continued

COUNTY OR AREA OF COMMITMENT

FELONS NEWLY RECEIVED FROM COURT 1961, 1962, and 1963

County or area of commitment	1	961	19	962	1'	963
•••••	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
22 other Counties—Continued						
Lassen	5		3	1	5	
Maripota	7		2	1	4	
Mendocino	14		14		13	
Modos	2		4		2	
Mono	3					
Monterey	31	3	52	4	51	
Nevada	17	2	18		16	1
Plumas	5	1 1	2	1 1	6	
San Benito	6		5		4	l
Santa Cruz	37	5	48	3 1	36	3
Sierra			1			l
Siskiyou	16		16	1 1	14	
Trinity	4		5	1 1	1	
Tuolumne	7		4		8	